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Vol. XCIII. No. 1,017.

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The Board of Trade Journal

Edited by the Commercial Department of the Board of Trade

MAY 25, 1916.

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STOCKS held at various Ports in the United Kingdom.

Managers for British Creosote Co., Ltd.
CREOSOTE OIL for Preserving Timber supplied in bulk from Stocks held at Grangemouth, Middlesboro', Hull and Manchester.
CARGOES of any size up to 8,000 tons can be loaded at short notice.

6

STAINLESS STEEL.

W.

THE

Board of Trade Journal.

Vol. XCIII.] May 25, 1916. [No. 1,017

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE BRANCH of the BOARD OF TRADE,

73, Basinghall Street, London, E.C.

TELEGRAMS { **"Advantage, Stock, London."** Code :—**5th Edition, A.B.C.** TELEPHONE { **London Wall 4713 (5 lines).**

32, Cheapside, London, E.C.

(*British Industries Fair and Foreign Samples Section.*)

TELEGRAMS { **"Shoforsamp, London."** Code :—**5th Edition, A.B.C.** { TELEPHONE: **City 2323.**

The objects and work of the Branch are described on p. 572.

Attention is called to the notice on p. 494 regarding the Exhibition at Liverpool, and the forthcoming Exhibitions at Birmingham and Manchester, of samples of "enemy" goods formerly sold in British and in certain other markets abroad.

Attention is also directed to the following samples which are on view at 73, Basinghall Street, E.C. :—

Samples.	Reference in "Board of Trade Journal." Date.	Page.
Fibre from Salvador	18th May, 1916	468
Fancy Trimmings of German manufacture	11th " "	326
Sequin Trimmings from Italy	11th " "	336
Madder Root from Flushing	27th Apr., "	249
Wheat of 1915-16 Season from Western Australia : Standard Sample	23rd Mar., "	902
Necktie for manufacturing which Machinery is required in Portugal	16th " "	760
Raw and Manufactured Baobab Fibre from Senegal... ...	2nd " "	662
Insulators, Iron Oxide, and Glass Lamp Chimney (German), sold in Brazil	17th Feb., "	447

Attention is also called to the following notices :—

Register of firms in the United Kingdom who may desire to receive **Confidential Information** relative to openings for trade 493
List of the **more important Articles** on trade subjects contained in **Foreign and Colonial Publications,** &c. received at the Commercial Intelligence Branch 568
List of **H.M. Trade Commissioners** in the Self-Governing Dominions 569

OPENINGS FOR BRITISH TRADE.

UNITED KINGDOM.

New Sources of Supply Required.

Since the outbreak of the war, applications have been received in the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade from a large number of firms in all parts of the United Kingdom who

Openings for British Trade.

UNITED KINGDOM—*continued.*

wish to get into communication with United Kingdom manufacturers or producers of various classes of goods which have previously been obtained from Germany and Austria-Hungary.

Applications from firms (A) at home, and (B) abroad, for the names of manufacturers or producers of the following (amongst other) articles have been recorded during the past week:—

A.

Asbestos metallic yarn, three-ply.
Boxes, tin, printed, for night lights.
Carpet beaters, cane.
Cartons, folding, for toilet preparations.
Cork and cork articles—
  Cork dust, for stuffing "Teddy" bears.
  Cork plates.
Drugs—
  Tayuya or Tagnia root.
Dyes, aniline, for soap—
  Dark brown, nut brown, maroon, purple, dark green, navy blue, and pink.
Frames, photographic printing, wooden.
Handles, bone and metal, for shaving brushes.
Hosiery—
  Half hose, white lisle thread, suitable for China trade.
  Singlets, for China trade.
Leather goods—
  Chamois leather pads.
Machinery for making press buttons.
Machinery for dating and stamping cans.
Mouldings, composition, for picture frames.
Mounts for umbrellas and walking sticks.
Parchment cuttings for parchment paste.
Pins, bobbin.
Pins, safety, cheap metal, for India.
Piping cord.
Purses.
Searchlights, acetylene.
Silk gauze.
Sodium permanganate.
Steel for manufacture of pen nibs.
Tar, Barbados.
Twines.
Whalebone, thin, used in hoods worn by Maltese women.
Yarns, mercerised, "twelve-twos" and "twenty-four-twos."

B.

Glass, plate (Norway).
Machinery for separating wood fibres from textile fibres (France).
Thimbles, steel (Italy).
Wire fasteners, for fancy vest buttons (United States).

* * * * *

Government Contracts: Trinity House.

Coal.

The Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade is notified that tenders are invited by the Corporation of Trinity House, London, E.C., for the supply of about 3,000 tons of *steam coal* of any of the following descriptions:—Nixon's Navigation, Harris' Deep Navigation, Hills' Plymouth Merthyr, Perrikyber, Rhymney Merthyr,

Openings for British Trade.

UNITED KINGDOM—*continued.*

Cyfarthfa, Hood's Merthyr, Ocean Merthyr, Dowlais Merthyr, Cwmaman Navigation, Powell Duffryn, Tredegar, and Elder's Navigation; about 525 tons of Scotch Navigation steam coal; and about 200 tons of best *house coal*, to be delivered in such quantities and at such times and places as may be required during the year ending 30th June, 1917.

Tenders on the proper forms, enclosed in envelopes marked "Tenders for Steam and House Coals, London District," should be addressed to the Secretary to the Corporation, as above, and delivered not later than 10 a.m. on Thursday, 8th June. Forms of tender may be *obtained* at Trinity House between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. on any day except Saturdays. (C.I.B. 20,027.)

✠ ✠ ✠ ✠ ✠

NOTICE TO EXPORTERS.

In reading the following notices of possible openings for United Kingdom goods abroad, regard should be had to the necessity for taking strict precautions against trading with the enemy—*see* notice to Importers and Exporters published on pp. 428-31 of the "Board of Trade Journal" of 18th May,—also to the restrictions on trading in certain goods and the special regulations in regard to trading with certain countries, which have been notified from time to time in the "Board of Trade Journal." References to the more important restrictions on trading are given below :—

Prohibited Exports.—See complete and revised list of prohibited exports on pp. 341-354 of the "Board of Trade Journal" of 11th May; the list is re-printed in the Supplement to the "Journal" of 18th May.

Licences to Export.—Applications for licences to export any goods the exportation of which is prohibited or restricted should be made to the War Trade Department, 4, Central Buildings, Westminster, London, S.W., except in the cases of goods contracted for with Allied Governments, and leather for French army boots, in which cases applications should be addressed to the Commission Internationale de Ravitaillement, India House, Kingsway, London, W.C. The grant of a licence to export goods does not relieve the owner or other person of responsibility for any breach of law.

War Material.—A list of goods which the Army Council and the Ministry of Munitions have declared to be "War Material," and for trading or negotiating in which permits are required, appeared on pp. 21-3 of the "Journal" of 6th April; see also pp. 166-7 of the "Journal" of 20th April; p. 359-60 of the "Journal" of 11th May; and p. 435 of the "Journal" of 18th May.

Re-exports to British Ports Oversea.—For arrangements as to these see p. 455 of the "Journal" of 17th February.

Enemy Firms in Foreign Countries.—The consolidated Statutory List of enemy firms in Foreign Countries with whom trading is prohibited appears on pp. 495-530 of this issue.

Openings for British Trade.

NOTICE TO EXPORTERS—*continued.*

Consignees in the Netherlands, Denmark, and Switzerland.—Arrangements have been made for the consignment of goods to special bodies in these countries, see notices in the "Board of Trade Journal" as follows:—

Netherlands.—p. 373, 6th May, 1915; pp. 17-18, 1st July, 1915; pp. 88-9, 14th October, 1915; and p. 447, 18th November, 1915.

Denmark.—p. 624, 2nd March; p. 937, 30th March; and p. 279, 4th May.

Switzerland.—pp. 806-7, 23rd December, 1915; p. 387, 10th February; pp. 455-6, 17th February; and p. 857, 23rd March.

Exports to Norway.—See notice on p. 530 on this issue.

Exports to Russia *viâ* Archangel and White Sea Ports.—See notice on p. 220 of the "Board of Trade Journal" of 27th April.

Exports to Switzerland, Spain and Italy *viâ* France.—See notice on pp. 382-5 of the "Board of Trade Journal" of 11th May.

Approved Consignees in China* and Siam.—See notices on p. 952 of the "Journal" of 30th September, 1915; and p. 434 of 18th May.

Approved Consignees in Liberia.—See notice on pp. 274-5 of the "Journal" of 4th May.

* * * * *

N.B.—With reference to the following notices relative to openings for trade in the Self-Governing Dominions and elsewhere abroad, it should be borne in mind that postage must be prepaid on all communications addressed to H.M. Trade Commissioners and the Imperial Trade Correspondents in the Dominions, and to H.M Consular Officers in foreign countries. Care should be taken to ensure correct stamping, particularly when catalogues are sent. Packages sent at reduced rates by the Printed and Commercial Papers Post should be sent open (see page 58 of the current issue of the Post Office Guide).

CANADA.

Spices.

H.M. Trade Commissioner in Canada (Mr. C. Hamilton Wickes) reports that a Toronto firm wishes to obtain agencies, on a commission basis, of London (U.K.) firms having branches in the East and West Indies which can ship *spices* thence to Toronto.

The name and address of the firm referred to may be obtained by London firms on application to the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade, 73, Basinghall Street, London, E.C. In making application the reference number (171) should be quoted.

(C.I.B. 19,489.)

* * * * *

* The Royal Proclamation prohibiting exports to China unless consigned to authorised persons or bodies of persons *does not apply to Hong Kong*, being a British Colony.

Openings for British Trade.

CANADA—*continued.*

The following enquiries have been received at the Canadian Trade Commissioner's Office, Portland House, Basinghall Street, London, E.C., *whence further information may be obtained*:— (C.I.B. 20,406.)

HOME ENQUIRY.

Canadian Shooks for Lobster Cases *wanted.*

A London firm wishes to obtain from Canadian manufacturers offers of 10,000 sets of shooks for lobster cases for export to South Africa, in one shipment. Quotations should be c.i.f. Cape Town.

CANADIAN ENQUIRIES.

Confectionery Sundries.

A Canadian manufacturing company, desirous of purchasing *confectionery sundries*, wishes to get into touch with a few London firms specialising in such lines.

Market sought for **Canadian Salted Codfish.**

An Eastern Canadian company in a position to export large quantities of dry salted codfish, &c., invites enquiries from United Kingdom buyers.

☛ *Note.*—For further information regarding any of the foregoing enquiries, application should be made to the Canadian Trade Commissioner's Office, Portland House, Basinghall Street, London, E.C.

AUSTRALIA.

The Imperial Trade Correspondent at Perth, W.A. (Mr. A. M. Oliphant) has forwarded copies of specifications and tender forms in connection with calls for tenders by the Deputy Postmaster-General, Perth, as follows:—

Wool and Rubber Insulated Wire.

(1) Up to 3 p.m. on 21st June,* for the supply and delivery of six miles of *wool-covered and india-rubber-covered wire.* (Schedule No. 509, W.A.)

Telegraph and Measuring Instruments.

(2) Up to 3 p.m. on 16th August,* for the supply and delivery of various *telegraph and measuring instruments*, including *resistance boxes, Morse sounders, switches, &c.* (Schedule No. 498, W.A.)

Copies of the specifications, conditions, and forms of tender, &c. may be *obtained* from the office of the Deputy Postmaster-General, Perth, W.A., where also tenders will be received up to the dates mentioned. Preliminary deposits may be paid at the offices of the High Commissioner in London for the Commonwealth of Australia, 72, Victoria Street, S.W.

* It will be observed that the time for the receipt of tenders is limited, and this intimation will therefore be of use only to firms having agents in Australia who can be instructed by cable.

Openings for British Trade.

AUSTRALIA—*continued.*

A deposit of 2 per cent. on amounts up to £500 is required with each tender. The minimum deposit is £2. The tenderer, if not resident in Australia, or if a company registered outside the Commonwealth, must name an agent in Australia to receive notifications of acceptance and other notices under the contract.

The above-mentioned copies of the specifications, &c. may be *consulted* by United Kingdom manufacturers of the goods mentioned at the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade, 73, Basinghall Street, London, E.C. (C.I.B. 19,226.)

The "Commonwealth Engineer" (Melbourne) of 1st April publishes the following particulars regarding contemplated public undertakings by various municipal authorities in the Commonwealth:—

Electric Lighting and Power Plant.

The municipal authorities of Barcaldine (Queensland) have agreed to apply for a loan of £6,000 in connection with the completion of the local electric lighting system.

The New South Wales Public Works Department propose installing a generating plant at Port Kembla. Wollongong is to be supplied with electric current, and it is proposed to extend the transmission line to Bowral, Moss Vale and Mittagong.

An electrical engineer of the New South Wales Public Works Department is preparing a report upon the electric lighting of the town of Singleton.

The installation of electricity in the town of Alexandria (Victoria) is being considered by the local council.

Material for Water Supply Works.

The State Rivers and Water Supply Commission has approved of a water supply scheme for Frankston, Mornington, Flinders naval base, and other places in the Mornington Peninsula (Victoria) from the Bunyip River. The cost of the undertaking is estimated at between £100,000 and £170,000.

Electric Tramway Material, &c.

The ratepayers of Port Adelaide (South Australia) have approved of the local council borrowing £12,000 for an electric tramway service, and for street improvements.

Grain Elevator Plant. See notice on p. 564.

SOUTH AFRICA.

The Imperial Trade Correspondent at Johannesburg (Lieut.-Col. C. A. C. Tremeer, D.S.O.) has forwarded copies of specifications, &c. in connection with calls for tenders by the South African Railways Administration, as follows:—

Horse Hair.

(1) For the supply and delivery of 9,280 lbs. of best *horse hair.* (Tender No. 712.) (C.I.B. 20,246.)

Openings for British Trade.

SOUTH AFRICA—*continued.*

Buffalo Hides.

(2) For the supply and delivery of 248 brown *buffalo hides* and 216 green *buffalo hides.* (Tender No. 711.) (C.I.B. 20,248.)

Copies of the specifications and forms of tenders may be *obtained* from the Secretary to the Tender Board, South African Railways Headquarters Offices, Johannesburg, at which address also sealed tenders will be received up to noon on 3rd July.*

A copy of each of the specifications and forms of tender may be *consulted* by United Kingdom exporters of the goods mentioned at the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade, 73, Basinghall Street, London, E.C.

FRANCE.

Machine Tools.

H.M. Consul at Lyons (Mr. E. R. E. Vicars) reports that a local agent desires to obtain agencies of United Kingdom manufacturers of *machine tools.*

United Kingdom manufacturers of machine tools, and exporters of U.K. goods, desirous of doing business in Lyons, may obtain the name and address of the enquirer on application to the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade, 73, Basinghall Street, London, E.C. In making application the reference number (172) should be quoted. (C.I.B. 19,788.)

SWITZERLAND.

H.M. Consul at Geneva (Mr. R. E. A. de Candolle) has furnished the following notes on openings for British trade in the Canton of Geneva (see also article on p. 541) :—

N.B.—Regard should be had to the restrictions on trading with Switzerland—see Notice to Exporters on pp. 485-6.

Ink.

A German brand of ink (the "Pelican") is largely sold in Geneva, and there seems no reason why United Kingdom firms should not enter this market.

Pencils.

A pencil factory has been started at Geneva in an endeavour to compete with German goods, but British-made pencils, if not too high in price, would also find a ready market.

Cheap Jewellery.

Pforzheim ware is largely sold in Geneva, so much so that an attempt is being made to manufacture this class of jewellery locally for export to India. Birmingham manufacturers, H.M. Consul suggests, could enter the market for this class of cheap jewellery.

* It will be observed that the time for the receipt of tenders is limited, and, owing to forms having to be obtained from South Africa, this intimation will be of use only to firms having agents in the Union who can be instructed by cable.

Openings for British Trade.

SWITZERLAND—*continued.*

Earthenware.

In dishes, &c., what is chiefly required is the cheaper class of all kinds of household earthenware for sale to the general public.

Fine Art Printing, &c.

German firms supply fine art printing, advertising articles, &c. and it is possible that British firms might be able to do some of this trade.

Typewriters.

Quite a number of German typewriters are sold in Geneva, but only one make of British-made typewriters is used locally.

Toys.

A manufacturer of toys with a small capital has commenced working in Geneva in order to compete with Nuremberg goods. British makers might be induced to compete in this line.

Tea.

The conditions for obtaining supplies of tea from London instead of Hamburg are favourable, and United Kingdom tea merchants should endeavour to obtain this trade.

Insurance Business.

Very few British insurance companies are represented in Geneva whereas numerous German companies are doing business in the Canton. (C. 14,249.)

PORTUGAL.

Material for Irrigation Works.

The "Diario do Governo" (Lisbon) of 11th May publishes the text of a Bill, presented to the Portuguese Senate, to authorise the Municipality of the Isle of Santo Antão to raise a loan to the amount of 50,000 escudos (about £7,100 at current rate of exchange) to be devoted to the construction of irrigation canals for agricultural purposes.

ITALY.

H.M. Consul at Milan (Mr. J. H. Towsey) reports the receipt of the following enquiries:—

Handkerchiefs; Lace; Textiles.

A local agent desires to take up agencies of United Kingdom manufacturers of *handkerchiefs*, *lace*, and *materials* for clothing and other textiles. (Reference No. 173.) *See Note† following, and also Notice to Exporters on pp.* 485-6. (C.I.B. 19,626.)

Chemical Products.

Another local agent desires to get into touch with United Kingdom manufacturers of *chemical products*, with a view to obtaining agencies. (Reference No. 174.) *See Note† following, and also Notice to Exporters on pp.* 485-6. (C.I.B. 19,627.)

Openings for British Trade.

ITALY—*continued.*

Colours; Paste; Gum, &c.

A local firm desires to obtain agencies of United Kingdom manufacturers of *dry and wet colours, paste, gum, articles for the tanning industry, and extracts for perfuming.* (*Reference No.* 175.) *See Note* † *following, and also Notice to Exporters on p.* 485.

(C.I.B. 20,100.)

Note†.—United Kingdom manufacturers of the goods mentioned, and exporters of U.K. goods, desirous of appointing agents in Milan, may obtain the names and addresses of the respective enquirers on application to the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade, 73, Basinghall Street, London, E.C. In making application the relative reference number should be quoted.

Electric Railway Material.

The "Gazzetta Ufficiale" (Rome) of 15th May publishes a Law granting a concession to the municipality of Rome for the construction and working of a normal gauge electric railway from the Piazza Venezia to Ostia Nuova.

Railway Material.

The same issue of the "Gazzetta" contains a further Law authorising the completion of the Aulla to Lucca railway, comprising the construction of the sections Castlenuovo di Garfagnana—Piazza al Serchio; Piazza al Serchio—Minucciano; Minucciano—Molino d'Aiola; and Molino d'Aiola—Monzone.

MOROCCO.

Building Materials; Agricultural Implements; Machinery.

See notice on p. 539.

NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES.

Articles in Demand.

H.M. Embassy at Washington calls attention to an article in a recent issue of "Commerce Reports" (Washington) giving the following list of goods in which increased trade with the Netherlands East Indies is possible :—

The Netherlands East Indies is a large market for *cotton cloth*, and a demand exists for many other articles, amongst which may be mentioned *corrugated and structural iron; tools, wire nails, hardware and tinware; rice, coffee and sugar mill machinery, sawmill and mining machinery; small gasoline and steam engines; motor cars; bicycles; phonographs; typewriters; watches and clocks; furniture; glassware; knitted underwear and hosiery; canned goods, preserves, condiments in glass; and drugs, paints and soap. See Notice to Exporters on pp.* 485-6.

(C. 15,311.)

Openings for British Trade.

REPUBLIC OF COLOMBIA.

Railway Material.

The "Diario Oficial" (Bogotá) of 25th March publishes a Decree reconstituting the Commission appointed to survey the projected Cúcuta-Rio Magdalena Railway (see p. 222 of the "Board of Trade Journal" of 27th January last), dividing it into two sections with three engineers in each, under the direction of the chief engineer. One of these sections will continue the survey of the route from Ocaña to Puerto Aráujo and the other will study the route from Ocaña to the Rio Magdalena. Both of the surveys are to be completed, if possible, before 31st December next.

SOUTHERN PATAGONIA.

Goods in Demand.

See notice on p. 538.

BRAZIL.

Cold Storage Plant.

See notice on p. 565.

URUGUAY.

School Construction Material and Equipment.

The "Diario Oficial" (Montevideo) of 8th April publishes a Decree authorising the Executive Power to invest the sum of 19,000 pesos (about £4,200 at current rate of exchange) in the construction of a school building in the town of San José.

ARGENTINA.

Plant and Material for Sewerage Works.

The "Boletin Oficial" (Buenos Aires) of 12th April publishes a Decree authorising the Argentine Sanitation Works Department to allot the sum of 50,000 pesos currency (about £4,380) for the survey and preparation of a scheme for the installation of a sewerage system in the town of Mendoza.

OPENINGS IN ALL COUNTRIES.

Confidential Information.

Firms in the United Kingdom desirous of receiving confidential information as to opportunities for the extension abroad of those branches of trade in which they are specially interested, and as to other connected matters, may, upon application, have their names placed on a Special Register at the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade.

The confidential information communicated to firms so registered relates mainly to openings for British trade abroad, and is received from His Majesty's Consular Officers in Foreign Countries, from His Majesty's Trade Commissioners and the Imperial Trade Correspondents in the British Dominions, and from the Board of Trade Correspondents in the Crown Colonies, supplemented by information from other sources available to the Commercial Intelligence Branch.

Firms inscribed on the Register may indicate the particular lines of trade to which the information to be sent to them should relate, and a classified list of subjects is sent to all applicants for registration with this object. During 1915, 849 separate circulars were issued (to the number of 383,888 copies) to firms on the Special Register interested in the particular branches of trade to which the circulars related.

The great volume of information distributed under this system has rendered it necessary to make a small charge for the service *which includes the regular supply of the weekly "Board of Trade Journal,"* and accordingly firms whose names are inscribed on the Register are required to pay an annual fee of One Guinea to the Accountant-General of the Board of Trade, Whitehall Gardens, London, S.W.

The "Journal" itself contains a large amount of information as to openings for British trade abroad and as to other matters of interest to British traders generally. Information published in it is not repeated by circular to firms whose names are on the Special Register; the confidential information communicated to the latter is confined to matters which, at the time, have not been published in the "Journal," or are not intended to be published at all.

Firms in the United Kingdom who wish to have their names inscribed on the Special Register should apply in writing to the Director of the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade, 73, Basinghall Street, London, E.C., for the necessary form of application.

N.B.—Admission to the Register, and retention upon it, are at the discretion of the Board of Trade.

EXHIBITIONS.

EXHIBITION AT LIVERPOOL OF SAMPLES OF GERMAN AND AUSTRIAN GOODS FROM ABROAD.

The collection of samples of German and Austrian goods made by the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade, which was exhibited last year at Leicester, Nottingham, Leeds and Glasgow, has since been increased by the addition of a number of samples subsequently obtained. The collection was recently exhibited at Sheffield, and is being exhibited this week at Liverpool.

The Liverpool Exhibition, which is being held in St. George's Hall, will close on Saturday, 27th May.

Forthcoming Exhibitions at Birmingham and Manchester.

The collection of samples referred to above will be exhibited at Birmingham from 23rd to 29th June, and at Manchester from 10th to 15th July. Further particulars regarding these Exhibitions will be announced as soon as arrangements are completed.

SAMPLE ROOMS AT GENOA FOR BRITISH GOODS.

The Secretary of the British Chamber of Commerce for Italy writes that sample show rooms have been established at the Chamber's new headquarters at 7, Via Carlo Felice, Genoa. The rooms are stated to be lofty and well adapted for the sample exhibition of British goods suitable for importation into Italy. As the available space is limited, firms who desire to exhibit are advised by the Chamber to apply forthwith for space, even if not in a position to send their exhibits at once. It is pointed out that exhibits should be selected with a special view to business after the war. Arrangements have been made with the Italian Government whereby exhibits for the show rooms will be admitted duty free for two years.

A few copies of a circular issued by the Chamber, giving further particulars regarding the show-rooms, terms for space, &c., are available for distribution to United Kingdom firms interested on application to the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade, 73, Basinghall Street, London, E.C. (C.I.B. 19,590.)

N.B.—It is very desirable that firms not already having agents at Genoa should appoint such competent to deal with enquiries arising from the exhibition of their samples. Firms desirous of appointing agents in Genoa should communicate with the Commercial Intelligence Branch.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE.

ENEMY FIRMS IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

Consolidated List of Enemy Firms with whom Trading is Prohibited.

BY THE KING.

A PROCLAMATION

PROHIBITING TRADING WITH CERTAIN PERSONS, OR BODIES OF PERSONS, OF ENEMY NATIONALITY OR ENEMY ASSOCIATION.

GEORGE R.I.

Whereas by the Trading with the Enemy (Extension of Powers) Act, 1915, it is enacted that We may, by Our Royal Proclamation, prohibit all persons or bodies of persons, incorporated or unincorporated, resident, carrying on business, or being in the United Kingdom, from trading with any persons or bodies of persons even though not resident or carrying on business in enemy territory or in territory in the occupation of the enemy (other than persons or bodies of persons, incorporated or unincorporated, residing or carrying on business solely within Our Dominions) wherever by reason of the enemy nationality or enemy association of such persons or bodies of persons, incorporated or unincorporated, it appears to Us expedient so to do:

And whereas by Our Proclamations of the 29th day of February and the 26th day of April, 1916—called the Trading with the Enemy (Statutory List) Proclamations, 1916—We prohibited persons and bodies of persons, incorporated or unincorporated, resident, carrying on business or being in the United Kingdom, from trading as therein mentioned with certain persons mentioned in the List issued with Our Proclamation of the 29th day of February, 1916:

And whereas under the power in that behalf given by Section 1, sub-section (2) of the said Act variations in and additions to such List have been made by subsequent Orders of Council:

And whereas it is desirable to restate and consolidate the prohibitions contained in such former Proclamations and to consolidate the List issued with Our Proclamation of the 29th day of February, 1916, with the variations therein and additions thereto made by such subsequent Orders of Council and for that purpose to revoke such Proclamations, and to substitute this Proclamation therefor:

And whereas it appears to Us expedient to prohibit all persons or bodies of persons, incorporated or unincorporated, resident,

carrying on business, or being in the United Kingdom, from trading with any of the persons or bodies of persons mentioned in the list hereunder written, by reason of the enemy nationality or enemy association of such last-mentioned persons or bodies of persons:

Now, therefore, We have thought fit, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, to issue this Our Royal Proclamation declaring, and it is hereby declared, as follows:—

1. The Proclamations of the 29th day of February (with the variations and additions made to the List therein contained by subsequent Orders of Council), and the 26th day of April, 1916—called the Trading with the Enemy (Statutory List) Proclamations, 1916—are hereby as from the date hereof revoked and from the date hereof this Proclamation is substituted therefor.

2. All persons or bodies of persons, incorporated or unincorporated, resident, carrying on business, or being in the United Kingdom are hereby prohibited from trading with any of the persons or bodies of persons mentioned in the list hereunder written, which list, with such variations therein or additions thereto as may be made by any Order made by the Lords of the Council on the recommendation of a Secretary of State under the power in that behalf given by Section 1, sub-section (2) of the Trading with the Enemy (Extension of Powers) Act, 1915, shall be called, and is hereinafter referred to as, the Statutory List, and the Statutory List hereunder written shall as from the date hereof supersede and be in substitution for the Statutory List issued with Our Proclamation of the 29th day of February, 1916, as varied and added to by the Orders of Council making variations therein and additions thereto.

3. For the purposes of this Proclamation a person shall be deemed to have traded with a person or body of persons mentioned in the Statutory List if he enters into any transaction or does any act with, to, on behalf of, or for the benefit of, any such person or body of persons which if entered into or done with, to, on behalf of, or for the benefit of, an enemy would be trading with the enemy, and accordingly Our Proclamation relating to Trading with the Enemy, of the ninth day of September, nineteen hundred and fourteen, as amended by any subsequent Proclamation, shall apply with respect to the persons or bodies of persons mentioned in the Statutory List as if for references in such Proclamations to enemies there were substituted references to the persons and bodies of persons mentioned in the Statutory List, and for references to the dates of the said Proclamations, and the outbreak of war, there were substituted references to the date of this Proclamation or in respect of any person or body of persons hereafter added to the Statutory List the date of the Order adding him or them to the Statutory List.

4. The provisions of the Trading with the Enemy Acts, 1914 to 1916, and of the Customs (War Powers) Acts, 1915 and 1916, and all other enactments relating to Trading with the Enemy,

shall, subject to such exceptions and adaptations as are prescribed by Order in Council of even date herewith or as may be prescribed by any Order in Council hereafter to be issued, apply in respect of the persons and bodies of persons mentioned in the Statutory List, as if for references in such enactments to trading with the enemy there were substituted references to trading with the persons and bodies of persons mentioned in the Statutory List, and for references to enemies there were substituted references to the persons and bodies of persons mentioned in the Statutory List, and for references to offences under the Trading with the Enemy Acts, 1914 to 1916, or any of those Acts, there were substituted references to offences under the Trading with the Enemy (Extension of Powers) Act, 1915.

5. Nothing in this Proclamation shall be taken to prohibit:—

(*a*) Any person or body of persons, incorporated or unincorporated, resident, carrying on business, or being in the United Kingdom who is engaged in any non-enemy country in the business of insurance from carrying on in that country such business (other than the business of Marine Insurance or of the insurance against fire or any other risk of goods or merchandise during transit from shipper's or manufacturer's warehouse, until deposited in warehouse on the termination of the transit, if any part of the transit is by sea), with or through the agency of any of the persons or bodies of persons mentioned in the Statutory List;

(*b*) Any person or body of persons, incorporated or unincorporated, resident, carrying on business, or being in the United Kingdom who is engaged in working any Railway or other service of Public Utility in any non-enemy country under any Charter, Grant, or Concession made by the Government of, or by any Provincial or Municipal Authority in, any such country from trading with any of the persons or bodies of persons mentioned in the Statutory List, so far only as is necessary to enable the person or body of persons engaged in working such Railway or other service of Public Utility to comply with or fulfil the obligations or conditions of the Charter, Grant, or Concession under which the working of the Railway or other service of Public Utility is carried on; or

(*c*) Any person or body of persons, incorporated or unincorporated, resident, carrying on business, or being in the United Kingdom from entering into any transaction or doing any act which shall be permitted by Our Licence or by any Licence given on Our behalf by a Secretary of State or by any person authorised in that behalf by a Secretary of State whether such Licence be specially granted to an individual or be announced as applying to classes of persons.

6. This Proclamation shall be called "The Trading with the Enemy (Statutory List) Proclamation, 1916, No. 3."

Government Notices affecting Trade.

STATUTORY LIST.

AFRICA.

MOROCCO.*

29 Feb., 1916. Abdeluhab Asharuel, Arzila.
29 Feb., 1916. Abdelwahab, Tazzi (Tazi), Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Abdeslam El Amri Zailachi, Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Abdeslam El Hossein, Tetuan.
29 Feb., 1916. Abdeslam Harrak, Alcazar.
29 Feb., 1916. Abithol, Moses, & Sons, Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Ali Ben El Hadj, Arzila.
29 Feb., 1916. Allah Boujnah, Alcazar.
29 Feb., 1916. Amar, Mesod J., Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Beniflah, Elias, Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Benros, Isaac, Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Bensabat, Jacob, Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Bensheton, Moses, Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Brandt & Toel, Marrakash.
29 Feb., 1916. Cohen, Simon & David, Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Cohen, Simon & Joseph, Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. El Ayashi El Bakkali, Arzila.
29 Feb., 1916. Eljarret, Saloman, Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Essoudry, Samuel, Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Hadj Mailoud El Soussi, Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Hadj Mohamed Ben Abdullah, Alcazar.
29 Feb., 1916. Hemed Ben El Hashmi, Arzila.
29 Feb., 1916. Hemed El Mzanzi, Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Houssain El Soussi, Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Huss, Reichardt (Ricardo), Arzila.
16 Mar., 1916. Jahn (or Yahn) & Toledano, Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Kell, J., & Company, Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Mohammed Bakkali, Tetuan.
29 Feb., 1916. Mohammed Ben El Hashmi, Arzila.
29 Feb., 1916. Mohammed Ben El Sherti, Arzila.
29 Feb., 1916. Mohammed Ben Hisu, Arzila.
29 Feb., 1916. Mohammed El Hababi, Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Mohammed El Mudden, Tetuan.
29 Feb., 1916. Mohammed Lebady, Tetuan.
29 Feb., 1916. Mohammed Sherti, Tetuan.
29 Feb., 1916. Mohammed Sid Mokhtar, Arzila.
29 Feb., 1916. Mokluf, Sabbag, & Company, Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Moryusef, Fortunate S., Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Mose El Jarrat, Alcazar.
29 Feb., 1916. Muyal, Isaac & M., Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Oldenburg Line.
29 Feb., 1916. Pariente, Hermanos, Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Pariente, Moses J., Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Renschausen, A., & Company, Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Rohner, Werner, Laraiche.
29 Feb., 1916. Saeger & Woerner, Laraiche.

* See Note on p. 527.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

29 Feb., 1916. Steinkampf, H., Alcazar.
29 Feb., 1916. Taib Mohammed, Tetuan.
29 Feb., 1916. Tornow, Max & Son, Tetuan.
29 Feb., 1916. Ulad Sid Mokhtar, Arzila.

PORTUGUESE EAST AFRICA.*

7 Apr., 1916. Almeida, Porto Amelia; Palma and Ibo.
7 Apr., 1916. Arabi Moosa, Porto Amelia; Palma and Ibo.
29 Feb., 1916. Becker, E., Beira.
29 Feb., 1916. Behrens, H., Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Bettman & Kupfer (East African Agency), Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Bosselmann, C., Beira.
29 Feb., 1916. Bredenkamp, Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Bruckmann, Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Cruz, Alipio, Francesco.
29 Feb., 1916. Da Souza, Luiz Moreira, Palma; Ibo, and Porto Amelia.
29 Feb., 1916. De Sousa, Bismark, Palma; Ibo, and Porto Amelia.
29 Feb., 1916. Dencks, Alexander, Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Deuss, Ludwig, & Company, Chinde, Tete, and Quelimane.
16 Mar., 1916. Deuss, Paul.
29 Feb., 1916. Deutsche Ost-Afrika Gesellschaft.
29 Feb., 1916. Deutsche Ost-Afrika Linie.
29 Feb., 1916. Felgenhauer (alias Ferguson), I. C., Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Fellman, H., Quelimane.
29 Feb., 1916. Ferguson, I. C., (alias Felgenhauer), Lourenço Marques.
2 May, 1916. Ferreira, C. A., Chinde.
29 Feb., 1916. Ferreira, Joaquim, Quelimane.
29 Feb., 1916. Figuereido, Antonio, Palma; Ibo, and Porto Amelia.
29 Feb., 1916. Frankel Jacob, Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Fuchs, Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Grothkop, H., Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Haberer & Company.
7 Apr., 1916. Habib, Jacob, Porto Amelia; Palma and Ibo.
29 Feb., 1916. Herz & Schaberg.
29 Feb., 1916. Hueffer, A., Quelimane.
29 Feb., 1916. Hoffman, Hugo, Lourenço Marques
29 Feb., 1916. Hoffman, Oswald.
29 Feb., 1916. Houben, Walter, Beira.
29 Feb., 1916. Hupfer, Beira.
7 Apr., 1916. Ismail Juma, Porto Amelia; Palma and Ibo.
29 Feb., 1916. Jung Lenz & Company.
29 Feb., 1916. Koch, J. H., Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Krutzfeldt, H. G., Lourenço Marques.

* See Note on p. 527.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

29 Feb., 1916. Kunsti, T., Ibo.
29 Feb., 1916. Limbrock, H., Tete.
29 Feb., 1916. Linder, F., Ibo.
29 Feb., 1916. Loeffelbein, F., Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Marcus & Harting.
16 Mar., 1916. Mebel, Beira.
29 Feb., 1916. Neider, P., & Company, Ibo.
29 Feb., 1916. Neidner, Paul, Palma; Ibo and Porto Amelia.
29 Feb., 1916. Oldenburg, E., Palma; Ibo and Porto Amelia.
29 Feb., 1916. Orenstein, Arthur, Koppel.
29 Feb., 1916. Pechner, H., Beira.
29 Feb., 1916. Petersen, R. H., Quelimane.
29 Feb., 1916. Philippi, William, & Company.
29 Feb., 1916. Piel, Albert, Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Porst, Kurt., Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Ragchand Premchand, Mozambique.
29 Feb., 1916. Ranchodas Oda, Palma, Ibo and Porto Amelia.
29 Feb., 1916. Ressmann, I., Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Reuter, Dr., Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Rewald, Martin, Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Ribeiro, Antonio Franciso, Beira.
29 Feb., 1916. Rolfes, Herman, Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Rolfes, Karl, Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Rolfes, Nebel, & Company, Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Rosendorf, Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Sambado, Antonio Marques, Mozambique; Santa Maria; Palma; Ibo and Porto Amelia.
29 Feb., 1916. Schnutz, H., Tete.
29 Feb., 1916. Schreiber, Béira.
2 May, 1916. Serrinha, J. A., Limitada, Chinde.
29 Feb., 1916. Siemsen, T., Béira.
29 Feb., 1916. Springhorn, C., Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Steyn, Kuhn, Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Stuben & Company.
29 Feb., 1916. Stuhldreier, Palma; Ibo and Porto Amelia.
7 Apr., 1916. Villa Major, A. F., Lourenço Marques.
16 Mar., 1916. Villardo, Ricarto, Béira.
29 Feb., 1916. Vogel, W., Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Vogler, W., Sena.
29 Feb., 1916. Wandschneider, Theodor, Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Wiese, Carl, Lourenço Marques.
29 Feb., 1916. Woernher, Fritz, Inhambane.
29 Feb., 1916. Woernher, Rudolf, Inhambane.

AMERICA.

ARGENTINA AND URUGUAY.

24 Mar., 1916. Allgemeine Electricitäts Gesellschaft.
14 Apr., 1916. Austra-American Steamship Company.
24 Mar., 1916. Barth, Eugenio, & Company, Montevideo, Uruguay.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

24 Mar., 1916. Bernitt, Rodolfo (partner of Dorner & Bernitt), Misiones 1472, Montevideo, Uruguay.
14 Apr., 1916. Boker & Company, Argentina.
24 Mar., 1916. Bonino, E., & Schroeder, E. A., Misiones, 1467, Montevideo, Uruguay.
24 Mar., 1916. Bottini, Oscar, Calle Cerropany, Montevideo, Uruguay and Argentina.
24 Mar., 1916. Brauss, Mahn, & Company, Reconquista, 80, Buenos Aires, Argentina, and Uruguay.
14 Apr., 1916. Bromberg & Company, Calle Moreno 401, Buenos Aires, Argentina. .
16 Mar., 1916. Bunge, Ernesto A., & Born, J., B. Mitre, 226, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
18 May, 1916. Cassini & Company, Calle Cangallo, 840, Buenos Aires.
24 Mar., 1916. Clarfeld, Federico, & Company, Montevideo, Uruguay and Argentina.
24 Mar., 1916. Clausen & Company, Misiones, esq. Piedras, Uruguay.
14 Apr., 1916. Curt, Berger & Company, Calle 25 de Mayo, 382-392; Calle Corrientes, 344, and Colo, 1384, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
24 Mar., 1916. Delfino, A. M., & Hermano, Calle Sarmiento, 442-448, Buenos Aires.
24 Mar., 1916. Dorner & Bernitt, Misiones, 1472, Montevideo, Uruguay.
24 Mar., 1916. Dorner, Arturo (partner of Dorner and Bernitt), Uruguay.
2 May, 1916. Florencio Martinez de Hoz & Company, Calle Reconquista, 43, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
14 Apr., 1916. Funck, Ph., & Company, Calle Upsallata, 1056, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
24 Mar., 1916. Gasmotorenfabrik Deutz,, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
24 Mar., 1916. German Coal Depôt Company (Deutsches Kohlen Depôt).
24 Mar., 1916. Hamburg-American Steamship Company.
24 Mar., 1916. Hamburg-South American Steamship Company.
24 Mar., 1916. Hansa Line.
24 Mar., 1916. Hardt, Engelbert, & Company.
24 Mar., 1916. Hardt, E. and W., & Company.
16 Mar., 1916. Hardy, E., & Company (formerly Hardy & Mühlenkamp), Buenos Aires and Rosario, Argentina.
14 Apr., 1916. Hasenclever & Company, Calle Belgrano, 673, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
14 Apr., 1916. Heinlein & Company, Av. de Mayo, 1402, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
24 Mar., 1916. Kropp & Company, Buenos Aires, Argentina; Montevideo, Uruguay.
24 Mar., 1916. Lagemann, F., & Company, Montevideo, Uruguay.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

24 Mar., 1916. Lahusen & Company, Castilla, 51, and Defensa, 522, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
24 Mar., 1916. Lasker & Company, Corrientes, 534, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
24 Mar., 1916. Marquez, José C. (partner of Dorner and Bernitt), Uruguay.
2 May, 1916. Martinez de Hoz Brothers, Calle Belgrano, 554, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
18 May, 1916. Mitau & Grether, Calle Cangallo, 840, Buenos Aires.
24 Mar., 1916. North German Lloyd.
24 Mar., 1916. Orenstein & Koppel, Argentina.
24 Mar., 1916. Osten & Company, Rondeau, 303, Montevideo, Uruguay.
14 Apr., 1916. Pintos, Domingo, Argentina.
14 Apr., 1916. Quincke, Ernesto, Montevideo, Uruguay.
24 Mar., 1916. Rabe, Walder & Company, Misiones, 1373, Montevideo, Uruguay.
24 Mar., 1916. Rabe, Margarita N. de (partner of Rabe Walder and Company).
24 Mar., 1916. Rabe, Otto (partner of Rabe Walder & Company).
24 Mar., 1916. Raplmeyer, C. C. (partner of Clausen & Company), Uruguay.
24 Mar., 1916. Rhodius & Company, Castilla, 224, & Ribadavia, 842, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
24 Mar., 1916. Roehrs, E., & Company, 195, San Martin, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
18 May, 1916. Sassoli, A., Buenos Aires.
2 May, 1916. Schelp & Schelp, Calle Bartolome Mitre, 1123, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
14 Apr., 1916. Siemens Schuckert Companies, Calle Bernardo Irigoyen, 330, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
14 Apr., 1916. Sociedad Anonima Argentina Hidraulica Agricola, Argentina.
14 Apr., 1916. Societa Anonima Transporti de Mestre, Argentina.
24 Mar., 1916. Staudt & Company, Argentina and Uruguay.
18 May, 1916. Sternberg, H., Junior, & Company, Calle Cangallo, 840, Buenos Aires.
24 Mar., 1916. Strothbaum, Felix (partner of Clausen & Company), Uruguay.
24 Mar., 1916. Strothbaum, Gmo. (partner of Clausen and Company), Uruguay.
14 Apr., 1916. Svensson, Ohlson & Company, Cerrito, 36, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
14 Apr., 1916. Tribe, N. T., Conesa, 1830, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
24 Mar., 1916. Velasquez, Pedro, Uruguay.
24 Mar., 1916. Vilmar, Rimplar & Company, Defensa, 569-571, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

24 Mar., 1916. Wagenknecht & Company, Cerro Largo, 791, Montevideo, Uruguay.
24 Mar., 1916. Walder, Enrique (partner of Rabe Walker & Company), Uruguay.
18 May, 1916. Warburg & Goldschmidt, Calle Bartolome Mitre, 1265, Buenos Aires.
16 Mar., 1916. Weil Hermanos & Company, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
14 Apr., 1916. Wolff, Buchholz & Company, Calle 25 de Mayo, 179, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

BRAZIL.

2 May, 1916. Albuquerque, Antonio de, Para.
24 Mar., 1916. Arp & Company, Rua do Onvidor, 102, Rio de Janeiro.
14 Apr., 1916. Barza & Company, Pernambuco.
24 Mar., 1916. Bayer, Friedrich, & Company, Travessa Santa Rita, 22-24, Rio de Janeiro.
24 Mar., 1916. Behrmann & Company, Rua das Princezas, Bahia.
24 Mar., 1916. Bellingrodt & Meyer, Rua São Pedro, 70, Rio de Janeiro.
24 Mar., 1916. Berringer & Company, Para.
24 Mar., 1916. Böckmann, A., & Company, Rua do Apollo, 28, Pernambuco.
14 Apr., 1916. Borstelmann & Company, Pernambuco and Maceio.
2 May, 1916. Brando, Viuva Carlos, & Company, Florianopolis.
24 Mar., 1916. Bromberg & Company, Bahia, Porto Alegre, Sao Paulo, Rio de Janeiro, Santos, and Rio Grande do Sul.
24 Mar., 1916. Bromberg, Hacker & Company, Bahia, Porto Alegre, Sao Paulo, Rio de Janeiro, Santos, and Rio Grande do Sul.
18 May, 1916. Carioca, Manoel Vicente, Manaos.
24 Mar., 1916. Casa Allema (Wagner, Schadlich and Company), Rua 15 de Novembro, Santos; Rua Direita, 18, Sao Paulo.
24 Mar., 1916. Companhia Commercial, Victoria.
24 Mar., 1916. Costa Almeida, M., Rua do Rosario, 17, Sao Paulo; Rio de Janeiro.
24 Mar., 1916. Costa Ferreira & Company, Rua Sao de Bento, 77, Sao Paulo.
14 Apr., 1916. Da Precedta, A. Alves (partner of Fonseca & Company), Para and Rio de Janeiro.
24 Mar., 1916. Dannemann & Company, Sao Felix, Bahia.
24 Mar., 1916. Dauch & Company, Rua Frei Gasper, 16, Santos.
18 May, 1916. Deffner & Company, Manaos.
18 May, 1916. Diaz Garcia & Company, Rua General Camara, 39/43, Rio de Janeiro.
24 Mar., 1916. Diebold & Company, Rua Santo Antonio, 56, Santos.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

24 Mar., 1916. Domschke & Company, Rua das Princezas, Bahia.
24 Mar., 1916. Engel, Fritz, Rio Grande do Sul.
24 Mar., 1916. Engelhardt, Carlos, Rio Grande do Sul.
18 May, 1916. Ferreira, J. G., Rio de Janeiro.
24 Mar., 1916. Fischer, Christiano, Rua Marechal Floriano, 73, Porto Alegre.
24 Mar., 1916. Fonseca & Company (Coal Merchants), Para.
14 Apr., 1916. Fonseca, Abilio (partner of Fonseca & Company), Para.
24 Mar., 1916. Fraeb & Company, Rua 7 de Setembro No. 90, Porto Alegre; Rio Grande do Sul.
24 Mar., 1916. Friedrichs & Timmans, Rua dos Droguistas, Bahia.
24 Mar., 1916. Gasmotorenfabrik Deutz, Avenida Rio Branco, 11, Rio de Janeiro; Rua Floriano Peixoto, 11, Pernambuco.
24 Mar., 1916. Griesbach, Max, Para.
14 Apr., 1916. Hasenclever & Company, Rio de Janeiro; Rua L. Badaro, 70, Sao Paulo.
24 Mar., 1916. Hoepcke, Carl, & Company, Florianopolis, Santa Catharina.
24 Mar., 1916. Hoffman, Rudolf, W. H., Para.
24 Mar., 1916. Jannowitzer Wahle & Company, Rua de Candelaria, 49, Rio de Janeiro; San Pedro, 34, Sao Paulo.
24 Mar., 1916. Krause, Irmaos & Company (Krause Brothers), Para; Maranham; Manaos; and Pernambuco.
24 Mar., 1916. Landy, Carlos von, Rua Barão do Triumpho, 35A, Pernambuco.
24 Mar. 1916. Lemcke, Carlos & Company, Porto Alegre.
18 May, 1916. Lobo, Manaos.
2 May, 1916. Louro Linhares, Florianopolis.
24 Mar., 1916. Magnus, James, & Company, Rua Sao Pedro, 96, Rio de Janeiro.
14 Apr., 1916. Meyer, Irmaos & Company, Rua Sete de Setembro, 165, Porto Alegre.
14 Apr., 1916. Monteiro, J. A., & Company, Rua de Candelaria, 49, Rio de Janeiro.
14 Apr., 1916. Moreira, Julie Ceser, Rio de Janeiro.
24 Mar., 1916. Noronha, Carlos de, Rua General Camara, 22, Rio de Janeiro.
24 Mar., 1916. Ohliger & Company, Manaos.
24 Mar., 1916. Ornstein & Company, Rua Sao Pedro, 9, Rio de Janeiro.
14 Apr., 1916. Ottens, K. J., Bahia.
24 Mar., 1916. Overbeck, W., Rua das Princezas, Bahia.
24 Mar., 1916. Poock & Company, Bahia.
18 May, 1916. Pradez, Pierre, Rio de Janeiro and Santos.
24 Mar., 1916. Pralow & Company, Para and Manaos.
24 Mar., 1916. Rombauer & Company, Rua Visconde de Inhauma, 84, Rio de Janeiro.
18 May, 1916. Rosa Neves & Company, Florianopolis.
18 May, 1916. Schlee, Philip, Manaos.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

24 Mar., 1916. Schneider & Company, Rua Voluntarios de Patria, 40/42, Porto Alegre.
24 Mar., 1916. Schoenn, Roberto, & Company, Rua Quitanda, 147, Rio de Janeiro.
24 Mar., 1916. Scholz, Manaos.
18 May, 1916. Seligmann & Company, Para.
24 Mar., 1916. Semper & Company, Manaos.
24 Mar., 1916. Sinner, Alfredo, Rio de Janeiro and Santos.
14 April, 1916. Solheiro, Luiz (partner of Fonseca & Company), Para.
18 May, 1916. Steinman, Emilio A., Manaos.
18 May, 1916. Strassberger, E., & Company, Manaos.
24 Mar., 1916. Studer, J., & Company, Rua das Princezas, 20, Bahia.
24 Mar., 1916. Suerdieck & Company, Rua das Princezas, Bahia.
24 Mar., 1916. Teltscher & Company, Rua 7 de Setembro No. 122, Porto Alegre.
24 Mar., 1916. Trommel, A., & Company, Praca Tellas, 11, Santos; Rua Alvares Penteado, Sao Paulo.
24 Mar., 1916. Urban, Eugen, & Company, Rua Conselheiro Saraiva, 30, Rio de Janeiro; Rua Santo Antonio, 63, Santos.
24 Mar., 1916. Vasconcelles, José de, & Company, Pernambuco.
24 Mar., 1916. Vianna, Elyseo, Rua 15 de Novembro, Pernambuco.
24 Mar., 1916. Wagner, Schadlich & Company (Casa Allema), Santos and Sao Paulo.
24 Mar., 1916. Whitaker, Ernesto, & Company, Santos.
24 Mar., 1916. Wille, Theodor, & Company, Sao Paulo; Rio de Janeiro and Santos.

CHILE.

18 May, 1916. Compania Salitrera Alemana, Taltal.
2 May, 1916. Curtze, Walter, Punta Arenas.
2 May, 1916. Daube & Company, Prat 8, Valparaiso; Santiago; Concepcion and Antofagasta.
2 May, 1916. Fölsch & Company, Casilla, 16A, Valparaiso.
2 May, 1916. Gildemeister & Company.
2 May, 1916. Hardt, E. and W., & Company.
18 May, 1916. Lange & Company, Casilla 953, Valparaiso.
2 May, 1916. Luck, Winkelhagen & Company, Valparaiso.
2 May, 1916. Manns, Ernesto, Punta Arenas.
2 May, 1916. Reitze, Leopold, & Company, Valparaiso.
2 May, 1916. Schultz, Ricardo, and Company, 8, Coquimbo, Concepcion, Valparaiso.
2 May, 1916. Sloman, H. B., & Company, Tocopilla.
2 May, 1916. Stubenrauch, R., Punta Arenas.
2 May, 1916. Trede, H., Punta Arenas.
2 May, 1916. Vorwerk & Company, Prat, 231–239, Valparaiso.
2 May, 1916. Weber & Company, Santiago and Valparaiso.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

CUBA.

14 Apr., 1916. Barba, Vicente, Cuba and Porto Rico.
14 Apr., 1916. Berndes, J. F., & Company, Cuba Street, 64, Havana
14 Apr., 1916. Eppinger, Albert, Havana.
14 Apr., 1916. Heilbut & Company, Havana.
14 Apr., 1916. Michaelsen & Prasse, Obrapia, 18, Havana.
14 Apr., 1916. Paetzold, M., & Company, Havana.
18 May, 1916. Seeler, Pi, & Company, Obrapia, 16, Havana.
14 Apr., 1916. Tillman, M., & Company, Havana.
14 Apr., 1916. Toennies, H., Havana.
14 Apr., 1916. Upmann, H., & Company, Amargura, 1, and Mercaderes, 34, Havana.

ECUADOR.

14 Apr., 1916. Bartels, Carlos, & Company, Bahia de Caráquez.
14 Apr., 1916. Bartels, Carlos, (Partner of Carlos Bartels & Company), Bahia de Caráquez.
14 Apr., 1916. Bartels, Guillermo, (Partner of Carlos Bartels & Company), Bahia de Caráquez.
14 Apr., 1916. Becdach, Hermanos, Quito and Guayaquil.
14 Apr., 1916. Becdach, Kamal, (Partner of Becdach, Hermanos), Quito and Guayaquil.
14 Apr. 1916. Becdach, Rene (Partner of Becdach, Hermanos), Quito and Guayaquil.
14 Apr., 1916. Behreint, Frederick, Manta and Bahia de Caráquez.
24 Mar., 1916. Borchert, W., (Partner of Jeremias & Borchert), Guayaquil.
24 Mar., 1916. Bunge, Julio, (Partner of Guillermo Kaiser), Guayaquil.
14 Apr., 1916. Castro, Allen, Guayaquil.
14 Apr., 1916. Dassum, Mustafa, Guayaquil.
24 Mar., 1916. Dehmlow, Alfred, (Partner of Kruger & Company), Guayaquil.
14 Apr., 1916. Dierks, Hugo, (Partner of Otte & Company), Bahia and Caráquez.
14 Apr., 1916. Donner & Blackett, Manta and Porto Viejo.
14 Apr., 1916. Donner, Roberto, (Partner of Donner & Blackett), Manta and Porto Viejo.
24 Mar., 1916. Duve, Federico, (Partner of Kruger & Company) Guayaquil.
24 Mar., 1916. Enrich, Miguel, Guayaquil.
14 Apr., 1916. Flemming & Schnabel, Bahia de Caràquez.
14 Apr., 1916. Flemming, George, Bahia de Caràquez.
14 Apr., 1916. Gleschen, Carlos, (of Tagua Handels Gesellschaft, Manta Branch).
24 Mar., 1916. Grim, Juan, (Partner of Adolfo Poppe), Guayaquil.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

24 Mar., 1916. Grimmer, Karl, (Partner of Kruger & Company), Guayaquil.
24 Mar., 1916. Guzman, L. é Hijos, Guayaquil.
14 Apr., 1916. Haas, Max, (of Tagua Handells Gesellschaft, Esmeraldas Branch).
14 Apr., 1916. Harnack, H., (of Tagua Handels Gesellschaft, Bahia de Caràquez Branch).
24 Mar., 1916. Heinert, Leonard, Guayaquil.
14 Apr., 1916. Hinnaoui Hermanos, Guayaquil.
14 Apr., 1916. Hinnaoui, Arif (or Aref), (Partner of Hinnaoui Hermanos), Guayaquil.
14 Apr., 1916. Hinnaoui, Azat (or Azzet) (Partner of Hinnaoui Hermanos), Guayaquil.
14 Apr., 1916. Hinnaoui, Fuad, (Partner of Hinnaoui Hermanos), Guayaquil.
14 Apr., 1916. Jalil, C., Hermanos, Bahia de Caráquez.
14 Apr., 1916. Jalil, Cecilio, (Partner of C. Jalil Hermanos), Bahia de Caráquez.
14 Apr., 1916. Jalil, Jorge, (Partner of C. Jalil Hermanos), Bahia de Caráquez.
14 Apr., 1916. Jalil Manuel, (Partner of C. Jalil Hermanos), Bahia de Caráquez.
24 Mar., 1916. Jeremias & Borchert, Guayaquil.
24 Mar., 1916. Jeremias L., (Partner of Jeremias & Borchert), Guayaquil
24 Mar., 1916. Jungnickel & Loose, Guayaquil.
24 Mar., 1916. Jungnickel, W., (Partner of Jungnickel & Loose), Guayaquil.
24 Mar., 1916. Kaiser, Guillermo, Guayaquil.
24 Mar., 1916. Koppel, Samuel, Guayaquil.
24 Mar., 1916. Kruger & Company, Guayaquil.
24 Mar., 1916. Kruger, Juan H., (Partner of Kruger & Company), Guayaquil.
24 Mar., 1916. Loose, (Partner of Jungnickel & Loose), Guayaquil.
14 Apr., 1916. Lopez, Romulo G., Guayaquil.
24 Mar., 1916. Luders, Carlos, Guayaquil.
14 Apr., 1916. Malheur & Company, Manta.
14 Apr., 1916. Maydoub & Ramadan, Ambato.
14 Apr., 1916. Maydoub, Amin, (Partner of Maydoub & Ramadan), Ambato.
14 Apr., 1916. Miketa, Rodolfo, (Partner of Otte & Company), Bahia de Caráquez.
24 Mar., 1916. Moller, Herman, (Partner of Rickert & Company), Guayaquil.
14 Apr., 1916. Moreira, Nicanor, Manta.
14 Apr., 1916. Otte & Company, Bahia de Caráquez.
14 Apr., 1916. Otte, Carlos, & Company, Manta.
14 Apr., 1916. Patrel, J., & Hermanos, Bahia de Caráquez.
14 Apr., 1916. Patrel, Juan, (Partner of J. Patrel & Hermanos), Bahia de Caráquez.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

14 Apr., 1916. Patrel, Luis, (Partner of J. Patrel & Hermanos), Bahia de Caráquez.
24 Mar., 1916. Poppe, Adolfo, Guayaquil.
14 Apr., 1916. Ramadan (Partner of Maydoub & Ramadan), Quito and Guayaquil.
24 Mar., 1916. Rickert, Carlos, (Partner of Rickert & Company), Guayaquil.
24 Mar., 1916. Rickert, Edward, (Partner of Rickert & Company), Guayaquil.
24 Mar., 1916. Rickert, Enrique, (Partner of Rickert & Company, Guayaquil.
24 Mar., 1916. Rickert & Company, Guayaquil.
24 Mar., 1916. Rischanek, Max, (Partner of Kruger & Company), Guayaquil.
14 Apr., 1916. Ruperti, Emilio, Jipijapa.
14 Apr., 1916. Schnabel, A., (Partner of Flemming & Schnabel), Bahia de Caráquez.
14 Apr., 1916. Tagua Handels Gesellschaft, M.B.H., All Branches.
14 Apr., 1916. Tresselt, W., (of Tague Handels Gesellschaft, Bahia de Caráquez Branch).
24 Mar., 1916. Urban, Gustavo, (Partner of Carlos Luders), Guayaquil.
14 Apr., 1916. Voelcker, Carlos, Manta and Bahia de Caráquez.
14 Apr., 1916. Yauch, Theodore, (of Tague Handels Gesellschaft, Esmeraldas Branch).
24 Mar., 1916. Zohrer, Adolfo, Guayaquil.

PERU.

24 Mar., 1916. Brahm & Company, Lima.
24 Mar., 1916. Casa Grande Zuckerpflanzen Aktien Gesellschaft, Trujillo.
24 Mar., 1916. Emmel Hermanos, Arequipa, Cuzco.
18 May, 1916. Freundt & Company, Espaderos, 586 and 594, Lima.
24 Mar., 1916. Gildemeister & Company, Trujillo and Lima.
24 Mar., 1916. Gildemeister, Siegfried (of Gildemeister & Company), Trujillo and Lima.
24 Mar., 1916. Gulda, F., and Company, Lima.
24 Mar., 1916. Hardt, Engelbert, & Company.
24 Mar., 1916. Hardt, E. and W., & Company.
24 Mar., 1916. Hassler & Michaelson, Trujillo.
18 May, 1916. Hilbck, F., & Company, Piura.
18 May, 1916. Hilbck, Kuntze & Company, Cajamarca, Chiclayo and Pacasmayo.
24 Mar., 1916. Hilman, (Partner of Gulda & Company), Lima.
24 Mar., 1916. Justus, W., (Partner of Brahm & Company), Casilla 89, Lima.
24 Mar., 1916. Klinge, F., & Company, Lima.
24 Mar., 1916. Knell, H., Callao.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

18 May, 1916. Ludowieg & Company, Lima.
24 Mar., 1916. Oeschsle, A. F., Lima.
14 Apr., 1916. Sociedad Industrial Infantas Limited, Lima.
18 May, 1916. Soto, Bernardi, Iquitos.
18 May, 1916. Strassberger, E., & Company, Iquitos.
24 Mar., 1916. Wiebe, F., & Company, Salaverry & Trujillo.
24 Mar., 1916. Wiebe, S., (Partner of F. Wiebe & Company), Salaverry and Trujillo.
24 Mar., 1916. Welsch, G., & Company, Esquina de Mercaderes, 493, Lima.

ALL COUNTRIES IN CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA.

24 Mar., 1916. German Coal Depôt Company, (Deutsches Kohlen Depôt).
24 Mar., 1916. Hardt, Engelbert, & Company.
24 Mar., 1916. Hardt, E. and W., & Company.
24 Mar., 1916. Staudt & Company.

ASIA.

JAPAN.

9 May, 1916. Aachen & Munich Fire Insurance Company, c/o Simon Evers, 25, Yamashita-cho, Yokohama; 100, Yedomachi, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Accumulatoren Fabrik Aktien Gesellschaft, 32B Tsukiji, Tokyo.
9 May, 1916. Ahrens, H., & Company, Nachf, 29 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama; 10 Bund, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Bayer, F., & Company, 183 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama; 47 Akashi-machi, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Becker & Company, 89B Yamashita-cho, Yokohama; 31A Akashi-machi, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Benicke, F., Nachf, 5, Honkawaya-cho; Nihonbashi-ku, Tokyo; 81 Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Berg, Werner, 4 Shichome Nakayamatedori, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Bergmann & Company, 154 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama; and 40 Akashi-machi, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Bleifus, F. R., 92 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama.
9 May, 1916. Boeddinghans, C. E., 4 Deshima, Nagasaki.
9 May, 1916. Bohler Keitei Goshi Kaisha, Nakanoshima, Osaka; 3 Uchisaiwaicho, Tokyo.
9 May, 1916. Borkowsky, G., 169 Sannomiyacho, Itchome, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Bretschneider & Company, 160A Yamashita-cho, Yokohama.
9 May, 1916. Carlowitz & Company, 124 Higashi-machi, Kobe; 11 Isogami-Dori, 5 Nichome, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Cassella Senryo Kaisha, Murai Building, Ninonbashi-ku, Tokyo, and 31A Akashi-machi, Kobe.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

9 May, 1916. China Export, Import and Bank Company, Kobe and Yokohama.
9 May, 1916. Club Concordia, 117 Ito-machi, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Club Germania, 235 Yokohama.
9 May, 1916. Delacamp & Company, 121 Higashi-machi, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Delacamp, Piper & Company, 202 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama; 70, Kyomachi, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Deutsch-Asiatische Bank, 180A Yamashita-cho, Yokohama; 25, Kyomachi, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Evers, Simon & Company, 25 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama; 101 Yedomachi, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Fachtmann & Company, R., 45 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama.
9 May, 1916. Feicke & Company, J., 80 Kyomachi, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Gartner-Gebruder, Otaru, Hokkaido.
9 May, 1916. Geiser & Gilbert Limited, Surugadaishita, Tokyo.
9 May, 1916. Gutmann, E., Yayesucho, Itchome, Tokyo.
9 May, 1916. Hirschfeld, G. C., 43 Sannomiya-cho, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Hoffman, F., Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Illies, C., & Company, 54 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama; 12 Bund, Kobe; 15 Tsukiji, Tokyo; 40 Kitahama, Sanchome, Osaka & Moji.
9 May, 1916. Kobe Dispensary (Deutsche Apotheke), 16 Harima-Machi, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Langfeldt & Company, 73 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama.
9 May, 1916. Lessner, S. D., 35 Nakamachi, Kobe; 6 Megasaki, Nagasaki.
9 May, 1916. Levedag, E., 4 Yurakucho, Itchome, Tokyo.
9 May, 1916. Leybold, Shokwan, L., 26 Himonocho Nihonbashi-ku, Tokyo; 29 Nishi Hommachi, Moji.
9 May, 1916. Liesecke, J., 80 Kyomachi, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Meier & Company, A., 24 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama; 68, Kyomachi, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Munster, B., 23 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama.
9 May, 1916. Normal Dispensary, 77D Yamashita-cho, Yokohama.
9 May, 1916. Oestmann & Company, A., 196 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama; 47, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Oldenburg, E., 49 Harima-machi, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Piper & Thomas, 202 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama.
9 May, 1916. Pietzker, W., 45 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama; 17 Mayemachi, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Ramseger & Company, 17 Mayemachi, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Raspe & Company, M., 91 Kitamachi, Kobe; 18A Tsukiji, Tokyo.
9 May, 1916. Ratjen, Rud, 122 Aoyama Minamimachi Rokuchome, Tokyo.
9 May, 1916. Reimers, Otto & Company, 198 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

9 May, 1916. Retz, F., 214 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama.
9 May, 1916. Retz., F., & Company, 214 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama.
9 May, 1916. Ritter, W., P.O. Box 234, Yokohama.
9 May, 1916. Rohde & Company, Carl, (Japan Export Company), 70A Yamashita-cho, Yokohama; 104 Yedo-machi, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Romisch, Leo, 33 Tsukiji, Tokyo.
9 May, 1916. Schmidt Scharff & Company, R., 52 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama.
9 May, 1916. Schramm & Company, Paul, 21 Yurakucho, Itchome, Kojimachi, Tokyo, and Ono Hamabedori, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Shoten, Schmidt, 1 Yae-sucho, Itchome, Kojimachi, Tokyo.
9 May, 1916. Schuchardt & Schutte, 1 Yurakucho, Itchome, Kojimachi-ku, Tokyo.
9 May, 1916. Siemens Schuckert Denki Kabushiki Kaisha, 65 Bojima Hamadori, Osaka; 48 Akashicho Tsukiji, Tokyo; 130 Tsutsui-cho, Kobe & Moji.
9 May, 1916. Van Nierop's, Ed. L., Japan Trading Company, 39 Akashimachi, Kobe & 153 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama.
9 May, 1916. Vehling & Company, 92 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama.
9 May, 1916. Vogt, Carl, Dr., 67 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama.
9 May, 1916. Weinberger & Company, C., 46 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama; 76B Kyomachi, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Wilckens, A., 45 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama.
9 May, 1916. Winckler & Company, 256 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama; 100 Yedo-machi, Kobe; 2 Minami Konyamachi, Tokyo & 9 Shumokumachi Sanchome, Nagoya.
9 May, 1916. Wolf, Hans, 81 Nakamachi, Kobe.
9 May, 1916. Wolter, Carl & Company, Honmachi, Chemulpo, Corea.
9 May, 1916. Zeiss, Carl, 33 Tsukiji, Tokyo.

NETHERLAND EAST INDIES.

24 Mar., 1916. Adler, Warenhuis, Sourabaya.
24 Mar., 1916. Auerbach, H., Oxe & Company, Sourabaya.
24 Mar., 1916. Barmer Export Gesellschaft, Batavia.
24 Mar., 1916. Behn Meyer & Company, H. M., Batavia and Sourabaya.
24 Mar., 1916. Biedermann & Co., Samarang and Sourabaya.
14 Apr., 1916. Birnbaum, S. & W., Kali Bisar West, Batavia.
24 Mar., 1916. Braunschweigsche Maschinenbauanstalt, Sourabaya.
24 Mar., 1916. Breitfeld, Danek & Company, Sourabaya.
24 Mar., 1916. Eckstein, P., Medan and Palembang.
24 Mar., 1916. Ehrlich, S., Medan and Palembang.
18 May, 1916. Elten, Van, Medan.
24 Mar., 1916. Erdmann & Sielcken, Samarang, Batavia, and Sourabaya.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

2 May, 1916. Filamont, Engelen & Company, Menado.
18 May, 1916. Force, J. C. E. de, Medan.
18 May, 1916. Forsyth, Douglas, Batavia.
24 Mar., 1916. Giesbers & Rosenkrantz, Sourabaya.
24 Mar., 1916. Goldenberg & Company, Medan and Palembang.
7 Apr., 1916. Gumprich & Strauss, Batavia.
24 Mar., 1916. Guntzel & Schumacher Handelsmaatschappy, Medan, Palembang and Sumatra.
7 Apr., 1916. Hallermann, J., Medan and Palembang.
18 May, 1916. Harland Kantoor, Batavia.
24 Mar., 1916. Hennemann, R., & Company, Dutch Borneo; Batavia, Sibolga.
24 Mar., 1916. Hinlopen, K., & Company, Sourabaya.
2 May, 1916. Jongeneel, Medan.
24 Mar., 1916. Katz, S., & Company, Medan and Palembang.
24 Mar., 1916. Kehding, F., Medan and Palembang.
24 Mar., 1916. Kölner Handelsgesellschaft, Sourabaya.
24 Mar., 1916. Koppel, Arthur, Sourabaya.
24 Mar., 1916. Ledeboer, W. B., & Company, Macassar, Menado, and Gorontalo.
24 Mar., 1916. Liebenschütz & Company, Samarang and Sourabaya.
24 Mar., 1916. Lind, J. A., Handelsvereeniging, Medan and Palembang.
24 Mar., 1916. Louvre, Sourabaya.
18 May, 1916. Maatschappy Limbangan Industrie, Batavia.
24 Mar., 1916. Mohrmann & Company, (Handelsvereeniging Voorheen J. Mohrmann), Macassar.
24 Mar., 1916. Naessens & Company, Sourabaya and Medan.
18 May, 1916. Ong Eng Tee, Medan.
24 Mar., 1916. Ong Kek Chia, Batavia.
24 Mar., 1916. Ong Kek Siang, Batavia.
24 Mar., 1916. Ong Seng Kwie, Batavia.
24 Mar., 1916. Orenstein & Koppel, Sourabaya.
24 Mar., 1916. Ott, E.. Medan and Palembang.
2 May, 1916. Oving, H. E., Sourabaya.
24 Mar., 1916. Pang Kie Ngan, Batavia.
24 Mar., 1916. Prottel & Company, Sourabaya.
24 Mar., 1916. Reichler & Company, Medan and Palembang.
24 Mar., 1916. Schlieper, Carl, & Company, Samarang.
24 Mar., 1916. Siemens & Halske, Allgemeine Gesellschaft, Sourabaya.
24 Mar., 1916. Siemens Schückert Werke, Sourabaya.
24 Mar., 1916. Société Coloniale Indo-Belge, Batavia.
24 Mar., 1916. Sourabaya Oliefabriek, Sourabaya.
24 Mar., 1916. Straits und Sunda Syndikat, Batavia.
18 May, 1916. Teller, Scholte & Company, Sourabaya.
24 Mar., 1916. Valk, G. H., Macassar.
7 Apr., 1916. Vankhee, Macassar; Menado and Gorontalo.
7 Apr., 1916. Vlielander Hein & Company, Batavia.
24 Mar., 1916. Wolf & Petschek, Sourabaya and Samarang.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

PERSIA.*

16 Mar., 1916. Abdul Rahim Arab.
18 May, 1916. Abramiantz & Company, Lalezar, Tehran.
16 Mar., 1916. Agha Muhammad Yusuf Khabbez Beglaroff, Kazvin.
16 Mar., 1916. Agha Muhammad Ismail Isfahani, Meshed.
16 Mar., 1916. Amin-ut-Tujjar (alias Agha Isfahansi), Ispahan.
16 Mar., 1916. Baue, Tehran.
16 Mar., 1916. Bonati, (Schwerin), Tehran.
18 May, 1916. Carnik Khan Dalguidjan, Tehran.
16 Mar., 1916. Christodoroff, Zares, Resht.
16 Mar., 1916. Eger Brothers, Meshed.
16 Mar., 1916. Farbwerke Vorm, Meister Lucius & Brunig, Ispahan.
16 Mar., 1916. Fars Company, Shiraz.
18 May, 1916. Haim, Ezra, Hamadan.
16 Mar., 1916. Haji Abbas Arab, Ispahan.
18 May, 1916. Haji Ahmedagha Teheranji, Tehran.
16 Mar., 1916. Haji Amin, Ispahan.
16 Mar., 1916. Haji Goulam Hussein, Sons of, Resht.
16 Mar., 1916. Haji Lutfali Tabrizi, Tehran.
16 Mar., 1916. Haji Mihammed Ibrahim (Malik-ut-Tujjar), Ispahan.
18 May, 1916. Haji Mohamed Ibrahim, Tehran.
16 Mar., 1916. Haji Muhammad Reza, Ispahan.
16 Mar., 1916. Haji Muhammad Ibraham Tenrani Sakkon, Tehran.
16 Mar., 1916. Haji Muhammad Welinkani, Kerman.
16 Mar., 1916. Haji Saleh Arab, Successors of, viz.—Haji Amin, Haji Mohammed Reza and Zafar, Ispahan.
18 May, 1916. Hanemoglou, Resht.
16 Mar., 1916. Herold, M., Meshed.
16 Mar., 1916. Hoffman, Meshed.
16 Mar., 1916. Ismaloff, (Georges & Jean), Kazvin.
16 Mar., 1916. Keprielli, Meshed.
16 Mar., 1916. Lascarides Frères, Resht.
16 Mar., 1916. Maison Hollandaise (Prins, C. F.), Tehran.
16 Mar., 1916. Malik-ut-Tujjar (Haji Muhammed Ibrahim), Ispahan.
16 Mar., 1916. Meshedi Ismail Salmasi, Kerman.
16 Mar., 1916. Meshedi Goulam Ali, Resht.
16 Mar., 1916. Minassiantz, A., Tehran.
16 Mar., 1916. Missirian, Kerman.
16 Mar., 1916. Muhammad Mehdi Samsar Isfaman.
16 Mar., 1916. Muhammad Saleh, Resht.
16 Mar., 1916. Mustafa Husseini, Tehran.
16 Mar., 1916. Papadopoulo, Hariles, Resht.
16 Mar., 1916. Pascalidi Frères, Resht.
16 Mar., 1916. Persische Teppiche A/G., Ispahan.

* See note on p. 527.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

16 Mar., 1916. Prins, C. F. (Maison Hollandaise), Tehran.
18 May, 1916. Pugin.
16 Mar., 1916. Roever, Wilhelm, Shiraz.
16 Mar., 1916. Sadie Afshar, Yezd.
16 Mar., 1916. Safa & Company, Limited, Bushire.
16 Mar., 1916. Seskiel Nawi, Tehran.
16 Mar., 1916. Société du Tombac, Ispahan.
16 Mar., 1916. Tabibian, M., Resht.
16 Mar., 1916. Tehallis, Demetri, Resht.
16 Mar., 1916. Tehallis, Leandros, Resht.
16 Mar., 1916. Tehallis, Sotiri, Resht.
16 Mar., 1916. Wassmuss.
16 Mar., 1916. Wonckhaus & Company, Bushire.
16 Mar., 1916. Yavash Ochli, Resht.
16 Mar., 1916. Zafar, Ispahan.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

24 Mar., 1916. Behn Meyer & Company Limited, Manila.
24 Mar., 1916. Fressel & Company, Manila.
24 Mar., 1916. Froehlich & Kuttner, Iloilo.
24 Mar., 1916. Germann & Company, Manila.
24 Mar., 1916. Hashim, N. T., & Company, Manila.
9 May, 1916. Los Helios, Manila.
24 Mar., 1916. Manila Import Company, Basmarina, 107, Manila.
2 May, 1916. Menzie, J.
24 Mar., 1916. Richter, Adolpho, & Company.
24 Mar., 1916. Roensch, Alfred, & Company.
24 Mar., 1916. Santos & Jahrling, Botica de Santa Cruz, Manila.
24 Mar., 1916. Schmidt & Ziegler, David 64, Manila.
24 Mar., 1916. Schulz & Company, Manila.
24 Mar., 1916. Secker & Company (Secker's Store), Manila.
24 Mar., 1916. Stahl & Rumcker, Manila.
24 Mar., 1916. Struckmann & Company, S. Vincenta, 65, Manila.
24 Mar., 1916. Viegelmann & Company, Manila.

EUROPE.

DENMARK.

9 May, 1916. Allgemeine Elektricitäts Gesellschaft, Vestergade, 23, Copenhagen.
9 May, 1916. Anglo-Russian Trading Company, Dron. Tvaerg., 3, Copenhagen.
9 May, 1916. Brennabor Filial, Tordenskjoldgade, 3, and Christian 9th Gade, Copenhagen.
9 May, 1916. Continental Caoutchouc & Guttapercha Company, Amaliegade, 28, Copenhagen.
9 May, 1916. Copenhagen Coal & Coke Company (Kjobenhavns-Kul-Koks-Kompagni A/S), Islands Brygge, 22, Copenhagen.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

9 May, 1916. Costa & Ribeiro, Copenhagen.
9 May, 1916. Dansk Russisk Handelsselskab, Skt. Marcus Sideallé, 2, Copenhagen.
9 May, 1916. Goldstück Hainze & Co., S. Annaepl, 16, Copenhagen.
9 May, 1916. Jensen, Albert, Islands Brygge, 22, Copenhagen.
9 May, 1916. Jenson & Fode, N. Y. Vestergade, 7, Copenhagen.
9 May, 1916. Keil, Otto, Vesterbrogade, 28, Copenhagen.
9 May, 1916. Kraeft, Walter, Norregade, 7, Copenhagen.
9 May, 1916. Rothapfel, Max, Oestbaneg, 19, Copenhagen.

GREECE.

29 Feb., 1916. Antovitch, Pierre, Chios.
29 Feb., 1916. Back, Karl, 13, Rue de l'Université, Athens.
9 May, 1916. Barouh, Solomon & Levi, Volo.
29 Feb., 1916. Bensussan, N., Piræus.
29 Feb., 1916. Bloch, Eugene, Piræus.
9 May, 1916. Brazzafoli, Domenico, Syra.
9 May, 1916. Constantacopoulos & Company, Patras.
29 Feb., 1916. Damas, Constantine, Calamata.
29 Feb., 1916. Defner & Edelmann, Athens.
9 May, 1916. Dimitrelias, John, Vathy, Samos.
9 May, 1916. Fels & Company, Corfu.
9 May, 1916. Frandzis, P., & Fiorentino, G., Vathy, Samos.
9 May, 1916. Galanis & Goldstein & Hadjiandreou, Samos.
29 Feb., 1916. Goldstein, Albert, Volo.
29 Feb., 1916. Gromann, George, Athens.
29 Feb., 1916. Hampartchoumian, Aram, Athens.
29 Feb., 1916. Harr, Gustave, St. Theodore Square, Athens.
29 Feb., 1916. Heidmann, Hans, Salonica.
29 Feb., 1916. Hoffmann, Alfred, Piræus.
29 Feb., 1916. Koenig, I. & H., & Company, Athens.
29 Feb., 1916. Kouremetis, Michael, Athens and Calymnos.
29 Feb., 1916. Kouremetis, Pandelis, Athens and Calymnos.
29 Feb., 1916. Kruger, Max, Canea.
29 Feb., 1916. Kruger, Richard, Canea.
18 May, 1916. Lianos, C., Frères, Piræus.
9 May, 1916. Lochner, Max, Patras.
9 May, 1916. Lucas & Company, Patras.
29 Feb., 1916. Michaelides & Milch, Panghion Hotel, Athens; Piræus.
9 May, 1916. Muller, Karl, Patras.
29 Feb., 1916. Ornstein, Dr., Otto, Chios.
29 Feb., 1916. Schiffel, Helmuth, Volo.
29 Feb., 1916. Seefelder & Company (Hans & Michel), Salonica.
9 May, 1916. Spiliotopoulos, C., Patras.
9 May, 1916. Stoltenhof & Lucas, Patras.
29 Feb., 1916. Stringos, George, Piræus.
29 Feb., 1916. Wein, Jacob, Canea.
29 Feb., 1916. Zahn, Henry, Calamata.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

NETHERLANDS.

29 Feb., 1916. Aker, P., Andijk.
29 Feb., 1916. Algemeen (N.V.) Commissie Handels Bureau, Nieuwe Uitleg, 6, The Hague.
7 Apr., 1916. Allgemeine Electricitäts Gesellschaft, Install. Bur. Keizersgracht, 121, Amsterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Asteroth, Friedr., Maaskade, 132, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Bächer, August, & Sons, Wijnhaven, Z.Z., 108, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Bakker, S. W., Ymuiden.
14 Apr., 1916. Birnbaum, S. & W., Singel, 160, Amsterdam.
7 Apr., 1916. Blitz, Seinpostduin, 22; Havenkade, 47, Scheveningen.
29 Feb., 1916. Böcker, L., & Company, Postbus, 78: Boompjes, 30a, Rotterdam,
29 Feb., 1916. Borner, G. A. A., Nicolas Witsenkade, 30, Amsterdam.
14 Apr., 1916. Bosnak, Herman, Wouwermanstraat, 38, Amsterdam.
14 Apr., 1916. Bosnak, Michel, Nieuwe Heerengracht, 151, Amsterdam.
7 Apr., 1916. Bosschaert, W. & R. van Dieren, The Hague.
29 Feb., 1916. Brands, Th. E., Rokin, 95, Amsterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Brasch & Rothenstein, Heerengr., 320, Amsterdam; Boompjes, 40a, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Chirurgische Instrumentenfabriek (v/h Loth & Stopler), Trans L., Utrecht.
29 Feb., 1916. Cohen-Goldschmidt, Oldenzaal.
7 Apr., 1916. Continental Caoutchouc & Gutta Percha Company, Prinsengracht, 1077, Amsterdam.
7 Apr., 1916. Delden, Simon, Seinpostduin, 22; Havenkade, 47, Scheveningen.
7 Apr., 1916. Delden & Blitz, Seinpostduin, 22; Havenkade, 47, Scheveningen.
29 Feb., 1916. Deventer Glas Maatschappij Voorheen J. Pouwels Coelingh (N.V.), Deventer.
29 Feb., 1916. Drost, Robert, Terneuzen.
29 Feb., 1916. Drukkerij (N.V.) v/h Henri Berger, Bois de Duc.
29 Feb., 1916. Duncan Doring, E., & Company (now Weinberg, F., & Company), 51-53, Coolsingel, Rotterdam.
7 Apr., 1916. Eil, Joseph, Maaskade, 164, Rotterdam; Schiedam.
29 Feb., 1916. Elberfelder Handels and Export Company, N.E. Voorburgwal, 58-60, & Spuistr., 31-33, Amsterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Erdman & Hethey, Keizersgr., 369/373, Amsterdam.
7 Apr., 1916. Fischer, A., Amsterdam.
7 Apr., 1916. Fischer, Bernard, Amsterdam.
7 Apr., 1916. Fischer, Leon, Amsterdam.
7 Apr., 1916. Fischer, Maurice, Amsterdam.

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29 Feb., 1916. Frankfurter, A. G., für Rhein & Main Schiffahrt, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Goldstück-Hainze & Company, Keizersgr., 108, Amsterdam.
7 Apr., 1916. Grootkerk, S., Junior, Linnaeusstraat, 45, Amsterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Hanno, Heinrich, Nieuwland, 4, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Itschert & Company, Coolsingel, 33, Rotterdam.
7 Apr., 1916. Kan, A. Jzn., Blasiusstraat, 1, Amsterdam.
7 Apr., 1916. Klop, P. W. H., Raadhuisstraat, 18, Amsterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Koch & Company, Transport Gesellschaft, Nieuwland, 3, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Koenigsfeld, J. H., Willemskade, 20, Rotterdam.
7 Apr., 1916. Komeet, (N. V.) De, v/h Dumonceau Frères, Kanaaldijk, St. Pieter, near Maastricht.
7 Apr., 1916. König, H. W., & Company, Paul Kruger straat, 8, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Kruthoffer & Doll, Veerkade, 8, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Lamm Brothers, Weteringschans, 84, Amsterdam.
7 Apr., 1916. Lichtenstein, M., Leuvehaven, 34b, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Maier, C. G., Actien Gesellschaft, Westerstr., 39, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Manders, Seemann & Company, Heerengracht, 442, Amsterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Mannheimer Lagerhaus Gesellschaft, Pr. Hendrikkade, 160a, Postbus, 482, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Mayer & Company, Westerstraat, 38b, Rotterdam.
7 Apr., 1916. Meiger & Company, Stationsweg, E99, Velseroord.
29 Feb., 1916. "Metropol" Gasgloeilichtfabriek (Gloeikousjesfabrik), Parkstraat, 15, Arnhem.
29 Feb., 1916. Mijnbouw Maatschappij "Aequator," Thereiastraat, 109, The Hague.
18 May, 1916. Mijnarends, Keizersgr., 203, Amsterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Mohrmann, J., & Company, Handels Vereeniging Voorheen, Keizersgr., 203, Amsterdam.
7 Apr., 1916. Monnickendam, D., Zomerhofstraat, 71b, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. "Monopol" Gasgloeilichtfabriek, Prinsengracht, 487, Amsterdam.
29 Apr., 1916. Nederlandsche Papierhandel (N.V.), Prinsengracht, 526, Amsterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Neue Karlsruher Schiffahrts Actien Gesellschaft, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Norden, J., Stationsweg, 43, Rotterdam.
7 Apr., 1916. Ossedrijver, E., Leuvehaven, 55, Rotterdam.
7 Apr., 1916. Ozonwerken "Nederland," Schiedam.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

29 Feb., 1916. de Poorter, Joseph, Veerkade, 83, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Poortershaven Handelseinrichtingen, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Rhein & See Schiffahrts Gesellschaft, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Rhein & See Schiffahrts Speditions Gesellschaft, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. "Rhenus" Transport, G.m.b.H., Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Richter, F. A., & Company, Stationsweg, 24, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Roland Transport, A.G., Leurehaven, 32, Rotterdam.
7 Apr., 1916. de Ruijter & Company, Linke Rottekade, 145, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Schenker & Company, Calandstr., 49-51, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Schoers, Karl, Stoomvaart Maatschappij, Prins Hendrikkade, 82, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Schwedersky & Company, Gravendijkwalloo, 5, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Seiler, F. A., Damrak, 49, Amsterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Steenkolen Handelsvereeniging, Boompjes, 65a-b, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Steinweg, C., Willemskade, 20, Rotterdam.
7 Apr., 1916. Stolberg, Jr. (J. E.), & Company, Reguliersdwarsstr., 73, Amsterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Strassburger Rheinschiff Gesellschaft, Rotterdam.
7 Apr., 1916. Swarttouw's (Cornelius) N. V. Stevedoring Company, Achterhaven, 74a-b, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Tas Ezn, J., Nieuwendijk, 197--9, Amsterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Transport Kontor "Bergleute," Maaskade, 174, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Utrechtsche Handelsvereeniging, Lange Nieuwstr., 41, Utrecht.
29 Feb., 1916. Van Dam, C. W. H., & Company, Mathenesserlaan, 235, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Van der Schuyt, J. & A., Maaskade O.Z., 30, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Van Perlstein & Company, Singel, 512, Amsterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Verein Spediteur & Schiffer Rheinschiff, A. G., Boompjes, 16, Rotterdam.
7 Apr., 1916. Voogt, A. De, Pinsenstraat, 65a, Amsterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Voss & Langen, Pr. Hendrikkade, 82a, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Vulcaan Coal Company, Veerkade, 6, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Vulcaan (N.V.) Handels En Transport Maatschappij, Veerkade, 6, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Wambersie & Son, Calandstraat, 5, Rotterdam, and de Ruijterkade, Amsterdam.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

29 Feb., 1916. Weinberg, F., & Company (formerly Duncan Doring, E., & Company), Coolsingel, 51-3, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Weismann, Charles, Haagscheveer, 35a, Rotterdam.
24 Mar., 1916. Wiegman's Bank, Heerengr., 412, Amsterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Würdemann, L., Heerengracht, 158, Amsterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Zeitschmann, M., Maasstraat, 176, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Zuid-Hollandsche Elektrische Blikdrukkerij Speelgoed and Emballage Fabrieken Company (J. Norden), Stationsweg, 43, Rotterdam.
29 Feb., 1916. Zuid-Hollandsche Gloeikousjesfabriek, Schiedam.

NORWAY.

2 May, 1916. Allgemeine Electricitäts Gesellschaft, Christiania.
2 May, 1916. Bergens Bliktrykkeri A/S., Post-box 134, and Damsgaard, Bergen.
29 Feb., 1916. Bohm, J. M., Christiania.
29 Feb., 1916. Broderson, J. (Dental Company), Sandefjord.
2 May, 1916. Brun, Joseph Jervel, Grand Hotel, Christiania.
29 Feb., 1916. Bryde, Johan (owner Gimle Oliemolle), Sandefjord.
29 Feb., 1916. Christiania Filfabrikfile, Christiania.
2 May, 1916. Christiania Textilfabrik, Chr. Krohgsgt., 3, Christiania.
29 Feb., 1916. Dental Company, (J. Broderson), Christiania.
2 May, 1916. Fiskegarnsfabrik, Christian IV.'s gade, 89 and 91, Kristianssand.
29 Feb., 1916. Gimle Oliemolle, (Gimle Fabrikker), Sandefjord.
29 Feb., 1916. Gröset, Hans, N. Slotsg., 21, Christiania.
2 May, 1916. Haak, L., & Company, Elveg. 5, Christiania.
29 Feb., 1916. Heilmann, A., (Christiania Filfabrikfile), Christiania.
9 May, 1916. Hinsch, Rudolf, Sandefjord, & Bergen.
29 Feb., 1916. Hjelte, Carl, Grand Hotel, Christiania.
2 May, 1916. Jacobsen & Braastad, Toldbodgt., 35, Christiania.
2 May, 1916. Johannesen, Albert, Chr. Krohgsgt., 3, Christiania.
9 May, 1916. Kroepelien's, C., Enke A/S, Bergen.
2 May, 1916. Larsen, Oscar, Aalesund.
29 Feb., 1916. Lassen, Carl, St. Strandgt., 1, Christiania.
2 May, 1916. Londoner Bazar, Strandgt., 29, Bergen; Torvgt., 17b, Christiania.
29 Feb., 1916. Moller, E. D., Toldbodgt., 3, Christiania.
2 May, 1916. Mortensen, Th., Prensengt., 2b, Christiania.
29 Feb., 1916. Motzfeldt & Sanner, Toldbodgt., 30, Christiania.
9 May, 1916. Munchs, Cornelius, Efterfolger, Dronningensgt., 13, Christiania.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

2 May, 1916. Nilsen, Helen, Olaf Kyrresgd., S., Bergen.
18 May, 1916. Nordisk Gummi Magazin, Kirkegade, 17, Christiania.
29 Feb., 1916. Norsk Elektrokemisk A/S., Toldbodgt., 35, Christiania; Kragero and Dalfoss.
2 May, 1916. Olsen, Wilhelm A/S., Strandgt., 95, Bergen.
2 May, 1916. Pein & Hartmann, Kirkegt., 17, Christiania.
29 Feb., 1916. Prsch, Carl B., Prinsensgt., 23, Christiania.
18 May, 1916. Riegen, H. D., Christiansand.
2 May, 1916. Rubenstein, O., Strandgt., 29, Bergen; Torvgt., 17b, Christiania.
29 Feb., 1916. Rusten, Erik, Sarpsborg.
2 May, 1916. Schlytter A/S., Skippergt., 19, Christiania.
29 Feb., 1916. Staudenmann, Karl, F.O.I., "Box 147," Trondhjem and Kragero.
2 May, 1916. Stavanger Sardine Company A/S., Stavanger.
2 May, 1916. United Sardine Factories, Bergen; Jelseg, 45; and Lervik, Stavanger.
29 Feb., 1916. Usines Electrochemiques de Hafslund, Sarpsborg.
29 Feb., 1916. Vendelboe, John & Carl, Prof. Dahlgatan, 3, Christiania.
29 Feb., 1916. Von Krogh, G. F., Sandefjord.
29 Feb., 1916. Waal, Jacob, Prinsengt., 23, Christiania.

PORTUGAL.

29 Feb., 1916. Adler, Viuva de Hermann, Rua dos Fanqueiros, 84, Lisbon.
29 Feb., 1916 (for Lisbon), 24 Mar., 1916 (for Oporto). Allgemeine Electricitäts Gesellschaft (Thomson Houston Iberica), Rua Candida dos Reis, 100, Oporto and Lisbon.
24 Mar., 1916. d'Almeida, A. Nicolau, & Company, Limitada, Rua Serpa Pinto, Villa Nova de Gaya, Oporto.
29 Feb., 1916. Bachhoffen, A., & Lehrfeld, H., Rua Nova des Domingos, 22, Lisbon.
29 Feb., 1916. Bayer, F., & Company, Rua das Flores, 139, Oporto.
29 Feb., 1916. Breymann, A. von, Madeira.
29 Feb., 1916. Brucher, Ch. & Commandita, Rua de Cedofeita, 245, Oporto.
29 Feb., 1916. Burmeister, J., Rua do Arco Bandeira (Rua dos Sapateiros) 39, Lisbon.
29 Feb., 1916. Burmester, Herman, & Company, Rua Infante D. Henrique, 87, Oporto.
29 Feb., 1916. Burmester, J. W., & Company, Rua de Bellomonte, 39, Oporto.
24 Mar., 1916. Camacho, L. F., Funchal, Madeira.
29 Feb., 1916. Carvalho, R. H., Rua do Arco Bandeira (Rua dos Sapateiros), Lisbon.
29 Feb., 1916. Cast, H. F., Rua da Alfandega, 160, Lisbon.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

29 Feb., 1916. Cesche, E., Madeira.
29 Feb., 1916. Cobo, Ramon, Rua do Commercio, 28, Lisbon.
29 Feb., 1916. Daehnhardt & Company, Rua da Magdalena, 75, Lisbon.
29 Feb., 1916. Deutsches Kohlen Depôt, Madeira.
29 Feb., 1916. Duetting & Gaa, Madeira.
24 Mar., 1916. Edelheim, Emilio, & Company, Travessa dos Congregados, Oporto.
29 Feb., 1916. Furbringer & Company, Rua de Passos Manoel, 189, Oporto.
24 Mar., 1916. George, Ernst, Successors, Rua da Prata, 8, Lisbon.
9 May, 1916. Gomes de Amorim, Francisco, Praça dos Restaurandoes, 53, Lisbon.
29 Feb., 1916. Gottschalk, Arthur, Rua das Praças, 30, Lisbon.
24 Mar., 1916. Guedes, Eduardo; Guedes, Felisberto, Rua Augusta, 124, Lisbon.
29 Feb., 1916. Hahnefeld & Gellweiler, Praça do Duque da Terceira, 4, Lisbon.
29 Feb., 1916 Heise, Georg, Escadinhas da Saude, 2; Rua do Commercio, 35, Lisbon.
29 Feb., 1916. Herold, O., & Company, Rua da Prata, 14, Lisbon; Rua da Nova Alfandega, 2, Oporto.
29 Feb., 1916. Hoffmann, Viuva Oswald, Calçada do Correio, Velho 3, Lisbon.
24 Mar., 1916. Höfle, Adolpho, & Company, Rua do Ferreira Borges, 16, Oporto.
29 Feb., 1916. Issel, Fr., Rua dos Retrozeiros, 60, Lisbon.
24 Mar., 1916. Jacobi, N., & Company, Rua da Nova Alfandega, 76, Oporto.
29 Feb., 1916. Kamp, Thumann, & Company, Rua Elias Garcia, 38, Oporto.
29 Feb., 1916. Katzenstein, Ed., Succrs., Rua de Bellomonte, 39, Oporto.
29 Feb., 1916. Katzenstein, Hermann, Rua dos Fanqueiros, 65, Lisbon.
24 Mar., 1916. Kendall, Vasconcellos & Passos, Limitada, Galleria de Paris, 11, Oporto.
29 Feb., 1916. Kretzmar, R., Funchal, Madeira.
29 Feb., 1916. Leuschner, Bernhard, Rua Infante D. Henrique, 63, Oporto.
29 Feb., 1916. Lyncke & Company, Limitada, Rua da Conceicao, 85, Lisbon.
29 Feb., 1916. Marcus & Harting, Rua dos Fanqueiros, 136, and Rua do Commercio, 45, Lisbon.
24 Mar., 1916. Martins & Galla, Limitada, Largo de S. Domingos, 11, Lisbon.
24 Mar., 1916. Marum, Wm., Funchal, Madeira.
14 Apr., 1916. Mattos, Antonio, Lisbon.
14 Apr., 1916. Mendes, A., Lisbon.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

24 Mar., 1916. Mendes, José, Oporto.
9 May, 1916. Perez, José, Rua do Alecrim, 73, Lisbon.
18 May, 1916. Peres, Vasco Manoel da Costa, Rua dos Fanqueiros, 65, Lisbon.
24 Mar., 1916. Pfeill, Emil, Rua Formosa, 400, Oporto.
24 Mar., 1916. Reinhardt, Ricardo, Rua da Alfandega, 118, Lisbon.
24 Mar., 1916. Rothes, Carlos, Rua de Bellomonte, 89, Oporto.
18 May, 1916. Santos, Joaquin da Assumpçao, Artino Travessa á Estrella, 19, 4° Lisbon.
24 Mar., 1916. Schimmelpfeng and Company, Rua de Santa Justa, Lisbon; Rua das Carmelitas, 100, Oporto.
24 Mar., 1916. Schmidt, A., Funchal, Madeira.
24 Mar., 1916. Schmieder, Oswald, Rua Nova do Almada, 11, Lisbon.
14 Apr., 1916. Serviço Costeiro á Vapor, Lisbon.
24 Mar., 1916. Siemens Schückert Werke, Limitada, Rua Augusta, 27, Lisbon.
24 Mar., 1916. Silva, Francisco Eduardo Moreira Da, Avenida Casal Ribeiro, 17–3, Lisbon.
24 Mar., 1916. Sociedade Insulana De Transportes Maritimos, Ltda., Funchal, Madeira.
24 Mar., 1916. Streit, Otto Von, Funchal, Madeira.
24 Mar., 1916. Stüve, W., & Company, Rua Infante D. Henrique, 75, Oporto.
24 Mar., 1916. Taylor, Filippe, Rua Vieira da Silva, 19, Lisbon.
24 Mar., 1916. Timm, Charles, Rua da Prata, 8 Lisbon.
24 Mar., 1916. Van Perlstein & Company, Rua da Conceicao, 70, Lisbon.
24 Mar., 1916. Wald, G., Rua de S. Francisco, 4, Oporto.
24 Mar., 1916. Waltz, F., Funchal, Madeira.
24 Mar., 1916. Wegehenkel, Arthur, Rua da Condominhas, Oporto.
24 Mar., 1916. Weinstein, Martin, & Company, Rua do Commercio, 49, Lisbon.
24 Mar., 1916. Wiedemann, Max, & Company, Rua da Prata, 108, Lisbon.
24 Mar., 1916. Wimmer, J., & Company, Rua da Magdalena, 45, Lisbon.
24 Mar., 1916. Wischmann, Otto, Rua do Largo do Corpo Santo, 6, Lisbon.
24 Mar., 1916. Worm, Luiz B., Rua da Alfandega, 160; Rua da Prata, 133, Lisbon.
24 Mar., 1916. Ziems, Otto, Rua do Commercio, 99, Lisbon.

SPAIN.

24 Mar., 1916. Agencia Maritima Hering, Dormitorio San Francisco, 7, Barcelona.
29 Feb., 1916. Ahlers, Jacob, Santa Cruz, Tenerife.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

29 Feb., 1916. Allgemeine Electricitäts Gesellschaft (Thomson, Houston, Iberica), Ronda de la Universidad, 22, and Aragón, 285, Barcelona; Nicolas Maria Rivero, 8, Madrid.
24 Mar., 1916. Allgemeine Erzgesellschaft, Seville.
29 Feb., 1916. Amann & Gana, Calle Ayala, 1, and Calle Belosti, 14, Bilbao.
24 Mar., 1916. Amann & Wendel, Rambla de Cataluna, 20, Barcelona.
29 Feb., 1916. Arozena, Fernando, Santa Cruz, Tenerife.
29 Feb., 1916. Arroya, José, Atocha, 4, Malaga.
29 Feb., 1916. Augener, Enrique, Las Palmas.
29 Feb., 1916. Banco Alemán Transatlántico, Barcelona and Madrid.
29 Feb., 1916 (for Malaga), 24 Mar., 1916 (for Seville), Baquera, Kusche & Martin, Malaga and Seville.
2 May, 1916. Boetticher & Navarro, Zurbano, 58, Madrid.
24 Mar., 1916. Behn, Enrique, Calle Pascual y Genis, 2, and Calle Colón, 90, Valencia.
24 Mar., 1916. Bender, Hijos de H. A., San Feliu de Guixols, Barcelona.
24 Mar., 1916. Beutel, Edmundo, Calle Pascual y Genis, 19, Valencia.
29 Feb., 1916. Bjerre, A. (Bjerre Sucesores), Cortina del Neuelle, 21, 3, and Alameda, 28, Malaga.
24 Mar., 1916. Bonsoms & Company, Tarragona.
29 Feb., 1916. Braun, Antonio, Santa Cruz, Tenerife.
24 Mar., 1916. Brauner, Hugo, Barco, 6; Calle Colón, 86, Valencia.
24 Mar., 1916. Buckard, Julie, Alicante.
24 Mar., 1916. Cano, Emilio, Valencia and Alicante.
29 Feb., 1916. Compania de Alcoholes, Bilbao.
2 May, 1916. Compania Sevillana de Electricidad, Calle San Pablo, 30, Avenida San Sebastian, Seville.
24 Mar., 1916. Continental Tyre and Rubber Company, Calle Florida, 13, Madrid.
2 May, 1916. Coppel, Carlos, Fuencarral, 27, Madrid.
29 Feb., 1916. "Correo Español," Madrid.
29 Feb., 1916. Crosa, Angel, Tenerife.
29 Feb., 1916. "Debate," Madrid.
29 Feb., 1916. Deutsches Kohlen Depôt Gesellschaft, Santa Cruz, Tenerife.
29 Feb., 1916. Dorr & Lensten, Malaga.
24 Mar., 1916. Drack, Otto, Alicante and Valencia.
24 Mar., 1916. "Edén Bebé," Consejo de Ciento, 159, Barcelona.
29 Feb., 1916. "El Siglo Futuro," Madrid.
24 Mar., 1916. Engelhardt, Otto, Calle San Pablo, 30, Seville.
29 Feb., 1916. Erhardt & Company, Bilbao.
2 May, 1916. Escuder, José, Valencia.
29 Feb., 1916. Falkenstein, Felix, Calle Colegiata, 13, Madrid,

Government Notices affecting Trade.

24 Mar., 1916. Feustel, Otto, Consejo de Ciento, 322, Barcelona.
29 Feb., 1916. Fliedner, Jorge, Madrid.
2 May, 1916. Frade, Francisco, Madrid.
24 Mar., 1916. Gaissert, Emilio, & Company, Calle Princesa, 61, Barcelona.
2 May, 1916. Gans, Richard, Calle Princesa, 63, Madrid.
29 Feb., 1916. Gaswerk Company, Santa Cruz, Tenerife.
29 Feb., 1916. German Cable Company, Tenerife.
24 Mar., 1916. Gottschalk Hermanos, Calle Bailen, 27, Barcelona.
24 Mar., 1916. Grösch, Federico, Calle Corcega, Barcelona.
24 Mar., 1916. Guardiela, Juan, Alicante.
29 Feb., 1916. Gutierrez, Leopoldo, Madrid.
29 Feb., 1916. Gutkind, Felix, Trinidad Grund, 7, Malaga.
24 Mar., 1916. Haasenstein & Vogler, Rambla Capuchinos, 15, Barcelona.
24 Mar., 1916. Hamm, Luis S., Rambla de Cataluna, 35, Barcelona.
24 Mar., 1916. Hartmann, Pablo, Valencia and Calle Cortes, 591, Barcelona.
29 Feb., 1916. Heinsdorf & Lemcke, Atacha, 4, and Alameda de Colón, 6, Malaga.
24 Mar., 1916. Hengsternberg, Hermann, Seville.
2 May, 1916. Hielscher, Adolfo, Calle Zorrilla, 31, Madrid.
29 Feb., 1916. Hinderer, Carlos, Madrid.
29 Feb., 1916. Hoppe, Carlos, & Company, Alameda de Mazarredo, 1, Bilbao; Calle Muelle, 17, Santander.
29 Feb., 1916. Knappe, Carlos, Calle Alcalá, 38, Madrid.
29 Feb., 1916. Koehler, Guillermo, Esparteros, 1, and, Plaza del Cordon, 1, Madrid.
2 May, 1916. Koppel, Arturo, Carrera San Jeronimo, Madrid.
24 Mar., 1916. Korting, Sociedad Anon. Española, Plaza Palacio, 11, Barcelona; Valencia.
24 Mar., 1916. Lainez, Hijos de Evelio, Cadiz.
24 Mar., 1916. Laschütza, Oscar, Vigo.
24 Mar., 1916. Lehmann & Company, Consejo de Ciento, 159, Barcelona.
24 Mar., 1916. Lence, Carlos, Calle Colón, 13, Valencia.
29 Feb., 1916. Lengo, Arturo, Almeria, Garrucha, Malaga and Aguilas.
24 Mar., 1916. Lenher, Amande, Alicante.
29 Feb., 1916. Linhoff, Carlos (sucesores de Cross & Linhoff), Malaga.
2 May, 1916. Loeck, Walter, Bilbao.
29 Feb., 1916. Lohr, Maximilo, Tenerife.
24 Mar., 1916. Marten, Martin, Calle Adriano, 38, Seville; Calle Cortes, 604, Barcelona.
2 May, 1916. Maximo, Otto, Carrera San Jeronimo, Madrid.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

24 Mar., 1916. Medem, Otto, Calle Bailen, 2, Barcelona; Calle A. Calderon, 15, and Calle Atarazanas, 15, Valencia; Alicante, Bilbao and Malaga.
29 Feb., 1916. "Mentidero," Madrid.
2 May, 1916. Meyer, Carlos, Cadiz.
24 Mar., 1916. Meyer y Bacharach, Calle Serrano y Grao, Valencia.
29 Feb., 1916. Mittelstrass, Otto, Las Palmas.
24 Mar., 1916. Monguio y Scharlau, Calle Aragón, 219, Barcelona.
24 Mar., 1916. Muller, Alfred, Palma de Mallorca.
24 Mar., 1916. Muller, Hugo, Seville.
2 May, 1916. Muller, William, Seville.
2 May, 1916. Murillo, Marcelino, Bilbao.
24 Mar., 1916. de Neufville, Sucesor de J., Santa Teresa, 8 and 10, Barcelona.
2 May, 1916. Palacios, Luis Asin, Calle de Preciados, Madrid.
2 May, 1916. Pares (Manager of Felix Schlayer—see below), Barcelona.
29 Feb., 1916. Pflugger, Karl, Las Palmas.
18 May, 1916. Pi, Antonio, Barcelona.
2 May, 1916. Reder, Gustav, Calle Zorrilla, 23, Madrid.
29 Feb., 1916. Rojas, Claudio, Santa Cruz, Tenerife.
2 May, 1916. Roock, Jorge, Hurtado de Amézaga, 12, and Fueros, 2, Bilbao.
24 Mar., 1916. Rubert, Sucesores de Juan, Calle Roger, 9, Puerta del Muelle, Alicante.
24 Mar., 1916. Schimmelpfeng's Information Agency, Madrid.
29 Feb., 1916. Schlayer, Felix (Sucesor de Alberto Ahles & Company), Alcalá, 46, Madrid; Paseo de Aduana, 15 and 17, Barcelona.
29 Feb., 1916. Siemens, Enrique, & Company, Las Palmas.
29 Feb., 1916. Sociedad Anónima Fabrica de Lámparas de Filamento Metalico, Paseo de Santa Maria de la Cabeza, Madrid.
24 Mar., 1916. Sociedad Vinicola, Tarragona.
24 Mar., 1916. Soujol, Carlos, Villamari, 25, Barcelona.
24 Mar., 1916. Teschendorff, Steiner & Company, Travessa S. Vincente and Calle Peaña, 25, Grao de Valencia.
29 Feb., 1916. Thonet Hermanos, Madrid.
2 May, 1916. Traumann, Enrique, Madrid.
29 Feb., 1916. "Tribuna," Madrid.
2 May, 1916. Uhthoff, Ludolfo, Calle San Pedro, 16, Cadiz.
29 Feb., 1916. Vogt, Conrad, Santa Cruz, Tenerife.
2 May, 1916. Wackonnigg, Wilhelm, Bilbao.
24 Mar., 1916. Wertheim, Carlos, Calle Avino, 9, Barcelona.
24 Mar., 1916. Winter, Emilio, Calle General Menacho, 9, Cadiz.
29 Feb., 1916. Woermann, Linie, Las Palmas.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

SWEDEN.

29 Feb., 1916. Abrahamsson, Runö, Stockholm.
29 Feb., 1916. Allgemeine Electricitäts Gesellschaft, Stockholm.
29 Feb., 1916. Allmänna Handels (A/B), Hamngatan, 5b, Stockholm.
29 Feb. 1916. Almquist, Carl, Ystad.
29 Feb., 1916. Alpen, H., Magasinskvarte, 3a, Gothenburg.
29 Feb., 1916. Andersson & Linberg (A/B), Stora Badhusgatan, 6, Gothenburg.
29 Feb., 1916. Bagges Importagentur, O, Hamngt., 50b, Gothenburg.
29 Feb., 1916. Beijers, John, Skofabrik (A/B), Flemminggatan, 59, Stockholm.
29 Feb., 1916. Berg, Victor, Stockholm.
29 Feb., 1916. Bexelius, Henrik, Stockholm.
29 Feb., 1916. Biehl, G., Malmö.
29 Feb., 1916. Blomquist, Olof, & Company, Oscarshamn.
29 Feb., 1916. Brattström, Johann, Stockholm.
18 May, 1916. Burchard, Adolf, Drottnigg., 4, Stockholm.
29 Feb., 1916. Chrisfiernin, C., Stockholm.
2 May, 1916. Clase, Gustav, S. Hamngt., 15, Gothenburg.
29 Feb., 1916. Dahlström, Otto, Bredgr., 2, Stockholm.
29 Feb., 1916. Daumichen, Max, Stockholm.
29 Feb., 1916. Dressfalls Grufvor Och Malmförädlingsverk (A/B), Rosenbad, 2, Stockholm.
18 May, 1916. Edstrand, Broderna, Jorgen Knockg., 2, Malmö.
29 Feb., 1916. Engeström & Jaeppelt, Per Veijersg, 3, Malmö and Gothenburg.
29 Feb., 1916. Fallenius & Lefflers (A/B), V. Hamngatan, 5, Gothenburg, and all branches in Sweden.
2 May, 1916. Forsblad & Son, Norra Hamngatan, 6, Gothenburg.
29 Feb., 1916. Fraenckel, Moritz, & Company, Gothenburg.
29 Feb., 1916. Ganslandt & Gussing (A/B), Hjulhamnsg., 4, Malmö; Gothenburg and Ystad.
29 Feb., 1916. Gleitsman, E. T., Trälleborg.
29 Feb., 1916. Goldstück, Hainze & Company, Gothenburg.
29 Feb., 1916. Grafford, J., Katarinavägen, 11, Stockholm.
29 Feb., 1916. Grubbens, Carl E., Stockholm.
29 Feb., 1916. Hammar & Company, Vasagatan, 6, Stockholm.
29 Feb., 1916. Hansson, Elof, Packhuspl., 2, Gothenburg; Stockholm.
29 Feb., 1916. Harbeck, Doctor Ernst, Partille, Gothenburg.
16 Mar., 1916. Harmsen, Wilhelm & Company, Stockholm.
29 Feb., 1916. Hartig, Hugo, Wahrendorffsg., 4, Stockholm; Gothenburg.
29 Feb., 1916. Herrström, Sigfrid, Kungsgatan, 30, Malmö.
29 Feb., 1916. Humbert, Hermann, Artillerigatan, 6, Stockholm.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

29 Feb., 1916. Jäger, Wilhelm, Lulea.
29 Feb., 1916. Johnson, Eric R., Kommendörsg., 17, Stockholm.
29 Feb., 1916. Jonsson & Krafft, V., Hamngt., 14, Gothenburg.
29 Feb., 1916. Kronans Droghandel, Gothenburg.
29 Feb., 1916. Kurzel, Fr., Malmö.
2 May, 1916. Larsson, Adolf, Orebro.
29 Feb., 1916. Lassen, Carl, Slüssplan, 63, Stockholm; Kungsg., 4, Gothenburg.
29 Feb., 1916. Levin, Sigismund, Landskrona.
29 Feb., 1916. Linden & Lindström, Gothenburg.
14 Apr., 1916. Malmö Yllefabriks (A/B), St. Nyg., 50, Malmö.
29 Feb., 1916. Melin, Peder Company, N. Hamng., 6, Gothenburg; Malmö.
29 Feb., 1916. Rapp, David, (A/B), Skeppsbron, 18; Kammakareg, 12, Stockholm.
29 Feb., 1916. Reinheimer, Phillip, Stockholm.
29 Feb., 1916. Roberg, Tycho, Skeppsbron, 1, Gothenburg.
29 Feb., 1916. Rudeberg, A., Drottningatan, 11, Stockholm.
29 Feb., 1916. Schipmann, Heinrich, (A/B), Bredgr., 2, Stockholm.
14 Apr., 1916. Schmitz, August, Malmö.
18 May, 1916. Schuchardt & Schutte, Stockholm.
18 May, 1916. Svenska Hud- & Skinaffaren, Pildamsvagen, 3b, Malmö.
29 Feb., 1916. Specialjärn (A/B), Kungsgatan, 56, Stockholm.
29 Feb., 1916. Stockholms Skofabrik (A/B), Hornsgatan, 160, and Brännkyrkagatan, 167, Stockholm.
9 May, 1916. Svensson, Henry W., Helsingborg.
9 May, 1916. Winkler-Rathlew, S. W., Helsingborg.

Given at Our Court at *Buckingham Palace*, this twenty-third day of *May*, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

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*NOTE (1).—Under the Trading with the Enemy Proclamations of 25 June, and 10 November, 1915, all Proclamations relating to Trading with the Enemy apply to all persons or bodies of persons of enemy nationality, resident or carrying on business in Persia, Morocco or Portuguese East Africa, and consequently it is an offence to trade with any person or body of persons of enemy nationality resident or carrying on business in Persia, Morocco or Portuguese East Africa, even though such person or body of persons is not included by name in the above list, and the omission of the name of any such person or body of persons from such list is not an authority or license to trade with such person or body of persons.

NOTE (2).—Where a firm named in the List has more than one branch *in the same country*, all branches in that country are held to be included in the List, even in cases where no address, or of several addresses one only, is specifically mentioned.

NOTE (3).—The List for each country is sent by telegraph to His Majesty's Representative in that country, who will notify British Consular officers, to whom persons abroad may apply for information as to names in the List.

The Foreign Trade Department is prepared on application to inquire of His Majesty's Representatives abroad for the names of substitutes for any firm in the Statutory List. When the applicant wishes this done by telegraph he must undertake to pay the cost of the telegraphic correspondence.

TRADING WITH THE ENEMY ENACTMENTS.

Exceptions and Adaptations Order.

At the Court at *Buckingham Palace*, the 23rd day of *May*, 1916.

PRESENT,

The KING'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

Whereas by a Royal Proclamation, bearing even date herewith, called "The Trading with the Enemy (Statutory List) Proclamation, 1916, No. 3," and issued under the provisions of the Trading with the Enemy (Extension of Powers) Act, 1915, it is declared that all persons or bodies of persons, incorporated or unincorporated, resident, carrying on business, or being in the United Kingdom are prohibited from trading with any of the persons or bodies of persons mentioned in the List in such Proclamation (which List is therein and herein called the Statutory List), and that the provisions of the Trading with the Enemy Acts, 1914 to 1916, and of the Customs (War Powers) Acts, 1915 and 1916, and all other enactments relating to trading with the enemy, shall, subject to such exceptions and adaptations as are prescribed by Order in Council of even date therewith, meaning thereby this Order or as may be prescribed by any Order in Council hereafter to be issued, apply in respect of the persons and bodies of persons mentioned in the Statutory List as if for references in such enactments to trading with the enemy there were substituted references to trading with the persons and bodies of persons mentioned in the Statutory List and for references to enemies there were substituted references to the persons and bodies of persons mentioned in the Statutory List.

And whereas it is expedient to make such exceptions and adaptations in the provisions of the said Acts and enactments as are herein prescribed:—

Now, therefore, His Majesty, by virtue of the powers in this behalf by the Trading with the Enemy (Extension of Powers) Act, 1915, or otherwise vested in Him, is pleased, by and with

the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

1. The said Acts and enactments shall apply in respect of the persons and bodies of persons mentioned in the Statutory List as if for references therein to trading with the enemy there were substituted references to trading with the persons and bodies of persons mentioned in the Statutory List, and for references to enemies there were substituted references to those persons and bodies of persons, and for references to offences under the Trading with the Enemy Acts, 1914 to 1916, or any of those Acts, there were substituted references to offences under the Trading with the Enemy (Extension of Powers) Act, 1915, and subject to the following exceptions and adaptations, that is to say:—

A. In the application of the Trading with the Enemy Act, 1914:—

For the reference in Section I to the 4th day of August, 1914, shall be substituted a reference to the date of this Order, or in respect of any person or body of persons added to the Statutory List to the date of the Order adding him or them to the Statutory List.

B. In the application of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act, 1914:—

(1) Sections 2, 3, 4, and 5 shall not apply.

(2) For the references in Section 6 to the commencement of the present War, and to the 19th day of November, 1914, wherever such expressions respectively occur, shall be substituted references to the date of this Order, or in respect of any person or body of persons added to the Statutory List to the date of the Order adding him or them to the Statutory List.

(3) For the reference in Section 7 to the commencement of the present War shall be substituted a reference to the date of this Order, or in respect of any person or body of persons added to the Statutory List to the date of the Order adding him or them to the Statutory List.

(4) For the reference in Section 8 to the passing of the Act shall be substituted a reference to the date of this Order, or in respect of any person or body of persons added to the Statutory List to the date of the Order adding him or them to the Statutory List, and for the reference to hereafter in that Section shall be substituted a reference to after the date of this Order, or in respect of any person or body of persons added to the Statutory List to after the date of the Order adding him or them to the Statutory List.

(5) For the reference in Section 10 to the 4th day of August, 1914, shall be substituted a reference to the date of this Order, or in respect of any person or body of persons added to the Statutory List to the date of the Order adding him or them to the Statutory List.

C. The Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act, 1915, shall not apply.

D. In the application of the Customs (War Powers) (No. 2) Act, 1915:—

The reference in Section 1 to the law relating to trading with the enemy shall be deemed to include a reference to the Trading with the Enemy (Extension of Powers) Act, 1915.

E. In the application of the Customs (War Powers) Act, 1916:—

The reference in Section I to contravention of the law relating to trading with the enemy shall be deemed to include a reference to contravention of the Trading with the Enemy (Extension of Powers) Act, 1915.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

EXPORTS TO NORWAY.

The Director of the War Trade Department desires to give notice that special forms of guarantees have now been approved for use in connection with the export of prohibited goods to Norway, and that any guarantee in the old form will not be accepted on and after 1st June. Intending exporters of goods to Norway should instruct their consignees to apply to H.M. Consular Officers there for information as to the terms of the guarantees in question. (C.I.B. 17,733.)

NITRATE SHIPMENTS TO VLADIVOSTOCK.

The Russian Government Committee of the Commission Internationale de Ravitaillement, India House, Kingsway, London, W.C., announces that all shipments to Vladivostock of nitrate of soda, 95 per cent. to 96 per cent. with 1 per cent. salt, will be requisitioned by the Russian Government at a price not exceeding £15 per ton; also nitrate of soda used for agriculture, at a price not exceeding £12 per ton, ex ship Vladivostock, on the arrival of such shipments at Vladivostock, unless shipped with the previous authorisation of the Russian Government Committee in London, which must be obtained before shipment from port of origin.

PRICE OF COAL FOR FRANCE.

A deputation of coalowners of the United Kingdom met Mr. Runciman, the President of the Board of Trade, on 18th May, at his request to discuss a proposal for the limitation of the price of coal exported to France.

The proceedings were private, but it may be stated that the deputation agreed in principle to a voluntary limitation of price, and that steps are being taken to bring the matter before the various districts without delay and to formulate a definite proposal, which will be submitted to the Board of Trade.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

REGULATIONS FOR THE IMPORTATION OF CANNED, BOTTLED, PRESERVED, AND DRIED FRUITS IN 1916.

A Proclamation having been issued prohibiting the importation of preserved fruits after the 13th day of March, 1916 (see "Board of Trade Journal" of 16th March, p. 773), and the Board of Trade having announced that after the 31st October, 1916 (30th September in the case of dried fruits from Spain and Portugal), importations will be admitted up to 50 per cent. of the quantities imported during the year 1915, under licence, on conditions to be settled by the Preserved Fruits Committee (see the "Journal" of 4th May, p. 281), the Committee has decided that:—

1. Licences will be issued to 2 Classes:—

Class I.—The agents in the United Kingdom of packers or driers abroad.

Class II.—Persons, firms, or corporations domiciled in the United Kingdom who, in the opinion of the Committee, have received by way of sale or consignment from a packer or drier abroad goods for delivery during 1915 without the intervention of an agent in this country;

provided the Committee are satisfied that the following conditions and regulations have been observed.

2. Such agents, persons, firms, or corporations (hereinafter called the Licensees), will be required to sign and send to the Committee a statutory declaration not later than the 8th June, setting out a complete specification of the quantities and tonnage and countries of origin of their importations effected through or by them, during the year 1915. This total shall include only goods for which Customs entries have been passed between and including January 1st, 1915, and December 31st, 1915. These figures will be compared with the Board of Trade returns and when approved by the Committee the licensees will be entitled to obtain licences to import after October 31st, 1916, 50 per cent. of such tonnage quantities unless sufficient reasons are furnished to the Committee for withholding, transferring or otherwise dealing with the licences for the whole or any part of such goods.

An applicant under Class I would therefore declare the quantities imported by his Customers through his Agency. An applicant under Class II would declare only importations made without the intervention of an agent in this country. The two categories must be kept distinct.

3. The licensees shall offer, subject to usual contract conditions, such tonnage quantities to their customers of the year 1915 to the specified extent of 50 per cent., and so far as the circumstances of the trade and season permit in the same kinds, as such customers obtained during the year 1915 by direct forward sale, from shipments arriving during that year. Such offers shall be made within three days of the licensee receiving prices from abroad, and shall remain as an option to the buyer for seven days from the date of the offer.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

4. The said goods shall be so offered at prices which are not in the opinion of the Committee unreasonably inflated by reason of the restriction of importation or otherwise, and it must be distinctly understood by all concerned that the Committee will regard any proved breach of this regulation as sufficient to justify the withdrawal, transfer or refusal of a licence.

It should be noted that clauses (3) and (4) do not apply to goods which by the custom of the trade are sold after importation into the United Kingdom by auction or otherwise.

5. Subject to the foregoing provisions any licensee is at liberty to dispose of any balance not accepted by his customers.

6. All goods from the United States of America must be forwarded by overland route to a United States port on the Atlantic Seaboard.

7. Any complaints as to the non-observance of any of these conditions may be brought before the Committee, who shall be entitled to withhold, revoke, transfer, or otherwise deal with any licence.

8. Should no sufficient reason have been shown to the Committee for withholding or otherwise dealing with a licence, the licensee will be entitled to apply for and obtain licences, up to the agreed quantity in respect of each shipment. Such licences will not be issued before the 1st day of September, or in the case of Spain and Portugal, the 1st day of August, and application will only be recognised if made upon official forms.

9. If there is under these regulations any definite ground of complaint which cannot be settled between the parties amicably, and it is desired to appeal to the Committee, it is of the utmost importance that such complaint should be made in writing at the earliest opportunity after the occasion arises.

10. Copies of these regulations, forms of Statutory Declaration and forms of Applications for Licences may be obtained from the Board of Trade, Department of Import Restrictions, 22, Carlisle Place, London, S.W., to whom also complaints and other correspondence should be addressed. Envelopes should be marked Preserved Fruits.

* * * * *

The Committee have carefully considered from many points of view all the matters dealt with in these regulations and have welcomed representations from the Trades concerned, and their decisions have been formed in the belief that the rules they have framed will best protect the interests of all concerned in such a way as to occasion the least disturbance of trade relations and arrangements in view of a limited importation. They further desire to express the hope that as far as possible all sections of the trade not directly dealt with or provided for under these regulations will carry out the distribution of goods on similar lines to all their customers at reasonable prices.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

TRADING WITH THE ENEMY AMENDMENT ACT, 1916.

Enemy Businesses to be wound up.

Orders have been made by the Board of Trade requiring the undermentioned businesses to be wound up:—

143. British Phosphate Co., Ltd., Dock House, Billiter Street, London, E.C. Owners of phosphate bearing lands in Canada. *Controller:* J. Stanley Holmes, 33, Paternoster Row, London, E.C. 15th May, 1916.
144. Felix Schoeller, Jun., 55, Conduit Street, London, W. Importer of photographic paper. *Controller:* A. Henry Knight, Devonshire Chambers, 146, Bishopsgate, London, E.C. 15th May, 1916.
145. A. Hartrodt, 9-10, St. Mary-at-Hill, Eastcheap, London, E.C. Shipping agent. *Controller:* J. S. Feather, 35, Great Tower Street, London, E.C. 15th May, 1916.
146. L. S. Mayer and Co., 32 and 33, London Wall, London, E.C. Manufacturers of fancy goods. *Controller:* Basil Edgar Mayhew, Alderman's House, Bishopsgate, London, E.C. 18th May, 1916.
147. Kraft Brothers, 14, Bevis Marks, London, E.C. Bristle merchants. *Controller:* John Cooper, Capel House, 54, New Broad Street, London, E.C. 18th May, 1916.
148. Hardt and Co. (Buying and Shipping Agency of the South American Branches of the firm), Bridgewater House, Whitworth Street, Manchester. *Controller:* William Ros Sharp, 30, Brown Street, Manchester. 22nd May, 1916.
149. Oberfelt and Co.'s Successors (J. Fellner), 81, Fenchurch Street, London, E.C., Merchant in Incandescent Gas Mantles and Accessories. *Controller:* William McLintock, 158, Fenchurch Street, London, E.C. 22nd May, 1916.
150. Bernard Ullmann and Co., 90, Chiswell Street, London, E.C., Bronze Powder Manufacturers. *Controller:* William Hardy King, 13, Basinghall Street, London, E.C. 22nd May, 1916.
151. Max Schubert, 31, Aldermanbury, London, E.C., Manufacturers' Agent and Importer. *Controller:* Clive Bramwell Smith, 79, Bishopsgate, London, E.C. 22nd May, 1916.
152. F. W. Moellenkamp and Co., late 83 to 85, Farringdon Street, London, E.C., Agricultural Engineers, &c. *Controller:* Claude Edward Barker, 21, Finsbury Pavement, London, E.C. 22nd May, 1916.
153. Veit and Co., 6, Aldermanbury Avenue, London, E.C., Jewellery Manufacturers. *Controller:* Stanley Frederick Stephens, 12 and 14, Arthur Street, London Bridge, E.C. 22nd May, 1916.
154. L. Silverman and Co.'s Successors, 4, Playhouse Yard, Golden Lane, London, E.C., Paper Merchants. *Controller:* Arthur Jonathan Foster, 37, Walbrook, London, E.C. 22nd May, 1916.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

155. Isaria, Limited, 208, Tower Bridge Road, London, S.E., Dealers in Electric Meters, &c. *Controller:* G. S. Pitt, 140, Leadenhall Street, London, E.C. 11th May, 1916.
156. Aktienbrauerei Zum Lowenbrau in Munchen, Gamage Building, 118-122, Holborn, London, E.C., Agents for German Brewers. *Controller:* R. S. Paterson, 1, Walbrook, London, E.C. 11th May, 1916.
157. The Halfer Co., Limited, Orpington, Kent, Manufacturers of Marbling Colours, &c. *Controller:* Philip J. Stephens, 24, Coleman Street, London, E.C. 18th May, 1916.

[The text of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act, 1916, appeared on pp. 377-83 of the "Board of Trade Journal" of 10th February; the businesses mentioned above are additional to those noted in the "Journal" as follows:—pp. 620-1, 2nd March; p. 692, 9th March; pp. 774-5, 16th March; pp. 852-4, 23rd March; pp. 939-40, 30th March; pp. 18-19, 6th April; pp. 80-2, 13th April; pp. 160-1, 20th April; pp. 215-6, 27th April; pp. 275-6, 4th May; p. 360, 11th May; and pp. 433-4, 18th May.]

FORMATION OF FINANCE SECTION OF THE FOREIGN OFFICE.

The Foreign Office announces that a Finance Section, in which has been incorporated the Finance Section of the Foreign Trade Department, has been formed to deal with financial matters connected with the Blockade.

The Controller of the new Section will be Mr. L. Worthington Evans, M.P., who will be assisted by Sir Adam Block, K.C.M.G. as Deputy Controller and Messrs. Eric Hambro, R. H. Foà and E. F. Davies as Financial Members.

Mr. E. F. Davies will also act as chief of the Financial Intelligence Section attached to the Finance Section.

The administration of the new Regulation—No. 41B under the Defence of the Realm Act—will be carried out by the Finance Section, and instructions will shortly be issued to banks, banking firms and exchange dealers.

The Offices of the Section are at Lancaster House, St. James's, S.W., temporarily, but will be removed to the City as soon as the City offices are available.

By arrangement with the Governor and Deputy Governor of the Bank of England, the Cornhill Committee has become an Advisory Committee of the new Section.

TRADE WITHIN THE EMPIRE.

Trading with the Enemy (Extension of Powers) Act, 1915, does not apply.

The Secretary of State for the Colonies has received a number of letters from firms in this country asking whether, having regard to the Royal Proclamations relating to Trading with the Enemy, they

are at liberty to trade with specified firms in British Colonies not possessing responsible Government and Protectorates. These applications appear to result from a misapprehension of the scope of the Trading with the Enemy (Extension of Powers) Act, 1915, and the Secretary of State thinks it desirable to explain that this Act and the Proclamations and Orders of Council under it do not apply to trade between firms and persons resident or carrying on business within the Empire.

Arrangements have been made for the liquidation of enemy firms in British Colonies and Protectorates under the direction of the local Governments. Trading with all firms in the Colonies and Protectorates which are allowed to continue carrying on business is legitimate. (C. 14,782.)

INSURANCE OF RUSSIAN FLAX OR TOW.

The "London Gazette" of 23rd May contains a notice issued by the Army Council to the effect that, in pursuance of the powers conferred on them by Regulation 30A of the Defence of the Realm (Consolidation) Regulations, 1914, they authorise and permit the insurance of Russian flax or tow purchased or sold before 21st March, 1916.

[N.B.—The purchase, sale, and dealing in dressed or undressed Russian flax or tow, except under licence from the War Department, was prohibited by a notice of the Army Council dated 21st March—see p. 940 of the "Board of Trade Journal" of 30th March last.]

IRON, STEEL AND ENGINEERING TRADES.

The President of the Board of Trade has appointed Mr. Henry Summers to be an additional member of the Committee recently appointed to consider the position after the War of the Iron, Steel and Engineering Trades (see notice on p. 855 of the "Board of Trade Journal" of 23rd March).

GILBERT AND ELLICE ISLANDS COLONY.

The "London Gazette" of 19th May publishes an Order-of-Council, dated 27th January, 1916, which has the effect of extending the boundaries of the Gilbert and Ellice Islands Colony so as to include Ocean Island, Fanning Island, and Washington Island.

A further Order-of-Council, dated 29th Februaty, published in the same issue of the "Gazette," orders that the Union Islands, together with all small islands, islets, rocks, and reefs depending on them, shall be annexed to, and form part of, His Majesty's Dominions, and that the boundaries of the Gilbert and Ellice Islands Colony shall be extended so as to include the Union Islands and their Dependencies.

Government Notices affecting Trade.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT TRADE COMMISSIONER SERVICE IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

The Canadian Minister of Trade and Commerce announces the reorganisation of the Canadian Government Trade Commissioner Service in the United Kingdom, whereby the London Commissioner is constituted Chief Trade Commissioner for the United Kingdom with general supervision over the other offices.

All the Commissioners are in a position to furnish information about Canadian trade and commercial matters generally, and also regarding the products and resources of the Dominion. The following list gives the addresses of the various offices and the territory covered by each :—

London : Mr. Harrison Watson (Chief Trade Commissioner), 73, Basinghall Street, E.C.

Birmingham : Mr. J. E. Ray, Central House, Birmingham.
Area comprising the counties of Derby, Nottingham, Stafford, Shropshire, Leicester, Rutland, Northampton, Warwick, and Worcester.

Bristol : Mr. N. D. Johnston, Sun Buildings, Bristol.
Area comprising the counties of Gloucester, Wiltshire, Somerset, Dorset, Devon and Cornwall, and South Wales.

Glasgow : Mr. J. T. Lithgow, 87, Union Street, Glasgow.
Area comprising Scotland and Border.

Leeds : Mr. F. A. C. Bickerdike, 27 and 28, Pearl Buildings, East Parade, Leeds.
Area comprising the counties of Durham (including Newcastle), Yorkshire and the Northern half of Lincoln, including the city of Lincoln.

Manchester : Mr. J. Forsyth Smith, Canada Chambers, 36, Spring Gardens, Manchester.
Area comprising the counties of Lancashire, Cheshire, and North Wales.

RESTRICTIONS ON THE ACQUISITION, ETC. OF REAL PROPERTY AND MINERAL DEPOSITS BY FOREIGNERS IN SWEDEN.

H.M. Minister at Stockholm reports that a Bill has been laid before the Swedish Riksdag whereby subjects of foreign countries are prohibited from acquiring real property, from acquiring or working mineral deposits, and from carrying on mining or obtaining mining concessions in Sweden, without the special consent of the King. These provisions apply also to foreign companies, societies and other foreign corporations. Moreover, rigorous provisions are laid down to prevent foreigners from acquiring control over Swedish mining companies and corporations. For example, foreigners may not own more than one-fourth of the shares in Swedish joint-stock mining companies. (C. 15,934.)

The Law will come into force as soon as issued.

[A notice relative to the Swedish Mining Law of 16th May, 1884, and the Swedish Company Law of 12th August, 1910, appeared on p. 546 of the "Board of Trade Journal" of 14th December, 1911.]

TRADE CONDITIONS ABROAD.

CHINA (SWATOW).—H.M. Consul at Swatow (Mr. G. D. Pitzipios) has furnished the following account of commercial conditions in his Consular district in 1915 :—

Imports.—The total value of foreign goods imported into Swatow in 1915 was £2,063,600, of which £1,760,000 represented direct trade with the British Empire.

Business in piece-goods was profitable, particularly in the dyed and fancy articles which are at a premium owing to the dyestuffs difficulty. Whites and greys were also affected by the dearness of dyes and the consumption of these suffered to a certain extent.

Compared with 1914, and with the average of the five years ended 1914, imports of Indian yarn in 1915 were extremely small, amounting in value to only 1,218 piculs, while imports of Japanese yarns increased very greatly.

The most profitable goods dealt in during the year were dyestuffs. Speculation in available stocks, which constantly changed hands, sent up prices to very high figures. For example, the price of a cask of aniline dye at the time of writing (20th February) was about £46 8s., as compared with about £4 10s. before the war. Red dye, formerly sold at about 4d. a bottle, had advanced to about 5s. Thus, while speculators are making large profits, there is little chance of dyestuffs reaching the hands of the actual dyers, and the scarcity tends to reduce imports of cotton yarn for weaving into cloth.

Exports.—The total value of exports from Swatow in 1915 was £2,047,100, of which £1,267,500 went to foreign countries and Hong Kong. A larger quantity of sugar was exported than in the preceding year, but the gradual decline in the Swatow sugar industry cannot be said to have been arrested by the increased demand for supplies.

Exports of liquid indigo rose from 12,249 piculs in 1914 to 51,741 piculs in 1915. Cultivators have increased the planting of the shrub and it is now to be seen in many tracts of land formerly given over to cereals (C.I.B. 12,709.)

Picul = 133⅓ lbs.

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PERSIA (KHORASAN).—H.M. Agent and Consul-General at Khorasan (Lieut.-Col. T. W. Haig, C.M.G.) reports that the value of the trade of Khorasan in the year ended 20th March, 1915, excluding that through the parcel post, amounted to £2,175,163 as compared with £2,601,257 in the preceding year, and that for this decrease the war is a sufficient explanation.

Parcel Post Imports.—The value of the trade through the parcel post declined from £221,242 in 1913-14, to £104,920 in 1914-15. There are promising openings for British trade in Eastern Persia, and although the war has necessarily diverted much attention from purely commercial questions those prospects have not been injured otherwise than by the interruption of postal communication with

Trade Conditions Abroad.

Western Europe, and the consequent checking of the importation of goods from the United Kingdom by the popular channel of the parcel post. Imports from the United Kingdom by parcel post declined from £25,268 in 1913-14 to £9,578 in 1914-15. This decrease was due to the closing of the ordinary postal routes, and the substitution for them of the route *viâ* Bergen, northern Scandinavia and Petrograd. Parcels have been received by this route, but postal communications in Russia have been dislocated and delays have been great. Owing to the unsatisfactory nature of this route exports from Khorasan to the United Kingdom by parcel post fell in value from £81,085 in 1913-14 to £17,349 in 1914-15. A revival of trade by this channel is not to be expected before the end of the war.

Had the Quetta-Nushki trade route been improved it would have secured the whole of the carrying trade in British and Indian goods to Eastern Persia and in Indian goods to Russia; British trade would thus have suffered less than it has in consequence of the closing of the Dardanelles, to which route much traffic had been diverted owing to the difficulties and delays of the overland trade route.

(A.R. 14/16.)

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SOUTHERN PATAGONIA.—H.M. Vice-Consul at Punta Arenas (Mr. J. E. Bell) has furnished the following report on the effects of the European war on Southern Patagonia, as shown by the shortage or otherwise of certain manufactured articles, special attention being paid to openings for trade in articles of United Kingdom manufacture:—

There is a British population of at least 5,000 in the Territory of Magallanes (Chile) and in the Southern Argentine, the great majority of whom are engaged in sheep farming. These people naturally have a predisposition in favour of buying goods of British manufacture, especially at the present time. Prior to the war the Germans were competing strongly in this market. Now there is no German competition, but it is not always easy to obtain goods from the United Kingdom. The consequence has been that imports from the United States have increased greatly. This Territory did not depend on Germany for anything essential; as a result of careful enquiries it has been found that, with the exception of a few drugs, there is nothing formerly obtained from Germany which cannot now be obtained from the United Kingdom or the United States.

It is not too much to say that at present 60 per cent. of the imports of manufactured articles into Southern Patagonia come from the United Kingdom. At the same time there is no doubt that this Territory has been somewhat neglected by the British commercial traveller. Punta Arenas is far away from the centres of civilisation and the market is limited. Nevertheless, almost any manufactured article sells, and the difficulty of representation can be overcome by appointing an energetic local agent.

Manufacturers of *sheep dip*, which is a peculiarly British speciality,

have long had their own agents on the spot. These agents, as a rule, are men trained in the home offices. American firms have completely captured the market in *motor cars*, which are no doubt well suited for the rough tracks of a new country. The deciding factor is usually the price, and the American cars are cheaper than those of British manufacture. *Motor cycles* have been imported with success, but the market is strictly limited. *Pianos and office furniture* have been imported lately from the United States but there is no reason why these goods should not be imported from the United Kingdom. The same might be said of *boots and shoes, and clothing*. In fact, the United Kingdom manufacturer has an advantage in this Territory owing to better means of transport and banking facilities. That orders are now going to the United States for the above goods is probably due to some extent to the war. Again, some of the purchasers from the United States are of German nationality. The only criticism H.M. Vice-Consul has heard made against goods of British manufacture is that sizes, *e.g.* of collars, are quoted in inches instead of centimetres. The same has been said with regard to the sizes of boots. More catalogues might with advantage be sent.

The names of British importers in Punta Arenas, who would be prepared to take up any promising speciality, may be obtained on application to the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade, 73, Basinghall Street, London, E.C. (C.I.B. 19,280.)

BRITISH TRADE WITH MOROCCO.

Need for Branch Establishments for Agency Business.

H.M. Consul at Fez (Mr. J. M. McLeod) writes, with reference to the appointment by British firms of Moorish merchants as agents in Morocco, that one of the greatest needs for the development of British trade there is for United Kingdom firms to establish houses of their own for agency business at Mequinez and Fez. Particularly is this so in connection with the new trades which are coming into existence by reason of developments of the country since the French Protectorate was established, and also as regards competing for a share of the trade in Morocco formerly carried on by German and Austrian firms. The possibilities of the new conditions that have arisen call for experience in the handling of such goods as *building materials, agricultural implements, and machinery*. (C.I.B. 84,050.)

UNITED KINGDOM TRADE WITH AUSTRALIA.

Visit of H.M. Trade Commissioner.

In accordance with the practice that has been established for H.M. Trade Commissioners in the British Self-Governing Dominions

to visit the United Kingdom officially from time to time, so that manufacturers and merchants may have the opportunity of consulting them on any matters connected with their business, or of obtaining information as to the possibilities of extending their trade, H.M. Trade Commissioner for Australia (Mr. G. T. Milne) is in this country, and has already interviewed a number of firms at the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade and at the Chambers of Commerce in London, Bristol, Cardiff, Birmingham, Wolverhampton, Walsall, Coventry, Leicester, Nottingham, Derby, Stoke, Dublin and Liverpool. Mr. Milne is continuing his tour to those trade and industrial centres in the Provinces which have been decided upon as most advantageous to visit in view of the applications that have been received from firms in or near those centres and from Chambers of Commerce. He attends the Manchester Chamber of Commerce during the remainder of this week, and afterwards will attend the Chambers of Commerce at Sheffield, Huddersfield, Leeds, Bradford, Newcastle, Edinburgh, Dundee, Dunfermline and Glasgow, in the order named. (C.I.B. 4,266.)

TRADE ENQUIRIES REGARDING MARKETS ABROAD.

The Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade invites applications from manufacturers and exporters of United Kingdom goods who are desirous of extending their trade in markets abroad. Such applications should specify the countries for which information is desired, and indicate—

(*a*) The precise kind of goods about which the enquirer desires information, and

(*b*) The particular points in regard to which he especially wants to be informed.

Attention is directed to this matter because, if applicants would make their enquiries *more precise*, they would benefit by receiving more precise information. It would also be in their interest to state whether they have already succeeded in obtaining any trade in the countries in question, whether they are represented by agents there, and if so by whom, and whether they are satisfied with their representation.

Applicants for information may apply direct to H.M. Trade Commissioners and the Imperial Trade Correspondents in the Dominions, the correspondents of the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade in other parts of the Empire, and to H.M. Consular Officers in foreign countries, but it is generally desirable that they should apply, *in the first instance*, to the Commercial Intelligence Branch, 73, Basinghall Street, London, E.C., because by the adoption of this course much delay may be avoided in those cases in which the Branch is already in possession of the required information.

DEVELOPMENT OF TRADE WITH SWITZERLAND.

The following information regarding the means whereby British trade with Switzerland may be developed, has been received from H.M. Minister at Berne:—

For the development of foreign trade there is nothing to equal the frequent calls of a suitable representative who knows the country, the language, and the technical side of his business, very thoroughly. No representative should be sent to Switzerland who cannot speak French or German (preferably both) fluently and correctly. Almost two-thirds of the Swiss people speak German, the rest French or Italian.

Catalogues, &c. should be in French, German, or Italian according to the district, German being required in the case of firms in North and East Switzerland, and Italian in the case of small firms in Italian Switzerland; the weights and measures should be those of the metric system and the prices in francs; as far as possible prices should be for goods delivered at customers' premises or at the nearest railway station. Many orders are lost to British firms because they do not quote inclusive prices. A purchaser is often willing to pay a price which will more than meet the charges for insurance and freight if he can obtain goods under these conditions, as he then knows the exact cost.

The question of terms of payment is also of great importance. The facilities for payments, as well as the low prices at which German goods are supplied, almost oblige the Swiss importer to import from Germany.

The principal articles sent by Germany to Switzerland are coal, iron and other metals, hardware, ironmongery, machinery, leather, and books, and imports of these articles constitute 51 per cent. of the total of imports from Germany. It will thus be seen that the principal imports into Switzerland from Germany consist of heavy goods where the freight decides the price, and it would appear doubtful whether the high cost of transport from the United Kingdom to Switzerland on such goods would permit of successful competition by United Kingdom firms in them.

There are, however, many openings for United Kingdom manufacturers to do business in Switzerland (some of these are referred to on p. 489), but the market has to be carefully studied, and an endeavour made to supply cheaper goods. Before the war Germany had almost a monopoly of many different articles solely on account of the low prices at which German manufacturers could supply. The superior qualities of British-made goods are admitted, but Swiss consumers cannot afford to pay for such qualities. (C. 14,249.)

[N.B.—In doing business with Switzerland, regard should be had to the restrictions on trading with that country. See Notice to Exporters on pp. 485–6.]

WORLD'S SUPPLY OF RAW SILK IN 1915.

H.M. Consul at Lyons (Mr. E. R. E. Vicars) has forwarded the appended table of statistics, which have been published by the Lyons Silk Merchants' Union, showing the estimated world's supply of raw silk in 1915, together with the definitive figures for the previous year.

It will be seen that European supply of silk in 1915 showed a marked falling-off as compared with the previous year, and the same remark also applies to exports under the heading "Levant and Central Asia." Owing, however, to largely increased exports from both China and Japan—and more particularly the latter—the world's supply of silk amounted to 23,085,000 kilogs. in 1915, as compared with 22,220,000 kilogs. in 1914. It should be noted also that the average world's supply of silk during the eight years preceding the war was 24,438,000 kilogs.

	1914.	1915.
Western Europe.	Kilogs.	Kilogs.
France	405,000	130,000
Italy	4,060,000	2,878,000
Spain	73,000	50,000
Austria	176,000	102,000
Hungary	126,000	65,000
Total	4,840,000	3,225,000
Levant and Central Asia.		
Turkey-in-Asia—		
Broussa and Anatolia	345,000	175,000
Syria and Cyprus	430,000	350,000
Other Provinces	110,000	65,000
Turkey-in-Europe	60,000	30,000
Balkan States (Bulgaria, Servia and Roumania) ...	175,000	100,000
Greece, Salonica and Crete	140,000	80,000
Caucasus	360,000	125,000
Turkestan and Central Asia (exports)...	85,000	50,000
Persia (exports)	80,000	40,000
Total	1,785,000	1,015,000
Far East.		
China—		
Exports from Shanghai	4,135,000	5,540,000
" " Canton	1,920,000	1,960,000
Japan : Exports from Yokohama	9,490,000	11,250,000
India : Exports from Bengal and Cashmere	34,000	81,000
Indo-China : Exports from Saigon, Haiphong, &c. ...	16,000	14,000
Total	15,595,000	18,845,000
Grand Total	**22,220,000**	**23,085,000**

Kilog. = 2·2046 lbs.

(C.I.B. 20,097.)

TARIFF CHANGES AND CUSTOMS REGULATIONS.

BRITISH INDIA.

Prohibiting Exportation of Lac, except to British Ports.

The Board of Trade have received, through the India Office, copy of a telegram from the Government of India reporting that the export of lac of all kinds, not including lac dye, has been prohibited from British India to all destinations except the United Kingdom, British Possessions and Protectorates, with effect from the 13th May.

[*Note.*—The exportation of lac of all kinds, including shellac, gum lac, and stick lac, but not including lac dye, was previously prohibited to all countries in Europe, and on the Mediterranean and Black Seas, other than the United Kingdom, Russia (except the Baltic Ports), France, Italy, Spain and Portugal. See Notice on p. 6 of the Supplement to the "Board of Trade Journal" of the 13th April, 1916.] (C. 15,860.)

Issue of Licences discontinued for importation of Unset Diamonds from Holland.

With reference to the Notice, particulars of which appeared on pp. 610-11 of the "Board of Trade Journal" of the 2nd December, 1915, relative to the restriction of the importation of unset diamonds into British India, the "Indian Trade Journal" of the 21st April contains a communiqué to the effect that the Government of India have discontinued the issue of licences for the direct importation of unset diamonds into India from Holland. The licences already granted for that purpose by the Local Government and Administrations will cover only diamonds posted in Holland not later than 20th April, 1916. (C. 15,974.)

SOUTHERN RHODESIA.

Proposed Ordinance to regulate sale of Food and Drugs in a pure state.

The Board of Trade have received from H.M. Trade Commissioner in the Union of South Africa, copy of an Ordinance which is to be introduced into the Legislative Council of Rhodesia to make provisions for the sale of food and drugs in a pure state.

The Ordinance enumerates a number of instances of adulteration, &c. which under its provisions are considered offences, *e.g.*, the mixing of injurious ingredients with articles of food, and selling the same; mixing injurious ingredients with drugs, and selling the same; the sale of food or drugs not of the proper substance, nature and quality; the sale of compounded articles of food or drugs not in accordance with demand of purchaser, unless labelled to that effect; abstraction of part of an article of food before sale, and selling without notifying such abstraction.

Provision is made for the appointment of analysts to carry out the Ordinance.

Tariff Changes and Customs Regulations.

SOUTHERN RHODESIA—*continued.*

Importation of Butter, &c.

It is also provided in the Ordinance, that every person importing into the Territory any butter, butterine, margarine, or similar article shall conform to the following regulations:—

(1) Every package, whether opened or closed, and containing butter, butterine, margarine or similar article, shall be branded or durably marked "Butter," "Margarine" (or other article as the case may be) on the top, bottom and sides, in printed capital letters.

(2) If such article be exposed for sale there shall be attached to each parcel thereof so exposed, and in such manner as to be clearly visible to the purchaser, a label marked in printed capital letters, containing the word "Butter," "Margarine" (or other article, as the case may be).

(3) Every person selling any such article, save in a package duly branded or durably marked as aforesaid, shall in every case deliver the same to the purchaser in or with a paper wrapper, on which shall be printed, in capital letters clearly visible to the purchaser, the word "Butter," "Margarine" (or other article as the case may be).

(C.I.B. 18,290.)

Customs Decisions.

The Board of Trade have also received from H.M. Trade Commissioner in South Africa, copy of Government Notice (No. 118 of 1916), giving Customs Decisions (No. 6) relative to the rates of duty leviable upon certain articles on importation into Southern Rhodesia.

The following are the principal decisions given therein:—

Articles.	No. of Tariff Heading.	Rates of Import Duty.		
		Under the General Tariff.	On goods the produce or manufacture of the United Kingdom and reciprocating British Possessions.	On goods the produce or manufacture of non-reciprocating British Possessions.
Acetylene gas lamps, with generator separate	114 (*b*)	3 % *ad val.*	Free	Free
Cartons, printed, for enclosing goods	193	20 % "	9 % *ad val.*	9 % *ad val.*
*Cigarette papers, similar to those sold by tobacconists	71	25 % "	9 % "	9 % "
Filter paper	120	3 % "	Free	Free
Press, garage, for pressing gears on to shaftings	114 (*b*)	3 % "	Free	Free
Rexine leather cloth (imitation leather for bookbinders) ...	82	3 % "	Free	Free
Shoddy (a waste)	193	20 % "	9 % *ad val.*	9 % *ad val.*
Syringes for laying dust in mines	132	3 % "	Free	Free
Syringes for the eye and ear (rubber) not a surgical appliance	193	20 % "	9 % *ad val.*	9 % *ad val.*

* Revised decision. (C. 16,024.)

Tariff Changes and Customs Regulations.

PROTECTORATE OF SOUTH-WEST AFRICA.

Increased Duty on Spirits imported into, and manufactured in, the Protectorate.

The Board of Trade have received, through the Colonial Office, copy of Proclamation No. 4 of 1916, notifying that from the 1st April, 1916, the duty on spirits imported into the Protectorate, and the excise duty on spirits manufactured therein, have been increased by 2s. 6d. per imperial gallon.

[*Note.*—This increase is in consequence of similar increased duties imposed in the Union of South Africa on the introduction of the Budget,* and is in accordance with the Protectorate Proclamations Nos. 6 and 15 of 1915, notifying that the duties operative in the Protectorate are to be identical with those imposed under the various current Union Tariff Acts and Excise Acts.] (C. 16,457.)

JAMAICA.

Prohibited Exports: Consolidated Proclamation.

Adverting to the Notice which appeared on pp. 105-113 of the Supplement to the "Board of Trade Journal" of the 13th April last, relative to the prohibition of the exportation of various articles from Jamaica under Proclamations dated 20th and 21st January, 1916, the Board of Trade have now received copy of a further Proclamation, dated 17th March, 1916, which revokes the previous Proclamations. The articles included in the lists in the present Proclamation, and the extent to which their exportation from the Colony is prohibited, are mainly identical with those given in the previous Proclamations. Some additional articles have been included, however, in the lists of prohibited exports, and certain amendments made, viz.:—

(A) To all destinations other than the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and British Possessions and Protectorates:—

Forage and food which may be used for animals, namely:—
- Beans, including haricot beans, Burma and Rangoon beans.
- Cakes and meals, the following, namely:—
  - Compound cakes and meal.
  - Cottonseed cakes, decorticated and undecorticated, and cottonseed meal.
  - Linseed cake and meal.
- Hay.
- Lentils.
- Maize.
- Malt dust, malt flour, culms, sprouts or combings.
- Offals of corn and grain, including:—
  - Bran and pollard.
  - Rice meal (or bran) and dust.
  - Sharps and middlings.
- Patent and proprietary cattle foods of all kinds.
- Straw.

* Details of these increased duties appeared on pp. 121-2 of the "Board of Trade Journal" of the 13th April, 1916.

Tariff Changes and Customs Regulations.

JAMAICA—*continued.*

(A)—*continued.*

Provisions and victuals which may be used as food for man, namely :—
- Animals, living, for food.
- Barley, barley meal, and pearled and pot barley.
- Butter.
- Cheese.
- Eggs in shells.
- Lard and imitation lard.
- Malt.
- Margarine.
- Milk, condensed or preserved, whether sweetened or not.
- Oatmeal and rolled oats.
- Peas (except tinned and bottled peas and peas packed in cardboard boxes and similar receptacles).
- Sugar of all kinds, including unrefined, refined and candy.

[These items, with the exception of sugar, were not previously specifically prohibited from exportation, but were comprised under the heading "Foodstuffs and Feeding Stuffs, etc." Group (B).]

Cotton rags.
Linen rags.
Waste paper.
[The above are new items.]
Capsicum and oleo resin of capsicum *and all other peppers.*
Railway waggons *and their component parts.*
[The italicised words only are new.]
Oils and fats, all animal and vegetable, other than essential oils.
[Formerly included under "Foodstuffs, etc.," Group B.]

(B) To all foreign countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean and Black Seas, other than France, Russia (except through Baltic ports), Italy, Spain and Portugal :—

Canes and sticks, unmounted, whether for basket making or not.
Europhen.
Files.
*Forage and food which may be used for animals, all articles of, and the raw materials thereof, not otherwise prohibited, including :—
- Buckwheat.
- Cakes and meals, the following, namely :—
  - Biscuit meal.
  - Calf meal.
  - Fish meal and concentrated fish.
  - Gluten meal or gluten feed.
  - Groundnut or earthnut cake and meal.
  - Hempseed cake and meal.
  - Husk meal.
  - Locust bean meal.
  - Maize meal and flour.
  - Meat meal.
  - Palmnut cake and meal.
  - Poppyseed cake and meal.
  - Rapeseed or colzaseed cake and meal.
  - Sesame seed cake and meal.
  - Soya bean cake and meal.
  - Sunflour seed cake and meal.
- Chick peas, pigeon peas, gram or dhol.
- Dari.
- Green forage.
- Lupin seeds.
- Maize germs and maize germ meal.
- Mill dust and screenings of all kinds.
- Millet.

Pocket lamp cases, and cases fitted with bulbs, but not containing batteries.

* *See* Note on p. 547.

Tariff Changes and Customs Regulations.

JAMAICA—*continued.*

(B)—*continued.*

*Provisions and victuals which may be used as food for man, and the raw materials thereof, not otherwise prohibited, including :—

Arrowroot.
Bacon, ham and pork.
Bean flour and meal.
Biscuits, bread and cakes, all kinds of.
Cassava powder and tapioca.
Cocoa powder.
Cocoa, raw, of all kinds and all preparations of cocoa, including cocoa husks, cocoa shells, and chocolate.
Coffee.
Corn flour.
Corn grits.
Fish of all kinds, whether cured, salted or fresh.
Hominy.
Lentil flour and meal.
Macaroni, spaghetti and vermicelli.
Mandioca or tapioca flour.
Meat of all kinds (except poultry and game), not including beef and mutton, fresh or refrigerated (the exportation of which is prohibited under Group A).
Onions.
Pea flour and meal.
Potatoes.
Prepared foods wholly or partially derived from cereals.
Rice and rice flour.
Rye, rye flour and meal.
Sago and sago meal and flour.
Semolina.
Soups, compressed and desiccated.
Tinned and potted meats and extract of meat.
Vegetables, fresh, except peas.

Rum and imitation rum.

[The above are new items.]

Canvas of all kinds.
Canvas hose of all kinds.
Drills, woven, of all kinds.
Ducks, woven, of all kinds.

[In lieu of item "Flaxen canvas, etc."]

Linen, namely :—

Linen yarns (not including linen thread).
Linen piece goods, unbleached or not bleached in the piece.
Union cloths containing cotton in the proportion of 25 per cent. or upwards.

[In lieu of items "Linen close canvas" and "Linen duck cloth."]

(D) To all destinations other than the United Kingdom, British Possessions and Protectorates, and France, Italy and Russia (except through Baltic ports):—

All oleaginous nuts, seeds and products, including :—

Castor beans.
Coconuts.
Copra.
Cotton seed.
Ground nuts, earth nuts or pea nuts (arachides).
Hemp seed.
Linseed.
Palm nuts and palm kernels.
Poppy seed.
Rape or colza seed.

* The articles under these headings were not previously specifically prohibited from exportation, but were included under the general heading of "Foodstuffs and feeding stuffs" in this Group. See also Group (A).

Tariff Changes and Customs Regulations.

JAMAICA—*continued.*

(D)—*continued.*

All oleaginous nuts, etc.—*continued.*

Sesame seed.
Soya beans.
Sunflower seed.

[The above heading is new, but most of the items were formerly included under "Foodstuffs, etc.," Group (B).]

[C. 15,908.]

MAURITIUS.

Prohibited Exports: Amended List.

Adverting to the Notice which appeared on pp. 59–67 of the Supplement to the "Board of Trade Journal" of the 13th April, and to a subsequent amending Notice in the "Board of Trade Journal," relative to the prohibition of the exportation of various articles from Mauritius under certain Proclamations, the Board of Trade have now received copy of a further Proclamation (No. 9 of 1916), dated 10th February, which amends the previous Proclamations and prohibits the exportation of the undermentioned articles from the Colony as follows:—

(C) To all foreign destinations other than France, Italy and Russia (except through Baltic ports):—

All oleaginous nuts, seeds and products.

[The above heading is new, and the items have been transferred from Group A.]

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.

Prohibited Exports: Amended Lists.

Adverting to the Notice which appeared on pp. 76-83 of the Supplement to the "Board of Trade Journal" of the 13th April, and to a subsequent Notice in the "Board of Trade Journal," relative to the prohibition of the exportation of various articles from the Straits Settlements under certain Proclamations, the Board of Trade have now received copies of further Proclamations dated 17th and 23rd March, 1916, which prohibit the exportation of the undermentioned articles, as follows:—

(A) To all destinations other than the United Kingdom, British Possessions and Protectorates—

Carbon electrodes for electric furnaces.
Forage and food which may be used for animals, namely :—
- Beans, including haricot beans, Burma and Rangoon beans.
- Cakes and meals, the following, namely :—
  - Compound cakes and meal.
  - Cottonseed cakes, decorticated and undecorticated, and cottonseed meal.
  - Linseed cake and meal.
- Hay.
- Lentils.
- Maize.
- Malt dust, malt flour, culms, sprouts or combings.
- Offals of corn and grain, including :—
  - Bran and pollard.
  - Rice meal (or bran) and dust.
  - Sharps and middlings
- Patent and proprietary cattle foods of all kinds.
- Straw.

Tariff Changes and Customs Regulations.

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS—*continued.*

(A)—*continued.*

Lead, scrap.
Oils and fats, all animal and vegetable, other than essential oils.
Petroleum coke.
Provisions and victuals which may be used as food for man, namely :—
- Animals, living, for food.
- Barley, barley meal, and pearled and pot barley.
- Butter.
- Cheese.
- Eggs in shells.
- Lard and imitation lard.
- Malt.
- Margarine.
- Meat, namely : beef and mutton, fresh or refrigerated.
- Milk, condensed or preserved, whether sweetened or not.
- Oatmeal and rolled oats.
- Peas (except tinned and bottled peas and peas packed in cardboard boxes and similar receptacles).
- Sugar, refined and candy.
- Sugar, unrefined.

[The above are new items.]

Bladders, *guts*, casings and sausage skins.
Bones *in any form, whole or crushed* (including dissolved bones, bone flour and bone meal), and bone ash.

[The italicised words only are new.]

(B) To all foreign countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean and Black Seas, other than France, Russia (except through Baltic Ports), Italy, Spain, and Portugal :—

Arrack.
Cork and cork dust, not including floor coverings manufactured partly of cork dust.
Forage and food which may be used for animals, and the raw materials thereof, not otherwise prohibited, including :—
- Brewers' and distillers' grains.
- Brewers' dried yeast.
- Buckwheat.
- Cakes and meals, the following, namely :—
  - Biscuit meal.
  - Calf meal.
  - Coconut and poonac cake.
  - Fish meal and concentrated fish.
  - Gluten meal or gluten feed.
  - Groundnut or earthnut cake and meal.
  - Hempseed cake and meal.
  - Husk meal.
  - Locust bean meal.
  - Maize germs and maize germ meal.
  - Maize meal and flour.
  - Meat meal.
  - Palmnut cake and meal.
  - Poppyseed cake and meal.
  - Rapeseed or colzaseed cake and meal.
  - Sesame seed cake and meal.
  - Soya bean cake and meal.
  - Sunflower seed cake and meal.
- Chick peas, pigeon peas, gram, or dhol.
- Dari.
- Green forage.
- Lupin seeds.
- Mill dust and screenings of all kinds.
- Millet.

Tariff Changes and Customs Regulations.

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS—*continued.*

(B)—*continued.*

Provisions and victuals which may be used as food for man, and the raw materials thereof, not otherwise prohibited, including :—

Arrowroot.
Bacon, ham and pork.
Bean flour and meal.
Biscuits, bread and cakes, all kinds of.
Casein.
Cassava powder and tapioca.
Cocoa powder.
Cocoa, raw, of all kinds, and all preparations of cocoa, including cocoa husks, cocoa shells, and chocolate.
Coconut, desiccated.
Coffee.
Corn flour.
Corn grits.
Fish of all kinds, whether cured, salted or fresh.
Hominy.
Lentil flour and meal.
Macaroni, spaghetti and vermicelli.
Mandioca or tapioca flour.
Meat of all kinds (except poultry and game), not including beef and mutton, fresh or refrigerated (prohibited under Group A).
Onions.
Pea flour and meal.
Potatoes.
Prepared foods wholly or partially derived from cereals.
Rice and rice flour.
Rye, rye flour and meal.
Sago and sago meal and flour.
Semolina.
Soups, compressed and desiccated.
Tinned and potted meats and extract of meat.
Vegetables, fresh, except peas.

[The above are new items.]

[The item "Foodstuffs and feeding stuffs, and the raw materials thereof, including all animal oils and fats," has been deleted. See also "Provisions and victuals, etc.," and "Oils and fats, etc." Group (A).]

Group (C) has been deleted and the following Group and items substituted :—

(C) To all destinations other than the United Kingdom, British Possessions and Protectorates, and France, Italy and Russia (except Baltic ports) :—

All oleaginous nuts, seeds and products, including :—

Castor beans.
Coconuts.
Copra.
Cotton seed.
Ground nuts, earth nuts, or pea nuts.
Hempseed.
Linseed.
Palm nuts and palm kernels.
Poppy seeds.
Rape or colza seed.
Sesame seed.
Soya beans.
Sunflower seed.

but not including "Vegetable oils" (Group A), nor "Raw cocoa," nor "Foodstuffs and feeding stuffs manufactured from oleaginous nuts, seeds and products" (Group B).

(C. 15,915.)

Tariff Changes and Customs Regulations.

FEDERATED MALAY STATES.

Prohibited Exports: Consolidated and Amended Lists.

With reference to previous Notifications, notices of which have appeared in various issues of the "Board of Trade Journal," relative to the prohibition of the exportation of articles from the Federated Malay States, the Board of Trade have now received copy of a further Notification (No. 1067), dated 27th March, 1916, which rescinds the previous Notifications and, at the same time, provides for the prohibition of the exportation of various articles to certain destinations from each of the Federated Malay States of Perak, Selangor, Negri Sembilan and Pahang.

The list of articles in the present Notification, and the extent to which their exportation is prohibited, are similar to those given in the rescinded Notifications, except as regards the following articles:—

(A) To all destinations other than the United Kingdom, British Possessions and Protectorates:—

Forage and food which may be used for animals, namely:—
- Beans, including haricot beans, Burma and Rangoon beans.
- Cakes and meals, the following, namely:—
  - Compound cakes and meal.
  - Cotton seed cakes, decorticated and undecorticated, and cottonseed meal
  - Linseed cake and meal.
- Hay.
- Lentils.
- Maize.
- Malt dust, malt flour, culms, sprouts or combings.
- Offals of corn and grain, including:—
  - Bran and pollard.
  - Rice meal (or bran) and dust.
  - Sharps and middlings.
- Patent and proprietary cattle foods of all kinds.
- Straw.

[Not previously specifically prohibited, but included under general heading of "Foodstuffs, &c.," Group (B).]

Oils and fats, all animal and vegetable, other than essential oils.

[Transferred from Group (B).]

Provisions and victuals which may be used as food for man, namely:—
- Animals, living, for food.
- Barley, barley meal, and pearled and pot barley.
- Butter.
- Cheese.
- Eggs in shells.
- Lard and imitation lard.
- Malt.
- Margarine.
- Meat, namely beef and mutton, fresh or refrigerated.
- Milk, condensed or preserved, whether sweetened or not.
- Oatmeal and rolled oats.
- Peas, except tinned and bottled peas and peas packed in cardboard boxes and similar receptacles.
- Sugar, refined and candy.
- Sugar, unrefined.

[See note to "Forage, &c.," above.]

(B) To all foreign countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean and Black Seas, other than France, Russia (except through Baltic ports), Italy, Spain and Portugal:—

Forage and food which may be used for animals, and the raw materials thereof, not otherwise prohibited, including:—
- Brewers' and distillers' grains.
- Brewers' dried yeast.

Tariff Changes and Customs Regulations.

FEDERATED MALAY STATES—*continued.*

(B)—*continued.*

Forage and food, etc.—*continued.*

Buckwheat.
Cakes and meals, the following, namely :—
- Biscuit meal.
- Calf meal.
- Coconut and poonac cake.
- Fish meal and concentrated fish.
- Gluten meal or gluten feed.
- Groundnut or earthnut cake and meal.
- Hempseed cake and meal.
- Husk meal.
- Locust bean meal.
- Maize germs and maize germ meal.
- Maize meal and flour.
- Meat meal.
- Palmnut cake and meal.
- Poppyseed cake and meal.
- Rapeseed or colzaseed cake and meal.
- Sesame seed cake and meal.
- Soya bean cake and meal.
- Sunflower seed cake and meal.

Chick peas, pigeon peas, gram or dhol.
Dari.
Green forage.
Lupin seeds.
Mill dust and screenings of all kinds.
Millet.

Provisions and victuals which may be used as food for man, and the raw materials thereof, not otherwise prohibited, including :—

Arrowroot.
Bacon, ham and pork.
Bean flour and meal.
Biscuits, bread and cakes, all kinds of.
Cassava powder and tapioca.
Cocoa powder.
Cocoa, raw, of all kinds and all preparations of cocoa, including cocoa husks, cocoa shells, and chocolate.
Coconut, desiccated.
Coffee.
Corn flour.
Corn grits.
Fish of all kinds, whether cured, salted or fresh.
Hominy.
Lentil flour and meal
Macaroni, spaghetti and vermicelli.
Mandioca or tapioca flour.
Meat of all kinds (except poultry and game), not including beef and mutton, fresh or refrigerated (prohibited under Group (A)).
Onions.
Pea flour and meal.
Potatoes.
Prepared foods wholly or partially derived from cereals.
Rice and rice flour.
Rye, rye flour and meal.
Sago and sago meal and flour.
Semolina.

[The above items have been substituted for "Foodstuffs and feeding stuffs, and the raw material thereof, including all animal oils and fats," which originally appeared in this Group. See also Group (A).]

Tariff Changes and Customs Regulations.

FEDERATED MALAY STATES—*continued.*

(C) To all destinations other than the United Kingdom, British Possessions and Protectorates, and France, Italy, and Russia (except through Baltic ports):—

All oleaginous nuts, seeds, kernels and products, including :—
Castor beans.
Coconuts.
Copra.
Cotton seed.
Ground nuts, earth nuts, or pea nuts (Arachides).
Hempseed.
Linseed.
Palm nuts and palm kernels.
Poppy seeds.
Rape or colza seed.
Sesame seed.
Soya beans.
Sunflower seed.
but not including raw cocoa, which is included in Group (B), nor vegetable oils, which are included in Group (A), nor foodstuffs and feeding stuffs manufactured from oleaginous nuts, seeds and products, which are included in Group (B).
[The above heading and items are substituted for the former Group (C) heading and items.] (C. 16,249.)

MALAY STATES NOT IN THE FEDERATION: KEDAH.

Prohibiting Export of Beeswax and Pepper, except to United Kingdom, &c.

The Board of Trade have received from the office of the High Commissioner for the Malay States, copies of decisions of the Kedah State Council prohibiting the export of beeswax and pepper, except to the United Kingdom, British Possessions and Protectorates.

(C. 15,743.)

HONG KONG.

Prohibited Exports: Amended Lists.

Adverting to the notice which appeared on pp. 84-92 of the "Supplement to the "Board of Trade Journal" of the 13th April, relative to the prohibition of the exportation of certain articles from the Colony under various Proclamations, the Board of Trade have now received copies of Proclamations dated 17th and 24th March, 1916, which amend the previous Proclamations, and prohibit the exportation of the undermentioned articles as follows:—

(A) To all destinations other than the United Kingdom and British Possessions and Protectorates:—

Cotton rags.
Linen rags.
Waste paper.
[The above are new items.]
Sugar of all kinds, refined and unrefined.
[Transferred from Group (C).]
Railway waggons *and their component parts.*
[The italicised words are now added.]

Tariff Changes and Customs Regulations.

HONG KONG—*continued.*

(C) To all foreign countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean and Black Seas, other than France, Russia (except through Baltic ports), Italy, Spain and Portugal:—

Canes and sticks, unmounted, whether for basket making or not.
Cordage and twine of Manila hemp.
Europhen.
Files.
Pocket lamp cases and cases fitted with bulbs, but not containing batteries.
Rum and imitation rum.
[The above are new items.]
Food stuffs of all kinds and anything which can be made into food for man, *except such articles as may for the time being be totally prohibited, or prohibited under Group (A).*
[The italicised words are now added.] (C. 15,731.)

NORWAY.

Prohibition of Exportation of Carnauba Wax.

The Board of Trade are in receipt, through the Foreign Office, of telegraphic information from H.M. Minister at Christiania to the effect that the exportation of *carnauba wax* from Norway has been prohibited. (C. 16,217.)

SWEDEN.

Prohibition of Exportation of certain Articles.

The Board of Trade are in receipt, through the Foreign Office, of telegraphic information from H.M. Minister at Stockholm to the effect that the exportation of the following articles from Sweden has been prohibited, as from the dates specified:—

Ash, elm and oak timber, unwrought; and cut or sawn ash, elm and oak timber [*May 19th.*];
Geese, poultry and other birds, living [*May 6th*];
Meat of fowls [*May 10th*];
Rice roots and rice straw [*May 19th*].

DENMARK.

Prohibition of Exportation of certain Articles.

The Board of Trade are in receipt, through the Foreign Office, of telegraphic information from H.M. Minister at Copenhagen to the effect that the exportation of *sacking-waste, bamboos, rattans and canes* from Denmark has been prohibited. (C. 16,434.)

FRANCE.

Custom Concession as regards the Tariff Classification of Steel in Bars.

The Board of Trade have received from the French Chamber of Commerce in London copy of a letter which has been addressed to the Chamber by the Direction Générale des Douanes in Paris notifying that the Minister of Finance has decided that, as a temporary measure and until the cessation of the war, steel in bars of a value of or exceeding 75 francs per 100 kilogs. is to be regarded for tariff purposes as "*acier fin peur outils*" (Tariff No. 207 *ter*) dutiable, under the "Minimum" Tariff, at the rate of 15 francs per 100 kilogs.

Tariff Changes and Customs Regulations.

FRANCE—*continued.*

[*Note.*—The tariff classification of steel in bars as "common steel" or as "fine steel for tools" depends on the value of the steel. Hitherto, all steel in bars of a value of or exceeding 50 francs per 100 kilogs. has been regarded as "fine steel for tools." Now, however, steel will be admitted at the lower rate (5 francs per 100 kilogs.) as common steel, provided that its value is less than 75 francs per 100 kilogs. The value of steel declared for Customs purposes as "common" must be specified in the Customs declaration and supported by the production of the "*facture d'origine*" visé by a French Consul. The value to be declared is that of the goods at the place where and time when they are presented to the French Customs for clearance; this value includes, consequently, all the costs which together make up the market value of the goods on their arrival in France (excluding import duty).

The French Customs control the declarations by an examination of the appearance of the metal, the shape and dimensions of the bars, the marks thereon, and the composition of the consignments.]

(C.I.B. 20,132.)

FRANCE AND ALGERIA.

Prohibition of Importation of certain Articles.

With reference to the notice at page 458 of last week's issue of the "Board of Trade Journal," the French "Journal Officiel" for the 14th May contains two Presidential Decrees, dated the 11th May, issued in virtue of the Law of the 6th May, which prohibit the importation of certain articles into France and Algeria.

The first of these Decrees deals with spirits, liqueurs, &c., and a translation of this measure is subjoined:—

Article 1.—The importation into France and Algeria, under any Customs régime, of alcohols (brandies and spirits of all kinds) and of liqueurs from foreign countries is prohibited.

The prohibition does not apply to—

goods imported on account of the State;

alcohols imported by manufacturers of liqueur wines, vinegar, chemical or pharmaceutical products, varnish or perfumery, or by syndicates of such manufacturers, on condition that the alcohols so imported are sent to the establishment for which destined under bond, and subject to proof that they are used for the purpose indicated.

Article 2.—As exceptions to the prohibition, the following shall be allowed to be imported:—

alcohols which are proved to the satisfaction of the authorities to have been despatched direct to France or Algeria prior to the date of publication of the present Decree;

alcohols declared (in France or Algeria) for warehousing by the same date;

alcohols in respect of which proof is afforded that they were purchased under contract made before the 6th April, 1916, such proof having to be produced to the French Ministry of Commerce within a fortnight from the date of publication of the present Decree.

Article 3.—The prohibition shall be abrogated by Decree issued in the same form as the present Decree.

The second Decree prohibits the importation of a lengthy list of articles, and a translation of the Decree and of the schedule of goods annexed thereto is given on next page:—

Tariff Changes and Customs Regulations.

FRANCE AND ALGERIA—*continued.*

Article 1.—The importation from foreign countries into France and Algeria, under any Customs régime, of the articles specified in the Schedule annexed to the present Decree is prohibited.

The prohibition does not apply to—

goods imported on account of the State;

consignments which are proved to the satisfaction of the authorities to have been despatched direct to France or Algeria prior to the date of publication of the Decree;

goods declared (in France or Algeria) for warehousing by the same date;

goods in respect of which proof is afforded that they were purchased under contract made before the 6th April, 1916, this proof having to be produced to the French Ministry of Commerce within a fortnight from the date of publication of the present Decree.

Article 2.—By way of exception, and on the proposal of the Minister of Commerce and Industry or the Minister of Agriculture, relaxations of the prohibition may be authorised, under conditions to be laid down by the Minister of Finance.

Article 3.—The prohibition shall be abrogated by Decree issued in the same form as the present Decree.

Schedule Annexed to the Decree of the 11*th May*, 1916.

No. in French Customs Tariff.	Articles.
18 *ter*	Truffled poultry.
19 *ter*	*Pâtés de foi* in tins, jars or pastry.
ex 26	Ornamental feathers, prepared or mounted.
ex 48	Fresh oysters, other than seed oysters, and marinated oysters.
49	Lobsters and crayfish, fresh, preserved or prepared.
ex 84	Fresh table fruits— Forced grapes and fruits. Other than those specified by name in No. 84 of the French Tariff*, imported during periods other than the period of production in France.
ex 85	Pistachio-nuts.
ex 86	Candied or preserved table fruits, other than gherkins, cucumbers, picholines and capers.
ex 170	Nursery and hothouse plants and shrubs:—Aroideous, amaryllideous, araliaceous, aspidistra, azalea indica, begonia, bromeliaceous, camellia, cycadaceous, cyclamens, crotons, dracaena, hothouse ferns, selaginellaceous, maranta, ophiopogon, orchidaceous, palms, pandanaceous, phormium.
174 *quater*	Mineral waters.
ex 175	Marble (statuary or other), sculptured, polished, shaped (turned, &c.), or otherwise worked.
ex 175 *bis*	Alabaster, sculptured or otherwise worked.
175 *ter*	Precious stones, cut, including so-called scientific stones, in the rough or cut.
ex 176	Agate and other similar stones, worked.
ex 176 *bis*	Rock crystal, worked.
ex 177	Stone, sculptured, shaped (turned, &c.), or polished, other than lithographic stones.
177 *bis*	Staff and plaster moulding.
177 *ter*	Balls (*chiques*) of stone.
311	Perfumery (soap and other).
337	Pottery of common clay, glazed or enamelled, not including bricks, tiles, and other builders' pottery.

* *I.e.*, other than lemons, oranges, cedrats, &c., mandarin oranges and "chinois," bananas, carob-beans, wine grapes and grape residue, must, apples and pears, figs and almonds.

Tariff Changes and Customs Regulations.

FRANCE AND ALGERIA—*continued.*

No. in French Customs Tariff.	Articles.
341	Stoneware (*poteries cuites en grès*) of fine paste, with or without decorations, reliefs or enamel.
345–346	Fine faience and majolica.
347	Porcelain.
	Glass and crystal—
348	Plate glass.
ex 350	Hollow glass (*gobeleterie*), other than articles for lighting purposes.
ex 358	Vitrifications—
	Imitation precious stones, charms (*breloques*), coloured or not, of glass.
	Flowers and ornaments of beads and porcelain ; mosaics on paper.
	Wreaths, finished or not, and other articles in vitrification or porcelain, with or without ornaments of metal.
391	Lace and guipure of tissues of linen, hemp, or ramie.
	Tissues of cotton, pure—
ex 419	Hosiery articles, other than gloves, embroidered by hand or machine or ornamented with lace or passementerie, including socks and stockings, openworked or "*à grisotte*," and stockings striped lengthwise by figure-weaving (*brochage*).
420 *bis*	Hand-made lace.
	Tissues of wool, pure—
ex 442	Carpets, other than plain or printed carpets.
ex 443	All articles of hosiery other than gloves of hosiery work, embroidered by hand or machine or ornamented with lace or passementerie.
446	Hangings (*tapisseries*).
ex 460, 460 *bis*, 460 *quin.*, & 460 *sex*	Clothing and other made-up articles of silk tissue.
ex 461 *bis*	Paper hangings and edgings of paper hangings, velveted, metallised, stamped, glazed, imitation leather.
464 *ter*	Fancy articles of cardboard (*cartonnages*) ornamented with paintings, reliefs, stuffs, wood, plaited straw, common metals, &c.
464 *quater*	Lincrusta and the like.
465 *ter*	Articles of cardboard or cellulose decorated by painting or with incrustations.
469	Engravings facsimiles of engravings, photogravures, photo-collographs and the like, prints, lithographs, chromos, decalcomania pictures, labels and designs of all kinds, including calendars, commercial advertisements and interiors of albums for photographs and collections and picture postcards.
469 *bis*	Photographs other than those having an artistic or documentary character.
469 *ter*	Photogravures and the like, in sheets or cut into cards, menus, &c.
484	Gloves of fur, skin, or leather.
490	Trunks—of wood or pasteboard covered with leather, and entirely of leather.
491	Wares of moroccoed leather (*maroquinerie*),* supple or hard.
491 *bis*	Covers for albums for collections, of leather, wood, fabric, paper, plain or decorated, and other.

* The term *maroquinerie* comprises the various articles manufactured by morocco-tanners, of which the principal part consists of leather (moroccoed or not), such as portfolios, blotting pads, hand bags, travelling bags (small or medium size), purses, albums, etc. "Hard" *maroquinerie* includes particularly articles in which the leather constitutes only an exterior covering stretched or fixed on a carcase of wood, cardboard, etc., and of which the value, compared with the weight, is relatively less than that of articles of "supple" *maroquinerie*. In the later category are included wares of which the leather constitutes the principal part, and forms, in a sense, the *body* of the article.

Tariff Changes and Customs Regulations.

FRANCE AND ALGERIA—*continued.*

No. in French Customs Tariff.	Articles.
491 *ter*	Albums for collections.
ex 492	Manufactures of skin or leather, natural or artificial—
	Clothing of all kinds.
	Valises, hand-bags, travelling bags, cases for photographical apparatus, for sporting guns, for musical instruments, &c.
	Canes, whips, riding whips, sticks, and similar articles of leather.
	Body belts of worked leather.
ex 495	Plate and other large wares (*orfèvrerie*) of gold, of platinum, of silver, or of silver-gilt.
ex 496	Gilt or silvered articles—
	Rolled gold or silver jewellery (*doublé*), on silver, on copper, on German silver or on pinchbeck.
	Plaqué (*i.e.*, wares of common metal covered, by rolling, with a sheet of precious metal) and wares—other than jewellery,—silvered or gilt.
496 *bis*	Imitation jewellery.
573	Articles of copper, pure or alloyed with zinc or tin :—
	Cloisonné enamels.
	Objects of art and ornament, including imitations.
ex 581	Old arms for collections, and arms of all descriptions for trophies.
ex 587	Casings and parts of grenades.
ex 591, *ex* 592, *ex* 592 *bis*	Furniture, carved, incrusted, with marquetry work, decorated with mosaic work, ornamented with copper, gilt or lacquered.
604	Musical instruments.
605	Accessories for, and detached parts of, musical instruments.
614	Carriages not to run on rails: vehicles other than those for commercial or agricultural use or for cartage.
ex 614 *bis*	Velocipedes (cycles) and parts thereof.
614 *ter*	Automobiles—
	Chassis, with or without motor, with or without carriage body.
	Carriage bodies for automobiles.
	Chassis carrying frames for automobiles, of stamped sheet steel.
	Iron or steel rims (*jantes*) for automobiles.
	Acetylene headlights and generators for automobiles.
629	Coral, mounted or cut.
630	Articles of real meerschaum.
630 *bis*, 630 *ter*	Articles of imitation meerschaum, of copal, of steatite, of petroid, of diolite or of asbestos.
635 *bis*	Photographic apparatus :—
	Apparatus called "detective," instantaneous, double-lens photographic apparatus and hand apparatus of all kinds, stereoscopic or not (verascope, glyphoscope, &c.), metal shutters.
	Cinematographs, projection apparatus, magic lanterns with cinematograph movements and other apparatus.
	Small wares (*tabletterie*) of ivory, mother-of-pearl, tortoiseshell, amber and amberoid :—
638 *ter*	Combs.
639	Billiard balls and countersunk beads.
640	Keys for musical instruments with keyboards.
640 *bis*	Tobacco pipes and stems of wood mounted in amberoid, amber, ivory, mother-of-pearl or tortoiseshell.
640 *ter*	Cigar-holders and cigarette-holders, mounted or not.
640 *quater*	Other articles.
641 *bis*	Small wares (*tabletterie*) of other materials :—boxes of lacquered wood, and all other articles.*

* Not including, however, tobacco pipes and stems of wood, mounted with other materials than amberoid, amber, &c. (No. 641.)

Tariff Changes and Customs Regulations.

FRANCE AND ALGERIA—*continued.*

No. in French Customs Tariff.	Articles.
643	Fans and handscreens, mounted or unmounted.
ex. 644	Brushmakers' wares, fine.
646	Products of the toy trade and fancy and bazaar goods (*articles de bimbeloterie*) and worked detached parts thereof.
ex 647 *bis*	Corsets of silk tissue, pure or mixed.
649	Worked human hair.
650	"Ouvrages de mode" (hats for women and girls trimmed with flowers, feathers, and other millinery ornaments).
651	Artificial plants, foliage and fruit, even affixed to other articles (except "ouvrages de mode"), branches for vases and similar decorative articles and detached parts thereof.
651 *bis*	Plants and flowers, naturalised, sterilised, painted or prepared.
ex 652	Umbrellas and parasols, of silk.
654	Articles for collections, not for trade purposes, other than samples, natural history specimens and Egyptian, Greek, Roman, &c. antiquities.

ROUMANIA.

Prohibition of Exportation of Silver, Nickel and Copper Coins.

The Roumanian "Monitorul Oficial" for the 8th/21st April contains a Royal Decree, dated the 7th/20th April, which prohibits the exportation from Roumania of *coins of silver, nickel and copper.*

(C. 14,500.)

REPUBLIC OF COLOMBIA.

Goods despatched to Colombia to be declared in Consular Invoices in accordance with the Tariff Nomenclature.

The Colombian "Diario Oficial" for the 20th January contains a Resolution of the Minister of Hacienda, dated the 29th December, 1915, which notifies that goods despatched to Colombia must be declared in the Consular invoices in the terms of the nomenclature of the Colombian Customs Tariff. Firms exporting goods to Colombia should therefore obtain from the Colombian importers or their agents the information necessary to enable them to declare the goods in accordance with the Tariff nomenclature.

[*Note.*—In this connection, the attention of British exporters is directed to the translation of the Colombian Customs Tariff published by the Board of Trade as a Parliamentary Return in 1914 (Reference No. Cd. 7,353, price 6d.). The original (Spanish) text of the Tariff may be consulted by persons interested at the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade, 73, Basinghall Street, London, E.C.]

(C. 15,813.)

SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT.

BRITISH CARGO STEAMSHIP SERVICES.

Information regarding British cargo steamship services, trading between the United Kingdom and all ports of the world, may be obtained on application to the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade, 73, Basinghall Street, London, E.C. Firms making written application for information are requested to state their requirements clearly, particularly indicating the ports or districts between which cargo is to be carried.

DETENTION OF CARGOES AND VESSELS BY H.M. ARMED FORCES.

The "London Gazette" of 19th May publishes the following further list of ships whose cargoes, or part of them, have been detained by H.M. Armed Forces :—

Name of Vessel.	Nationality.	Cargo detained at
Annie Johnsen	Swedish	Stornoway
Frederick VIII.	Danish	Kirkwall
Hellig Olaf	Danish	Kirkwall
Kristianiafjord	Norwegian	Kirkwall
Maleas	Greek	Malta
Neiuw Amsterdam	Netherland	London
Tranquebar	Danish	Liverpool
Sydic	Swedish	Kirkwall

The same issue of the "Gazette" also notifies that the Norwegian vessel "Lokken" has been detained at Kirkwall.

PROCEEDINGS BEFORE BRITISH PRIZE COURTS OVERSEA.

The "London Gazette" of 19th May notifies that proceedings have been instituted in the Prize Court in Malta in respect of certain cargoes *ex* the vessels "Maleas" and "Miltiades Embiricos"; and also in the Prize Court in Sierra Leone in respect of cargoes *ex* the vessels "Ciudad de Cadiz" and "Isla de Panay." Appearance should be entered by all persons claiming an interest as soon as possible.

CANADA.

H.M. Trade Commissioner in Canada (Mr. C. Hamilton Wickes) has forwarded an extract from the Montreal press relative to the Hudson Bay Railway, from which the following particulars are taken :—

Progress of Construction of Hudson Bay Railway.

The estimates of the Department of Railways, including appropriations of 3,000,000 dols. to carry on the construction of the Hudson Bay Railway and its terminals at Port Nelson, were passed by the Committee of Supply of the Canadian House of Commons on 3rd May.

Shipping and Transport.

CANADA—*continued.*

According to a statement then made by the Acting Minister of Railways, the expenditure on the Hudson Bay Railway up to 29th February last was about 10,404,000 dols., and about 4,862,000 dols. on the terminals at Port Nelson. The total estimated cost of the project would be 26,000,000 dols., of which 16,000,000 dols. would be for the railway and 10,000,000 dols. for the Port Nelson terminals, exclusive of grain elevators. Already on 241 miles of the 424 miles to be built the rails had been laid and grading had been completed on 378 miles. It was expected that the rails would be laid into Port Nelson by the autumn of 1917. (C.I.B. 19,820.)

Dol. = 4s. 1⅓d.

CANADA (BRITISH COLUMBIA).

Encouragement of Shipping and Shipbuilding.

According to telegraphic information received at the office of the High Commissioner in London for Canada, provision is made in a Bill recently introduced in the Legislature of British Columbia for aid to an aggregate amount of 2,000,000 dols. (about £411,000), which it is proposed to utilise by way of loans to assist the shipping and shipbuilding industries of that Province. (C.I.B. 19,406.)

AUSTRALIA.

Proposed New Railways in South Australia.

With reference to the notice on p. 217 of the "Board of Trade Journal" of 27th January last relative to the proposed construction of railways from Hanson to North Booborowie and from Willunga to Yankalilla, the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade is in receipt of copies of Reports on the projected lines by the South Australian Railways Commissioner.

The length of the proposed railway from Hanson to North Booborowie is 24 miles 30 chains; the gauge is to be 5ft. 3in., and the line is to be laid with 60 lb. rails. The total estimated cost of the line is £181,000, of which £10,000 will be for rolling stock.

The proposed Willunga-Yankalilla railway will be 23 miles long, of 5ft. 3in. gauge, and is to be laid with 60 lb. rails. The total estimated cost of construction is £399,000 and rolling stock is estimated to cost an additional £20,000.

A further Report by the Commissioner deals with a proposed railway from Long Plains to Port Augusta, a distance of 145 miles, at an estimated cost of £1,412,650, of which £73,650 will be for rolling stock. The gauge of the line, which will be laid with 80 lb. new rails, will be 5 ft. 3in.

The above-mentioned Reports, together with plans of the proposed lines, may be consulted by United Kingdom firms interested at the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade, 73, Basinghall Street, London, E.C.

MINERALS, METALS, AND MACHINERY.

AUSTRALIA.

Mineral Production of Queensland in 1915.

The "Queensland Government Mining Journal" for March publishes the Report of the Queensland Under-Secretary for Mines on the mining industry of the State during 1915. The Report shows that, despite adverse circumstances, the principal of which was the prevalence of drought in Northern Queensland, there has been an increase in the value of the mineral production of the State of £348,581, as compared with 1914, the output in 1915 being valued at £3,324,861. The gold yield in 1915 was slightly greater than in 1914, a decrease in the production of this metal having been averted by a considerably enhanced return from the auriferous-copper ores of Mount Morgan. In copper, the production of which in Queensland is now of greater value than that of gold, there was a substantial increase, as there was also in tin, wolfram and molybdenite.

The following table shows the quantity and value of the minerals produced in Queensland in 1914 and 1915 :—

—	1914.		1915.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
	Ozs.	£	Ozs.	£
Gold	249,468	1,059,674	249,711	1,060,703
Silver	253,964	26,506	239,748	23,972
	Tons.		Tons.	
Tin	2,085	176,197	2,125	183,472
Lead	724	12,134	486	10,638
Copper	18,436	1,118,648	19,704	1,428,793
Wolfram	241	21,764	416	54,300
Bismuth and wolfram ...	193	15,319	247	26,003
Molybdenite	78	38,190	97	45,060
Antimony	—	—	192½	3,425
Coal	1,053,990	416,292	1,024,273	409,342
Limestone (flux)	119,805	32,581	149,917	38,352
Ironstone (flux)	48,090	39,459	45,686	37,436
Opals and gems	—	17,800	—	1,100
Other minerals	—	1,716	—	2,265
Total	—	2,976,280	—	3,324,861

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Fuel Briquette Industry in 1915.

H.M. Consul-General at Chicago (Mr. H. D. Nugent) reports that the production of briquettes from coal dust in the United States in 1915 amounted to 221,537 tons (of 2,000 lbs.) valued at 1,035,716 dols (about £212,800). The manufacture of this kind of fuel in the United States is, however, still in its infancy and, according to the United States Geological Survey, a good many years will probably elapse before the briquette industry assumes very large proportions.

There were 15 briquetting plants in operation in the United States in 1915.

(C. 14,879.)

TEXTILES AND TEXTILE MATERIALS.

UNITED KINGDOM.

Cotton Statistics.

The number of bales of cotton **imported** into the United Kingdom during the week ended 18th May, 1916, was 71,174 (including 180 bales British West African and 313 bales British East African), and the number imported during the twenty weeks ended 18th May, 1916, was 1,693,875 (including 1,071 bales British West Indian, 1,313 bales British West African, 6,275 bales British East African, and 153 bales foreign East African). The number of bales **exported** during the week ended 18th May, 1916, was 5,289, and during the twenty weeks 208,257.

For further details see p. 570.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

H.M. Consul-General at Boston (Mr. F. P. Leay) has furnished the following account of conditions in the textile industry and wool trade of his Consular district:—

Textile Industry of Boston.

There is a very strong demand for prompt shipment of **cotton goods** of practically every description. New England cotton mills are extremely busy filling existing contracts and are continuing to operate at full speed. Nevertheless, cotton manufacturing is in perhaps the least satisfactory condition of any of the major New England industries. Makers of fine goods have been doing a very profitable business, but the fact remains that dealers in print cloths and staple lines of cotton goods have not, as yet, been able to realise satisfactory profits. The dyestuffs situation has adversely affected the market for grey goods, as printers and convertors are disinclined to purchase more than they can utilise with the restricted amount of dyestuffs on hand. Also the foreign demand for grey goods is not strong, and deliveries are hampered by the shortage of vessels and the high cost of freights.

The demand for **woollen and worsted goods** continues extremely strong, and the mills are enjoying great prosperity.

Wool Trade of Boston.

The price of rams' wool in the Boston market has appreciated from 5 to 10 per cent., fine wool showing the greater proportionate advance. At the date of writing (14th April) a pause in the upward trend of prices has occurred, but for how long it is impossible to say. According to a general estimate, the Eastern buyers have already contracted for 5,000,000 lbs. of wool, which is only 2 per cent. of the country's clip of shorn wool, but which is nevertheless enough to establish a basis for marketing the 1916 clip. Most of the wools thus far purchased are early shorn wools and are costing, landed in Eastern markets, very nearly the current level of selling prices. (C. 14,981.)

AGRICULTURAL & FOREST PRODUCTS.

UNITED KINGDOM.

Corn Prices.

The prices of British corn per quarter of 8 bushels, as received from the Inspectors of Corn Returns in the week ended 20th May, 1916, were as follows:—

Wheat	55s. 0d.
Barley	52s. 10d.
Oats	33s. 0d.

For further particulars see p. 570.

Imports of Agricultural Produce.

A statement is published on p. 571 showing the quantities of the various descriptions of agricultural produce imported into the United Kingdom during the week ended 20th May, 1916, as compared with the imports during the corresponding weeks of the two previous years.

☛ For notices relative to raw materials for textiles *see* under Textiles and Textile Materials.

AUSTRALIA.

Proposed Bulk Handling of Grain in South Australia.

The Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade is in receipt of a copy of a Report, published by the authority of the South Australian Government, on the storage and handling of wheat in bulk in South Australia, from which it appears that the successful bulk system, as used in Canada, can be adapted to suit South Australian conditions.

The Report recommends that a system of elevators to handle 30,000,000 bushels in bulk should be built to serve the whole wheat country, and should be controlled by a Government Grain Commission. All the elevators should be fireproof and should be planned for additions to their storage capacity.

It is further recommended that permanent grain grades should be arranged in conference with representative departmental and commercial authorities from other Australian States, if possible.

The above-mentioned copy of the Report, containing detailed particulars regarding the proposed location and size of the elevators, and the suggested grades of grain, may be consulted by United Kingdom firms interested at the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade, 73, Basinghall Street, London. E.C.

[A notice regarding the projected bulk handling of grain in the State of New South Wales appeared on p. 917 of the "Board of Trade Journal" of 30th March]

FRANCE.

Wine Production and Consumption in 1915.

H.M. Consul at Bordeaux (Mr. A. L. S. Rowley) reports that, according to returns collected by the various Communal Authorities, the wine crop of France in 1915 only amounted to about 398,218,000 Imperial gals., as against 1,234,951,000 gals. in 1914 and 903,284,000 gals. in 1913. As the average production during the ten years 1905-1914 is calculated at about 1,144,000,000 gals., it will be seen that the 1915 crop is only about one-third of the average.

Agricultural and Forest Products.

FRANCE—*continued.*

Though exports of wine have greatly diminished since the commencement of hostilities, it must be remembered, writes H.M. Consul, that the principal outlet for French wines is the French market itself, and in spite of the decrease in consumption brought about by the temporary occupation by the enemy of various Departments in the north of France, this loss has been more than redeemed by the consumption of wine at the front. During the years 1913, 1914 and 1915, the consumption of wine in France amounted to 882,467,784 gals., 797,880,798 gals., and 1,029,063,178 gals. respectively; hence in 1915 there was an increased consumption of some 231,182,380 gals. over that of 1914.

(C.I.B. 17,439.)

SPAIN.

Olive and Olive Oil Yield in 1915.

According to official statistics published in the "Gaceta de Madrid" of 8th May, the total area under olive cultivation in Spain (including the Bâlearic Islands) in 1915 was approximately 1,481,900 hectares, and the total quantity of olives yielded was 17,728,000 metric quintals, or an average of 11·96 metric quintals per hectare. Of this quantity, 17,274,000 metric quintals were used for making olive oil, the total production of which was 3,261,000 metric quintals, or an average of 2·20 metric quintals per hectare.

The above-mentioned issue of the "Gaceta," containing detailed statistics of last year's olive and olive oil production for each of the Provinces of Spain, may be consulted by United Kingdom firms interested at the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade, 73, Basinghall Street, London, E.C.

Hectare = 2·47 acres; metric quintal = 220·46 lbs.

BRAZIL.

Cattle and Animal Products Industry in the State of Rio Grande do Sul.

H.M. Consul at Porto Alegre (Dr. T. C. Dillon) reports that, according to the last cattle census, the number of head of cattle in the State of Rio Grande do Sul and the official valuation were as follows:—Horned cattle, 7,917,298 head, valued at £38,000,000; horses, 1,137,339 head, valued at £2,500,000; sheep, 4,200,000 head, valued at £1,600,000; mules, 300,000 head, valued at £1,260,000; swine, 2,600,000 head, valued at £2,600,000; goats, 105,000 head, valued at £40,000.

In 1915 the exports of animal products were valued approximately as follows:—Jerked beef, £1,600,000; lard, £1,200,000; hides, £500,000; tallow, £180,000; wool, £113,000; salted pork, £35,000; miscellaneous animal products (bone, horn, hair, &c.), £260,000.

H.M. Consul states that there is evidence of the coming adoption of the refrigeration of meat in cold stores in place of the older method of "jerking" beef. A movement is on foot to erect a cold storage plant at Rio Grande do Sul, and by a Law dated 3rd December last the Government is authorised to grant a loan equivalent to £200,000 in respect of any such enterprise.

(C.I.B. 13,964.)

MISCELLANEOUS.

UNITED KINGDOM.

Fishery Statistics, for April, 1916.

The following statement shows the quantity and value of fish landed on the English and Welsh, Scottish and Irish coasts during the month and four months ended April, 1916, as compared with the corresponding periods of the year 1915:—

—	Month of April,				Four Months ended April,			
	1915.		1916.		*1915.*		1916.	
	Quantity.	*Value.*	Quantity.	Value.	*Quantity.*	*Value.*	Quantity.	Value.
England and Wales	*Cwts.*	*£*	Cwts.	£	*Cwts.*	*£*	Cwts.	£
Fish, excluding shell fish	*496,701*	*591,345*	314,840	605,063	*1,784,752*	*2,154,747*	1,053,218	2,046,567
Shell fish	—	*29,362*	—	28,551	—	*88,516*	—	93,468
Total value ...	—	*620,707*	—	633,614	—	*2,243,263*	—	2,140,035
Scotland—								
Fish, excluding shell fish	*138,286*	*137,898*	124,563	183,410	*775,974*	*615,739*	798,835	859,635
Shell fish	—	*4,682*	—	4,752	—	*15,981*	—	13,625
Total value ...	—	*142,580*	—	188,162	—	*631,720*	—	873,260
Ireland—								
Fish, excluding shell fish	*33,132*	*15,066*	26,174	25,703	*98,386*	*53,922*	90,222	90,989
Shell fish	—	*529*	—	275	—	*2,174*	—	2,336
Total value ...		*15,595*	—	25,978	—	*56,096*	—	93,325

NOTE.—The above figures are subject to correction in the annual returns.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

H.M. Embassy at Washington has forwarded an extract from the New York press from which the following particulars regarding the condition of the national banks of the Republic are taken:—

Condition of National Banks.

According to a report by the United States Controller of Currency, the total resources of the national banks on 7th March amounted to 13,838,000,000 dols., an increase of 2,271,000,000 dols., or 20 per cent., within a year. The total deposits amounted to 10,790,000,000 dols., an increase of nearly 25 per cent. within a year, and loans and discounts have increased by 990,000,000 dols. Surplus and undivided profits amounted to 1,031,278,000 dols., an increase of 18,000,000 dols. The total reserves held by national banks on 1st March were 2,287,000,000 dols., an amount more than 100,000,000 dols. in excess of the greatest surplus reserve ever held before. (C. 15,310.)

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS.*

TRADE RETURNS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM.

The Monthly Accounts relating to the Trade and Navigation of the United Kingdom for the month of April, 1916, have been published. The accounts, which are issued on the 7th or 8th of each month, may be purchased* at a cost, in the present instance, of 1s. 6d. per copy (post free 1s. 11d.).

Attention is further called to the fact that the "Annual Statement of the Trade of the United Kingdom with Foreign Countries and British Possessions" for the year 1914 has been issued in two volumes, and may be purchased* at a cost of 5s. 9d. (post free 6s. 4d.) for the first volume and 4s. 2d. (post free 4s. 9d.) for the second. This publication, which contains much more detailed and exhaustive information than can be given in the Monthly Accounts, gives in the first volume abstract tables for the years 1909–1913, and detailed statements of imports and exports of each article consigned from and to each country; and in the second volume details as to Customs revenue, transhipments and articles in bond, with particulars of the trade of the United Kingdom with each foreign country and British Possession, and of the trade at each port of the United Kingdom.

BOARD OF TRADE LABOUR GAZETTE.

The "Board of Trade Labour Gazette"* (price 1d., post free 2½d.) is published by the Board of Trade about the 16th of each month. The following are among the more important contents of the May issue:—State of the Labour Market in the United Kingdom in April; Employment in Germany in March; The War and Employment in France; Retail Food Prices in the United Kingdom, Berlin, Vienna, and Switzerland; and Labour in the British Dominions Oversea and in Foreign Countries.

OTHER GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS.

Statutory Rules and Orders, 1916: Price 1d. (post-free 1½d.).

No. 254. Pre-entry of Export or Coastwise Goods and Ships' Stores.

No. 262. Explosives permitted for use in Coal Mines.

No. 277. Light Dues: Order revoking previous Orders.

No. 290. Complete and Revised List of Prohibited Exports.

Miscellaneous. No. 14 (1916.) *Further Correspondence between His Majesty's Government and the United States Government respecting the Rights of Belligerents (in continuation of "Miscellaneous, No.* 6 (1915)": *Cd.* 7,816.) [*Cd.* 8,233.] *Price* 2½*d.*

* Copies of Government publications may be purchased, either directly or through any bookseller, from Wyman and Sons, Ltd., 29, Bream's Buildings, Fetter Lane, London, E.C.; and 54, St Mary Street, Cardiff; or H.M. Stationery Office (Scottish Branch), 23, Forth Street, Edinburgh; or E. Ponsonby, Ltd., 116, Grafton Street, Dublin; or from the Agencies in the British Colonies and Dependencies, the United States of America, and other foreign countries of T. Fisher Unwin, Ltd., London, W.C.

FOREIGN & COLONIAL PUBLICATIONS.

The following is a list of the more important Articles on trade subjects contained in the Foreign and Colonial Publications recently received and filed for reference at the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade, and which are open to inspection in the Reading Room of the Branch at 73, Basinghall Street, London, E.C.:—

NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS.

Agricultural, Dairy and Forest Products.

Wheat and Sesamum Crops in British India.
Supplement to "Indian Trade Journal" (Calcutta), 21st April.

Sugar Market in Russia.
"*Torgovo - Promyshlennaya Gazeta*" (Petrograd), 4th May.

Crop and Agricultural Conditions in Argentina.
"*Commerce Reports*" (Washington), 20th and 25th April.

Vintage in Bavaria in 1915.
"*Frankfurter Zeitung*," 7th May.

Cereal Market in Argentina.
"*Review of the River Plate*" (Buenos Aires), 14th April.

Wine Markets in Italy in April.
"*Bollettino di Notizie Commerciali*" (Rome), 30th April.

Metals, Mining and Minerals.

Steel Production in Germany in 1915 and first Three Months of 1916.
"*Börsen Zeitung*" (Berlin), 30th April.

Metal Trades Association of the United States: Report of Annual Convention.
"*Iron Age*" (New York), 4th May.

Petroleum Interests (American) in Syria: Permission to Prospect for Oil.
"*Frankfurter Zeitung*," 10th May.

Copper Production in the United States in 1915.
"*Iron Age*" (New York), 4th May

Ferro-Nickel and Nickel-Steel Production in Germany.
"*Frankfurter Zeitung*," 14th May.

Machinery and Engineering.

Electro-Chemical Society of the United States: Report of Spring Meeting.
"*Iron Age*" (New York), 4th May.

Engineering Workshops in South Africa.
"*South African Mining Journal*" (Johannesburg), 15th April.

Textiles and Textile Materials.

Cotton Growing in Russia: Development.
"*Torgovo - Promyshlennaya Gazeta*" (Petrograd), 4th May.

Embroidery Exports from Philippine Islands.
"*Textil Zeitung*" (Berlin), 18th April.

Textiles and Textile Materials—*cont.*

Textile Factories in Brazil.
"*Commerce Reports*" (Washington), 18th April.

Dry Goods Markets in the United States.
"*Journal of Commerce*" (New York), 1st May.

Railways, Shipping and Transport.

Railway Development in Canada.
"*Monetary Times*" (Toronto), 28th April.

Commercial, Financial and Economic.

Egypt: Economic and Financial Conditions.
Supplement to "Journal Officiel" (Cairo), 27th April.

British India: Foreign Trade of Calcutta for Year ended 31st March, 1916.
"*Capital*" (Calcutta), 20th April.

Sweden: Effect of the War on Industries in Sweden.
"*Commerce Reports*" (Washington), 24th April.

United States: Trade with Japan in 1915.
"*Journal of Commerce*" (New York), 6th May.

Canada: Proposals for Extending Trade.
"*Monetary Times*" (Toronto), 28th April.

Egypt: Growth of German Trade with Egypt prior to the War.
"*Journal of the British Chamber of Commerce for Egypt*" (Alexandria), April.

South Africa: Review of the Trade of the Union in 1915.
"*South African Mining Journal*" (Johannesburg), 15th April.

United States: Company Formation in April.
"*Journal of Commerce*" (New York), 3rd May.

Miscellaneous.

Building Materials in the United States: High Prices.
"*Journal of Commerce*" (New York), 3rd May.

Paper Market Conditions in Spain.
"*Commerce Reports*" (Washington), 24th April.

Cigarette Manufacturing in Germany: Proposed Monopoly.
"*Börsen - Zeitung*" (Berlin), 29th April.

Palm Leaf Hat Industry in China.
"*Bollettino di Notizie Commerciali*" (Rome), 30th April.

Foreign and Colonial Publications.

OTHER PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED.

Australia.—

SOUTH AUSTRALIA:

Report for 1915 of South Australian Chamber of Manufactures.

Statistical Register, 1914: Part I., Population; Part III., Production; Part IV., Interchange; Part V., Law, Crime, &c.; Part VI., Revenue and Expenditure.

Estimates of Expenditure for 1915-16.

Marine Board Report for 1914.

WESTERN AUSTRALIA: Water Supply, Sewerage and Drainage Department: Report for 1914-15.

British India.—

Supplementary Memorandum on Sesamum Crop of 1915-16.

Special Wheat Forecast, 1915-16.

Agricultural Statistics of Bihar and Orissa for 1914-15.

Canada.—

Department of Mines: Description of the Laboratories of the Mines Branch of the Department.

Department of Mines: Geological Survey Memoirs: No. 58, Texada Island (B.C.); No. 72, The Artesian Wells of Montreal; No. 76, Geology of Cranbrook Map Area (B.C.)

Bahamas.—Blue Book, 1914-15.

British North Borneo.—Ordinances and Rules passed during the year 1915.

Ceylon.—Blue Book, 1914.

Cyprus.—Blue Book, 1914-15.

Federated Malay States.—Manual of Statistics relating to the States.

Fiji.—Blue Book, 1914.

Gibraltar.—Blue Book, 1914.

Gold Coast Colony.—Blue Book, 1914.

Grenada.—Blue Book, 1914.

Hong Kong.—Blue Book, 1914-15.

Jamaica.—Blue Book, 1914-15.

Malta.—Year Book, 1914-15.

Mauritius.—Blue Book, 1914.

Nigeria.—Blue Book, 1914

Nyasaland Protectorate.—Blue Book, 1914-15.

St. Lucia.—Blue Book, 1914-15.

St. Vincent.—Blue Book, 1913-14.

Seychelles.—Blue Book, 1914.

Sierra Leone.—Blue Book, 1914.

Trinidad and Tobago.—Blue Book, 1914-15.

Uganda Protectorate.—Blue Book, 1914-15.

Russia.—

Directory of British Manufacturers for Russian Trade, 1915.

Directory of Saratov, 1916.

H.M. TRADE COMMISSIONERS IN THE SELF-GOVERNING DOMINIONS.

Canada and Newfoundland...	H.M. Trade Commissioner, 3, Beaver Hall Square, Montreal. Telegraphic Address, "Britcom."
Commonwealth of Australia.	H.M. Trade Commissioner, Commerce House, Melbourne. Telegraphic Address, "Combrit"; and 81, Pitt Street, Sydney. Telegraphic Address, "Combritto."
New Zealand	H.M. Trade Commissioner, P.O. Box 369, Wellington. Telegraphic Address, "Advantage."
South Africa	H.M. Trade Commissioner, P.O. Box 1346, Cape Town. Telegraphic Address, "Austere."

STATISTICAL TABLES.

Cotton Returns.

Return of the **Number** of **Bales** of **Cotton Imported** and **Exported** at the **Various Ports** of the **United Kingdom** during the week and 20 weeks ended 18th May, 1916 :—

—	Week ended 18th May, 1916.	20 Weeks ended 18th May, 1916.	Week ended 18th May, 1916.	20 Weeks ended 18th May, 1916.
	Imports.		Exports.	
	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
American	64,380	1,329,528	4,629	41,445
Brazilian	—	141	—	100
East Indian	3,709	58,694	55	18,620
Egyptian	364	252,902	50	144,815
Miscellaneous	2,721*	52,610†	555	3,277
Total	71,174	1,693,875	5,289	208,257

* Including 180 bales British West African, and 313 bales British East African.

† Including 1,071 bales British West Indian, 1,313 bales British West African, 6,275 bales British East African, and 153 bales foreign East African.

Corn Prices.

Statement showing the **Average Price** of **British Corn,** per quarter of 8 bushels Imperial Measure,* as received from the Inspectors of Corn Returns in the week ended 20th May, 1916, and corresponding weeks of the seven previous years, pursuant to the Corn Returns Act, 1882.

—	Average Price.		
	Wheat.	Barley.	Oats.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Week ended 20th May, 1916	55 0	52 10	33 0
Corresponding Week in—			
1909	42 6	26 3	21 0
1910	31 3	21 4	17 10
1911	32 8	25 0	19 5
1912	37 2	31 1	23 7
1913	32 10	25 3	19 11
1914	33 0	25 10	19 0
1915	62 0	34 1	32 8

* Section 8 of the Corn Returns Act, 1882, provides that where returns of purchases of British Corn are made to the local Inspector of Corn Returns in any other measure than the Imperial bushel or by weight or by a weighed measure that officer shall convert such returns into the Imperial bushel, and in the case of weight or weighed measure the conversion is to be made at the rate of sixty Imperial pounds for every bushel of wheat, fifty Imperial pounds for every bushel of barley, and thirty-nine Imperial pounds for every bushel of oats.

Imports of Agricultural Produce into the United Kingdom.

Account showing the Quantities of certain kinds of **Agricultural Produce** imported into the **United Kingdom** in the week ended 20th May, 1916, together with the quantities imported in the corresponding weeks of the two previous years.

—		Week ended—		
		23rd May, 1914.	22nd May, 1915.	20th May, 1916.
Animals, living :—				
Oxen, bulls, cows, and calves ...	Number	28	46	134
Sheep and lambs	"	—	—	—
Swine	"	—	—	—
Horses	"	194	86	—
Fresh meat :—				
Beef (including refrigerated and frozen)	Cwts.	182,252	117,144	179,399
Mutton " " "	"	108,018	61,977	55,659
Pork " " "	"	8,406	3,529	5,739
Meat, unenumerated, fresh (including refrigerated and frozen) ...	"	14,434	12,415	12,620
Salted or preserved meat :—				
Bacon	Cwts.	98,557	150,661	163,710
Beef	"	223	1,478	1,346
Hams	"	15,901	27,248	34,480
Pork	"	7,527	1,680	642
Meat, unenumerated, salted	"	2,762	2,749	1,048
Meat, preserved, otherwise than by salting (including tinned and canned)	"	24,627	79,690	49,890
Dairy produce and substitutes :—				
Butter	Cwts.	74,281	72,402	44,826
Margarine	"	30,676	37,493	38,921
Cheese	"	25,322	30,814	*99,464
Milk, fresh, in cans or drums ...	"	—	—	—
" cream	"	500	232	128
" condensed	"	19,143	30,565	32,173
" preserved, other kinds... ...	"	40	2,287	281
Eggs	Grt. Hundr.	503,406	132,728	103,025
Poultry	Value £	45,879	8,544	143
Game	"	1,310	66	1,300
Rabbits, dead (fresh and frozen) ...	Cwts.	4,212	1,202	—
Lard	"	24,332	34,235	74,618
Corn, grain, meal and flour :—				
Wheat	Cwts.	1,420,600	1,585,900	2,618,800
Wheat-meal and flour...	"	169,600	394,200	204,500
Barley	"	265,500	241,700	248,500
Oats	"	211,900	336,500	162,300
Peas	"	42,020	4,370	3,940
Beans	"	9,950	15,500	1,270
Maize or Indian corn	"	755,900	449,000	196,100
Fruit, raw :—				
Apples	Cwts.	39,782	31,813	15,874
Apricots and peaches	"	34	—	—
Bananas	Bunches	173,539	154,981	122,001
Cherries	Cwts.	10,419	2	37
Currants	"	—	—	—
Gooseberries	"	54	56	25
Grapes	"	426	166	1,326
Lemons	"	14,138	20,172	35,796
Oranges...	"	90,791	141,223	169,870
Pears	"	1,150	621	962
Plums	"	—	—	—
Strawberries	"	1,633	—	—
Unenumerated	"	1,460	618	30
Hay	Tons	296	—	—
Straw	"	13	—	—
Moss Litter	"	1,408	674	—
Hops	Cwts.	88	1,902	309
Locust beans	"	—	—	—
Vegetables, raw :—				
Onions	Bushels.	126,933	148,655	35,464
Potatoes..	Cwts.	246,633	26,402	47,483
Tomatoes	"	35,937	32,297	31,531
Unenumerated	Value £	20,837	9,122	7,825
Vegetables, dried...	Cwts.	1,017	41,423	5,161
" preserved by canning ...	"	4,872	11,286	2,771

* Including certain importations made in previous weeks, particulars of which could not be given at the time.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE BRANCH of the BOARD OF TRADE.

The Intelligence Branch of the Commercial Department of the Board of Trade (73, Basinghall Street, London, E.C.) is a centre at which information on all subjects of commercial interest is collected and classified in a form convenient for reference, and at which, so far as the interests of British trade permit, replies are given to enquiries by traders on commercial matters. As far as is possible, the Branch supplies, on personal or written application, information with regard to the following subjects: Foreign and Colonial Contracts open to Tender and other openings for British trade; Lists of manufacturers at home and lists of firms abroad engaged in particular lines of business in different localities; Foreign and Colonial Tariffs and Customs Regulations; Commercial Statistics; Forms of Certificates of Origin; Regulations concerning Commercial Travellers; Sources of Supply, Prices, &c. of Trade Products; Shipping and Transport; &c., &c.

Samples of foreign competitive goods and commercial products which are received from abroad from time to time are exhibited at the offices of the Branch.

The samples collected since the war began of goods of German and Austrian manufacture, which have been sold in British markets abroad and in certain foreign markets, have recently been exhibited at Sheffield; they are being exhibited at Liverpool this week, and later on will be exhibited at Birmingham and Manchester. See notice on p. 494.

The British Industries Fair, 1916, was held at the Victoria and Albert Museum, London, from 21st February to 3rd March. The Board of Trade have decided to hold another Fair in London next year (1917) from Monday, 26th February, to Friday, 9th March, inclusive. The office dealing with Fair matters is at 32, Cheapside, London, E.C.

The "Board of Trade Journal" is published weekly and is the principal medium through which intelligence collected by the Commercial Intelligence Branch and intended for general information, is conveyed to the public. The "Journal" may be obtained, either directly or through any bookseller, from Messrs. Wyman & Sons, Ltd., 29, Bream's Buildings, Fetter Lane, London, E.C., and 54, St. Mary Street, Cardiff; from H.M. Stationery Office (Scottish Branch), 23, Forth Street, Edinburgh; from Messrs. E. Ponsonby, Ltd., 116, Grafton Street, Dublin; or from the Agencies in the British Colonies and Dependencies, the United States of America, the Continent of Europe and Abroad of T. Fisher Unwin, Ltd., 1, Adelphi Terrace, London, W.C. The price is 3d. per copy or 15s. 2d. per annum, post free in the United Kingdom, the rate for places abroad, inclusive of postage, being 19s. 6d. All applications regarding advertisement rates, &c., should be sent direct to the sole contractors for advertisements, Messrs. Laughton & Co., Ltd., 3, Wellington Street, Strand, London, W.C.

Particulars relating to the supply of **confidential information** to firms in the United Kingdom are given on p. 493

All communications intended for the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade should be addressed to: **The Director, Commercial Intelligence Branch, Board of Trade, 73, Basinghall Street, London, E.C.; or 32, Cheapside, E.C.**—*if the communication relate to matters connected with the British Industries Fair or with Samples of German and Austrian goods.*